

ECAT Mathematics MCQ's Test For Full Book

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
|----|--|--|
| 1 | If P is a whole number greater than 1, which has only P and 1 as factors. Then P is called | A. Whole number B. Prime number C. Even number D. Odd number |
| 2 | Question Image | A. $\sqrt[3]{3}$ B. $\sqrt[3]{r}$ C. r D. none |
| 3 | A function whose range is just one element is called | A. One-one function B. Constant function C. Onto function D. Identity function |
| 4 | Let A be a square matrix. Then, $\frac{1}{2}(A-A')$ is | A. Skew-symmetric B. Symmetric C. Null D. None of the above |
| 5 | If A and B are two matrices such that $AB = B$ and $BA = A$, then $A^2 + B^2 =$ | A. 2 AB B. 2 BA C. A + B D. AB |
| 6 | If $S = \{3, 6, 9, 12, \dots\}$, then | A. S = Four multiples of 3 B. S = Set of even numbers C. S = Set of prime numbers D. S = All multiples of 3 |
| 7 | Question Image | A. A natural number B. A rational number C. An irrational number D. A whole number |
| 8 | In quadratic equation $y = ax^2 + bx + c$, if b and c are both zero then the graph is | A. Symmetric w.r.t. y-axis B. Symmetric w.r.t. x-axis C. Straight Line D. Circle |
| 9 | The vertex of the graph of the quadratic function $f(x) = -x^2 + 6x + 1$, is | A. (-3, 10) B. (-3, -10) C. (3, 10) D. (3, -10) |
| 10 | If $A = [a_{ij}]_{m \times p}$ and $B = [a_{ij}]_{p \times n}$ then order of BA is | A. $m \times n$ B. $p \times n$ C. $n \times m$ D. None of these |
| 11 | If A is a subset of B and B contains at least one element which is not an element of A, then A is said to be | A. Improper subset of B B. Super set of B C. Proper subset of B D. None of these |
| 12 | Question Image | |
| 13 | The multiplicative inverse of -1 in the set $\{-1, 1\}$ is | A. 1 B. -1 C. 0 D. Does not exist |
| 14 | For any real numbers x, y, $xy = 0 \Rightarrow$ | A. $x \neq 0 \wedge y \neq 0$ B. $x = 0 \vee y = 0$ C. $x = 0$ D. $y = 0$ |
| 15 | The 6th term of the sequence 7, 9, 12, 16, ... is | A. 27 B. 32 C. 20 D. 19 |
| 16 | Question Image | |
| 17 | Question Image | |

17 

18 

19 Point (2,0) lies on trigonometric function $f(x)=$ _____;
A. $\sin x$
B. $\cos x$
C. $\tan x$
D. $\sec x$

20 