

Mathematics ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 4 Functions and Groups Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	If A is non-empty set, any subset of AxA is called a relation in a	A. A B. B C. D D. r
2	There will be no inverse if the function is	A. one -to - one B. One to many C. onto D. into
3	A relation A into B in which Domain is not equal to A, is called	A. into function B. onto function C. None of these D. surjective
4	If range of a function f is B, then the function is	A. surjective B. injuctive C. bijective D. into
5	Which of the following diagrams represent into function?	
6	A semi-group having an identity is called a	A. groupoid B. non-commutative C. abelian D. monoid
7	Function is a special type of	A. relation B. ordered pairs C. cartesian product D. sets
8	(a,b) = (c,d) if and only if	A. a=b and c =d B. a = d and b = c C. a = c and b = d D. a - b = c -d
9	The extraction of a cube root of a given number is a	A. Binary operation B. Unary operation C. group D. multiplicative inverse
10	If no two elements of ordered pairs of a function from A onto are the same, then it is called.	A. Surjective B. Injuctive C. Bijective D. on to
11	Which of the following is surjective	
12	Let A and B be two non-empty sets, then any subset of the cartesian product AxB is called a	A. function B. domain C. range D. binary relation
13	Extraction of square root of a given number is a	A. unary operation B. binary operation C. group D. inverse function
14	Which of the following notation defines AxB	
15	Question Image	
16	The set of second elements of the ordered pairs forming a relation is called a	A. Domain B. range C. function D. relation
17	The group of a constant line is	A. Vertical line B. Parabola C. Circle D. Horizontal line
		A. Surjective

18	If no two elements of ordered pair of a functions from A into B are equal, then it is called.	B. Injuctive C. Bijective D. Onto
19	If the number of elements in set A is n, and in set B is m, then the number of elements in AxB will	A. n ^m B. m ⁿ C. m x n D. m + n
20	Function is a special type of	A. relation B. ordered pairs C. Cartesian product D. Set