

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	LUBRICANT : FRICTION	A. motor : electricity B. speed : drag C. insulation : heat D. muffler : noise
2	Rankle	A. Fragrant B. Subordinate C. Linear D. Soothe
3	Extol	A. To flatter B. Acknowledge C. Deprive of D. Praise
4	Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given SOMNAMBULIST	A. Sleepwalker B. Escapist C. Soothsayer D. Hypnotist E. Charismatic
5	Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given. Bizarre	A. Fair B. Lottery C. Muddled D. Ordinary E. Lull
6	(Complete the sentence with suitable words) The doctor said that _____	A. The patient can turn over his medical test report on the Monday B. The medical test report on Monday could be received from the patient by him C. The patient could hand in the medical test report on Monday D. The patient will on Monday the medical test report turn in
7	Choleric	A. affluent B. brave C. pleasant D. tired
8	To break off proceedings of a meeting for a time	A. Adjourn B. terminate<="" span><br="" style="color: rgb(0, 0, 0); font-family: monospace; font-size: medium; white-space: pre-wrap;"> C. convene<="" span><br="" style="color: rgb(0, 0, 0); font-family: monospace; font-size: medium; white-space: pre-wrap;"> D. procrastinate<="" span><="" style="color: rgb(0, 0, 0); font-family: monospace; font-size: medium; white-space: pre-wrap;" td="">
9	(Complete the sentence with suitable words) He bought a three ____ suit	A. Hundred-dollars B. Hundred-dollar C. Hundreds-dollar D. Hundreds-dollars
10	Commensurate	A. inadequate B. useless C. complex D. multipart

Where does chocolate come from? Believe it or not, it grows on trees. Not as a sweet chocolate candy bar wrapped in foil, but as a cocoa bean. These cocoa beans grow on a cacao tree, which is found in tropical areas such as Central and South America. The fruit of these are called pods, and they are long and hard. Inside the pods is a soft, white pulp that surrounds the thirty or so seeds. These seeds are what we call cocoa beans. They are very

hard and bitter to the taste. To make chocolate, people start by carefully taking the beans out of the pods, still covered in the white pulp, and leaving them in a bucket. The bucket is often covered with banana leaves and left for anywhere from a few days to a few weeks. This process is called fermenting. Then the beans are left to dry in the sun. Fermenting and drying the beans makes them less bitter. Then the beans are shipped to a factory to be turned into chocolate. At the factory, beans are roasted in ovens to bring out their flavor. After roasting, the outer covering of the bean is removed. The inner bean is then crushed to form a paste known as chocolate liquor. From this paste, people can either make cocoa powder or the chocolate we buy in stores. To make cocoa powder, the paste is crushed and pressed repeatedly to remove the fat, leaving behind only a dry, ground powder. To make chocolate, people need to add other ingredients to the paste such as milk, sugar, and cocoa butter. They then mix and heat the concoction several times to create a substance we would recognize as chocolate. It may even have fruit, nuts, or candy added to it before it is molded into a shape. Considering all that must happen to turn a bitter cocoa bean into a chocolate bar, a dollar seems like a small price to pay for such a delicious sweet treat.

Question:
After reading this passage, what can the reader conclude about chocolate?

- A. Chocolate is only made in Central and South America
- B. People could make their own chocolate at home
- C. There are many steps involved in making chocolate
- D. It is too expensive to make chocolate

12 Fragile : Break

- A. Flexible : Bend
- B. Vital : Differentiated
- C. Hostile : Invite
- D. Vivid : Grow

13 Electrical energy may be divided into two components specified as positive and negative

- A. Confused
- B. Designated
- C. Accumulated
- D. Separated

14 **Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.**
Stifle

- A. Volley
- B. Encore
- C. Triplet
- D. Promote
- E. Dapple

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age group. While the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core, we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important. Under modern conditions, workers need to rewind, or renew their enthusiasm, or strike out in a new direction, or improve their skills as much as any university professor. The retired and the age have their needs as well. Educational planning, in their words, should take care of the needs of everyone.

15 Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education. This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report entitled 'learning to Be' prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various forms of self – learning. A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents. And performance, not the period of study, should be the basis for credentials. The writing is already on the wall.

- A. Everything is uncertain now-a-days.
- B. Changes have already taken place
- C. The signs of change are already visible
- D. You cannot change the future

In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries, the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry. For, to move in that direction means much more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education. But a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries. Museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc.

In the context of the passage, what is the meaning of the sentence 'The writing is already on the wall'?

Many people like to eat pizza, but not everyone knows how to make it. Making the perfect pizza can be complicated, but there are lots of ways for you to make basic version at home.

When you make pizza, you must begin with the crust. The crust can be hard to make. If you want to make the crust yourself, you will have to make dough using flour, water, and yeast. You will have to knead the dough with your hands. If you do not have enough time to do this, you can use a prepared crust that you buy from the store.

After you have chosen your crust, you must then add the sauce. Making your own sauce from scratch can take a long time. You have to buy tomatoes, peel them, and then cook them with spices. If this sounds like too much work, you can also purchase jarred sauce from the store. Many jarred sauces taste almost as good as the kind

- A. Although the crust, sauce, and toppings are all important ingredients in pizza, it is clear that the cheese is most important. Therefore, be sure your cheese is homemade
- B. It can be understood that making your pizza from scratch should be avoided at all costs. Use store bought ingredients and save yourself a heap of trouble.

16 jarred sauce from the store. Many jarred sauces taste almost as good as the ones you make at home.

Now that you have your crust and your sauce, you need to add the cheese. Cheese comes from milk, which comes from cows. Do you have a cow in your backyard? Do you know how to milk the cow? Do you know how to turn that milk into cheese? If not, you might want to buy cheese from the grocery store instead of making it yourself. When you have the crust, sauce, and cheese ready, you can add other toppings. Some people like to put meat on their pizza, while other people like to add vegetables. Some people even like to add pineapple! The best part of making a pizza at home is that you can customize it by adding your own favorite ingredients

Which of the following conclusions would work best at the end of this passage?

C. As you can see, cooking a pizza can be fun, but it can also be very expensive. But, as you can see, the best things are worth paying for
D. Once you have prepared the crust, sauce, cheese, and toppings you are ready to bake your pizza, I think you will see that making at home can be a good alternative to purchasing it from the store

17 **Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.**

Antipathy

- A. Liking
- B. Pathetic
- C. Provocation
- D. Bluntness
- E. Venom

18 DOUR

- A. Implausible
- B. Cheerful
- C. Boring
- D. Portal

19 Animals living on plants:

- A. Carnivorous
- B. Herbivorous
- C. Cliche
- D. Celibate

When we are young, we learn that tigers and sharks are dangerous animals. We might be scared of them because they are big and powerful. As we get older, however, we learn that sometimes the most dangerous animals are also the smallest animals. In fact, the animal that kills the most people every year is one that you have probably killed yourself many times: the mosquito.

While it may seem that all mosquitoes are biters, this is not actually the case. Male mosquitoes eat plant nectar. On the other hand, female mosquitoes feed on animal blood. They need this blood to live and produce eggs. When a female mosquito bites a human being, it transmits a small amount of saliva into the blood. The saliva may or may not contain a deadly disease. The result of the bite can be as minor as an itchy bump or as serious as death.

Because a mosquito can bite many people in the course of its life, it can carry diseases from one person to another very easily. Two of the most deadly diseases carried by mosquitoes are malaria and yellow fever. More than 700 million people become sick from these diseases every year. At least 2 million of these people will die from these diseases.

20 Many scientists are working on safer and better ways to kill mosquitoes, but so far, there is no sure way to protect everyone in the world from their deadly bites.

Mosquito nets can be placed over beds to protect people against being bitten. These nets help people stay safe at night, but they do not kill any mosquitoes. Mosquitoes have many natural enemies like bats, birds, dragonflies, and certain kinds of fish. Bringing more of these animals into places where mosquitoes live might help to cut down the amount of mosquitoes in that area. This is a natural

solution, but it does not always work very well. Mosquitoes can also be killed with poisons or sprays. Even though these sprays kill mosquitoes, they may also harm other plants or animals.

Although mosquitoes may not seem as scary as larger, more powerful animals, they are far more dangerous to human beings. But things are changing. It is highly likely that one day scientists will find a way to keep everyone safe from mosquitoes and the diseases they carry.

Which of the following words best described the author's overall attitude towards the prospect of solving the mosquito problem?

- A. Despondent, meaning hopeless or dejected
- B. Exasperated, meaning extremely irritated or annoyed
- C. Equivocal, meaning doubtful or uncertain
- D. Optimistic, meaning hopeful or taking a favorable view