ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Mr. Waheed _____ his son for breaking the window pane.	A. coerced B. relegated C. promoted D. chastised
2	I was _____ by my boss for publicly disagreeing with company policy.	A. censured B. facility C. paraphrase D. morose
3	Supple	A. Cram B. Rigid C. Theoretical D. Lofty
4	**Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.** Precious	A. Honor B. Treasured C. Paltry D. Jewel E. Valuable
5	Chocolate – there's nothing quite like it, is there? Chocolate is simply delicious. What is chocolate? Where does it come from? Christopher Columbus was probably the first to take cacao beans from the New World to Europe in around 1502. But the history of chocolate goes back at least 4,000 years! The Aztecs, who lived in America, through that their bitter cacao drink was a **divine** gift from heaven. In fact, the scientist Carolus Linnaeus named the plant Theobroma, which means "food of the gods" The Spanish explorer Hernando Cortex went to America in 1519. He visited the Mexican emperor Montezuma. He saw that Montezuma drank cacao mixed with vanilla and spices. Cortez took some cacao home as a gift to the Spanish King Charles. In Spain, people began to drink Cortez's chocolate in drink with chili peppers. However, the natural taste of cacao was too bitter for most people. To sweeten the drink, Europeans added sugar to the cacao drink. As a sweet drink, it became more popular. By the 17th century, rich people in Europe were drinking it. Later, people started using chocolate in **pastries**, like pies and cakes. In 1828, Dutch chocolate makers started using a new process for removing the fat from cacao beans, and getting to the center of the cacao bean. The Dutch chocolate maker Conrad J. Van Houten made a machine that pressed the fat from the bean. The resulting powder mixed better with water than cacao did. Now, some call van Houten's chocolate "Dutch chocolate." It was easy to mix Dutuch chocolate powder with sugar. So other chocolate makers started trying new **recipes** that used powdered chocolate. People started mixing sweetened chocolate with cocoa butter to make solid chocolate bars. In 1849, an English chocolate maker made the first chocolate bar. In the 19th century, the Swiss started making milk chocolate by mixing powdered milk with sweetened chocolate. Milk chocolate has not changed much since this process was invented. Today, two countries – Brazil and Ivory Coast – account for almost half the world's chocolate. The United States imports most of the chocolate in the world, but the Swiss eat the most chocolate per person. The most chocolate eaten today is sweet milk chocolate, but people also eat white chocolate and dark chocolate. Cocoa and dark chocolate are believed to help **prevent** heart attacks, or help keep from happening. They are supposed to be good for the circulatory system. On the other hand, the high fat content of chocolate can cause weight gain, which is not good for people's health. Other health claims for chocolate have not been proven, but some research shows that chocolate could be good for the brain. Chocolate is a popular holiday gift. A popular Valentine's Day gift is a box of chocolate candies with a card and flowers. Chocolate is sometimes given for Christmas and birthdays. Chocolate eggs are sometimes given at Easter.	A. Sweet baked goods B. Bitter-tasting drinks C. Chocolate candy bars D. Chocolate candies

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6	Affluent : Plutocracy	A. Customs : Polygamy B. Clever : Intricacy C. Noble : Aristocracy D. Amazons : Matriarchy
7	Q.5 Recent advances is science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy.scientist can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat they have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information may lead to tendency to brand some people as inferiors Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced this is why much progress in this area has been Possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A U.K and japan it remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen on will be able to obliterate disease from this world. d. Which of the following is the same in meaning as the word obliterate as used in the passage	A. Wipe off B. Eradicate C. Give birth to D. Wipe out
8	**Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.** Blunt	A. Merciful B. Direct C. Dull D. Insensitive E. Recuperate
9	**Identify Error** Though he was busy yet he spared some time to talk to me. No error	A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E
10	Acclamation	A. declamation B. possession of something new C. amalgamation D. enthusiastic approval
11	Client : Fee	A. Policeman : Fine B. Author : Copy rights C. Wholesale : retial D. Tenant : Rent
12	Where does chocolate come from? Believe it or not, it grows on trees. Not as a sweet chocolate candy bar wrapped in foil, but as a cocoa bean. These cocoa beans grow on a cacao tree, which is found in tropical areas such as Central and South America. The fruit of these are called pods, and they are long and hard. Inside the pods is a soft, white pulp that surrounds the thirty or so seeds. These seeds are what we call cocoa beans. They are very hard and bitter to the taste.To make chocolate, people start by carefully taking the beans out of the pods, still covered in the white pulp,and leaving them in a bucket. The bucket is often covered with banana leaves and left for anywhere form a few days to a few weeks. This process is called fermenting. Then he beans are left to dry in the sun. Fermenting and drying the beans makes them less bitter. Then the beans are shipped to a factory to be turned into chocolate.At the factory, beans are roasted in ovens to bring out their flavor. After roasting, the outer covering of the bean is removed. The inner bean is then crushed to form a paste known as chocolate liquor.From this paste,people can either make cocoa powder or the chocolate we buy in stores. To make cocoa powder,the paste is crushed and pressed repeatedly to remove the fat, leaving behind only a dry, ground powder. To make chocolate, people need to add other ingredients to the paste such as milk, sugar, and cocoa butter. They then mix and heat the concoction several times to create a substance we would recognize as chocolate. It may even have fruit, nuts, or candy added to it before it is molded into a shape.Considering all that must happen t turn a bitter cocoa bean into a chocolate bar,a dollar seems like a small price to pay for such a delicious sweet treat. Question: Based on information in the passage, it can be understood that the chocolate cold in stores is different from cocoa beans because chocolate is	A. sweet and cocoa beans are bitter B. cheap and cocoa beans are expensive C. a dry powder and cocoa beans are not D. uncooked and cocoa beans are cooked
13	Consequence	A. Effective B. Plan C. Cause D. Retaliation

		D. Retaliation
14	Only after food has been dried, _____ .	A. that is should be stored for later consumption B. should be stored for later consumption C. it should be stored for later consumption D. should it be stored for later consumption
15	Blush:	A. Bloom B. Tolerate C. Effrontery D. Beat
16	Covetous	A. Incomplete B. Uncovered C. Not desired D. Religious

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17	Who made the first powdered chocolate?	A. Cortez B. Linnaeus C. Columbus D. Van Houten
18	**(Complete the sentence with suitable words)** Until its defeat by Ireland Pakistani team won most of its test matches by innings and had achieved an _____ series of wins	A. Defeated B. Unbroken C. Difficult D. Aggressive

19	Choose Relative Pair Of Word Dusk: Dawn	A. Senility: Childhood B. Necromancy: Magic C. Loquaciousness: Garrulity D. Adolescence: Infancy
20	She is so _____ that she easily catches cold.	A. sensible B. sincere C. sensitive D. sober