

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Out of question:	A. Resemble B. Easy C. Impossible D. For the end
2	The history of the modern world is a record of highly varied activity, of incessant change, and of astonishing achievement. The lives of men have, during the last few centuries, increasingly diversified, their powers have greatly multiplied, their powers have greatly multiplied, their horizon been enormously enlarged. New interests have arisen in rich profusion to absorb attention and to provoke exertion. New aspirations and new emotions have come to move the soul of men. Amid all the bewildering phenomena, interest, in particular, has stood out in clear and growing pre-eminence, has expressed itself in a multitude of ways and with an emphasis more and more pronounced, namely, the determination of the race to gain a larger measure of freedom than it has ever known before, freedom in the life of the intellect and spirit, freedom in the realm of government and law, freedom in the sphere of economic and social relationship. A passion that has prevailed so widely, that has transformed the world so greatly, and is still transforming it, is one that surely merits study and abundantly rewards it, its operations constitute the very pith and marrow of modern history. Not that this passion was unknown to the long ages that proceeded the modern periods. The ancient Hebrews, the ancient Greeks and Roman blazed the was leaving behind them a precious heritage of accomplishments and suggestions and the men who were responsible for the Renaissance of the fifteenth century and the Reformation of the sixteen century contributed their imperishable part to this slow and difficult emancipation of the human race. But it is in modern times the pace and vigour, the scope and sweep of this liberal movement have so increased unquestionably as to dominate the age, particularly the last three centuries that have registered great triumphs of spirit.	A. On the spirit of revenge B. Of the spirit of forgiveness C. Of larger scale wars D. Of the spirit of freedom
3	TEPID : HOT	A. cool : frigid B. spotless : clean C. warm : comfortable D. humourous : mature
4	Colligation	A. cultivation B. concurrence C. embracement D. disorientation
5	To <u>look quickly</u> through a book is an important study skill.	A. skim B. summarize C. outline D. paraphrase
6	Agenda : Conference	A. Teacher : Class B. Agency : Assignment C. Map : Trip D. Man : Woman
7	He has been acquitted the charge of murder.	A. To B. With C. From D. Of
8	Bizarre	A. Fair B. Lottery C. Muddled D. Ordinary

Recent advances in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child. Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a

originooring to our actio innarios, obtoinable outstion product mangroates according a genetic disorder. It is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in. While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs, they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat. They have, however, acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells. However, genetic misinformation can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically. Genetic information may lead to a tendency to brand some people as inferiors. Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines. But on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them. It is mainly a societal problem. At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A., U.K. and Japan. It remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world.

9

14

Which of the following is the same in meaning as the phrase 'holding out' as used in the passage?

- A. Catching
- B. Expounding
- C. Sustaining
- D. Restraining

10	Commensurate	A. inadequate B. useless C. complex D. multipart
11	Noor said to us, "Khan gives me ten rupees daily."	A. Noor told us that Khan gave you ten rupees daily. B. Noor told us that Khan gives you ten rupees daily C. Noor told us that Khan has given you ten rupees daily D. Noor told us that Khan gives you ten rupees daily
12	Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given. Implant	A. Cut out B. Harvest C. Yoke D. Solidify E. Inborn
13	Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given PATHETIC	A. Sad B. Patient C. Sick D. Tolerant E. Joyful

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age group. While the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core, we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important. Under modern conditions, workers need to rewind, or renew their enthusiasm, or strike out in a new direction, or improve their skills as much as any university professor. The retired and the age have their needs as well. Educational planning, in their words, should take care of the needs of everyone.

Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education. This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report entitled 'learning to Be' prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various forms of self – learning. A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents. And performance, not the period of study, should be the basis for credentials. The writing is already on the wall.

In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries, the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry. For, to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education. But a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries. Museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc.

According to the author, the concept of 'lifetime education' is

- A. As old as traditional education
- B. Still in formative stages
- C. In vogue in advance countries
- D. Not practical

Fleas are perfectly designed by nature to feast on anything containing blood. Like a shark in the water or a wolf in the woods, fleas are ideally equipped to do what they do, making them very difficult to defeat. The bodies of these tiny parasites are extremely hardy and well-suited for their job.

A flea has a very hard exoskeleton, which means the body is covered by a tough, tile-like plate called a sclerite. Because of these plates, fleas are almost impossible to squish. The exoskeletons of fleas are also waterproof of fleas are also waterproof and shock resistant, and therefore fleas are highly resistant to the sprays and chemicals used to kill them.

Little spines are attached to his plate. The spine the flea scurries through an animal's fur in – search of grooming pet tries to pull a flea off through the hair coat, these spines will extend and stick to the fur like Velcro.

Fleas are some of the best jumpers in the natural world. A flea can jump seven inches, or 150 times its own length, either vertically or horizontally. An equivalent jump for a person would be 555 feet, the height of the Washington Monument. Fleas can jump 30,000 times in a row without stopping, and they are able to accelerate through the air at an incredibly high rate – a rate which is over ten times what humans can withstand in an airplane.

Fleas have very long rear legs with huge thigh muscles and multiple joints. When they get ready to jump. They fold their long legs up and crouch like a runner on a staring block. Several of their joints contain a protein called resilin, which helps catapult fleas into the air as they jump, similar to the way a rubber band provides momentum to a slingshot. Outward facing claws on the bottom of their legs grip anything they touch when they land.

The adult female flea mates after her first blood meal and begins producing eggs in just 1 to 2 days. One flea can lay up to 50 eggs in one day and over 2,000 in her lifetime. Flea eggs can be seen with the naked eye, but they are about the size of a grain of salt. Shortly after being laid, the eggs begin to transform into cocoons. In the cocoon state, fleas are fully developed adults, and will hatch immediately if conditions are favorable. Fleas can detect warmth, movement, and carbon dioxide in exhaled breath, and these three factors stimulate them to emerge as new adults. If the flea does not detect appropriate conditions, it can remain dormant in the cocoon state for extended periods. Under ideal conditions, the entire life cycle may only take 3 weeks, so in no time at all, pets and homes can become infested.

Because of these characteristics, fleas are intimidating opponents. The best way to control fleas, therefore, is to take steps to prevent an infestation from ever occurring.

It can be inferred that fleas will emerge from eggs as adults

- A. When they outgrow the cocoon
- B. After a period of 3 weeks
- C. When they sense there is access to blood
- D. If there is too much carbon dioxide in the cocoon

, shark hunters swimming for long distances often coat their bodies with a layer of grease	A. Against loss of body heat B. To guard against loss of body heat C. Guard against loss of heat D. Guarding the loss of heat against
Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given UNDUE	A. Undisciplined B. Usurious C. Premature D. Unjustified E. Appreciate
Abnegation:	A. Indulgence B. Rejection C. Compare D. Final
Sled : Runners	A. Stick: Herd B. Wagon: wheels C. Walk: Joggers D. Blade: Jet
Antipathy	A. Liking B. Pathetic C. Provocation D. Bluntness
	Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given UNDUE Abnegation: Sled: Runners

15