ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	When you imagine the desert, you probably think of a very hot place covered with sand.Although this is a good description for many deserts. Earth's l with ice:Antarctica. In order for an area to be considered a desert, it must receive very little rainfall. More specifically, it must receive an average of less than ten inches of precipitation - which can be rain, sleet, hail , or snow - on the ground every year. Antarctica, the coldest place on earth, has an average temperature that usually falls below the freezing point. And because cold air holds less moisture than warm air, the air in Antarctica does not hold much moisture at all. This is evident in the low precipitation statistics recorded for Antarctica. For example , the central part of Antarctica receives an average of less than 2 inches of snow every year. The coastline of Antarctica receive a little bit more-between seven and eight inches a year. Because Antarctica gets so little precipitation every year, it is considered a desert. When precipitation falls in hot deserts, it quickly evaporates back into the atmosphere. the air over Antarctica is too cold to hold water vapor, so there is very little evaporation. Due to this low rate of evaporation, most of the snow that falls to the ground remains there permanently, eventually building up into thick ice sheets. Any snow that does not freeze into ice sheets becomes caught up in the strong winds that constantly blow over Antarctica. These snow-filled winds can make it look as if it is snowing. Even though snowfall is very rare there, blizzards are actually very common on Antarctica.Question:Which is the best definition for precipitation?	A. moisture in the air falls to the ground B. any type of weather event C. weather events that only happen in very cold areas D. a blizzard that occurs in areas with limited snowfall
2	Corpulent	A. Pallid B. Helpful C. Emaciated D. Pioneering
3	Altercation.	A. argument B. concord C. provisions D. necessities
4	Choose the correctly spelt word.	A. CONDIUR B. CONDUIT C. CONNUIT D. CONDEUT
5	His father congratulated _____ scoring higher grades in the test	A. Us on us B. Us on our C. Us on our's D. Us on we
6	Choose Relative Pair Of Word BUTCHER : MEAT	A. Cobbler : Nail B. Juggler : Feats C. Shoes : Cobbler D. Carpenter : Wood
7	Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong. No 'era of good feeling' can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth. On the other hand, it is obvious that a spirit of self – denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality. Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth. The extent to which Government must interfere with business, therefore, is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands. The required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used, and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance. However, with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty, the powers of government are unavoidably increased, whichever political party may be in office. The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science. Since the government in our nation, must take on more powers to meet its problems, there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful. The advent of science and technology has increase the	A. Freedom of people B. Tyranny of the political parties C. Powers of the government D. Chances of economic inequality
	The public distribution system, which provides food at low prices, is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that thought Pakistan has enough food to feed	

8	its masses three square meals a day, the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income, and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However, till then, there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive – it is one of the largest such systems in the world – it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places. It remains an urban phenomenon, with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access. The poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out, for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas. In view of such deficiencies in the system, the PDS urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition, considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other, there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security, regular income, and percent insulation against inflation. These gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years, the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy is a kind of D.A. to the poor, the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. However, what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so – called food subsidy, the major part of it is administrative cost and wastages. A small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute, disabled widows and the old. It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit – forming, killing the general initiative of the people. By making PDS target group oriented, not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost, but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities. When the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies. The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement. Which of the following is true of public distribution system?	A. It has improved its effectiveness over the years B. It has remained effective only in the cities C. It is the unique in the world because of its effectiveness D. It has reached the remotest corner of the country
9	Choose Relative Pair Of Word DIET : REGIMEN	A. Teasing : Provocation B. Laughter : irrepressible C. Appraisal : army D. Revolutionaries : intrigue
10	Noor said to us, "Khan gives me ten rupees daily."	A. Noor told us that Khan gave you ten rupees daily. B. Noor told us that Khan gives you ten rupees daily C. Noor told us that Khan has given you ten rupees daily D. Noor told us that Khan gives you ten rupees daily
11	Choose Relative Pair Of Word ANARCHY : GOVERNMENT	A. Monarchy : Republic B. Penury : Wealth C. Verbosity : Words D. Socialism : Custom
12	During the war of 1965 thousands of villagers _____ to leave their homes	A. Were force B. Would forced C. Forced D. Were forced
13	The officer should deal _____ equal justice to all his subordinates.	A. Out B. Of C. On D. in
14	Stethoscope : Physician	A. Microscope : Amoeba B. Psychiatrist : Couch C. Wrench : Plumber D. Bat : Baseball
15	Valid	A. Laud B. Feeble C. Due

		D. Dump
16	**(Complete the sentence with suitable words)** The guerilla leader said to his band you have to protest your benefits at any cost	A. The guerilla leader said to his band that they are to protest their country at any cost B. The guerilla leader told his band that they had to protest their country at any cost C. The guerilla leader told his band that they had to protect their country at any cost D. The guerilla leader told his band that they have to protest their country at any cost
17	Anger : Insult	A. Business : Judgement B. Admiration : Happiness C. Conduct : Behavior D. Appreciation : Kindness
18	Choose Relative Pair Of Word COOL : FROZEN	A. Sharp : CUt B. Warm : Hot C. Hassock : stool D. Freedom : Liberty
19	Barren	A. dry B. fruitful C. distant D. unfertile
20	**Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.** Soothe	A. Simmer B. Eat greedily C. Excite D. Purify E. Vibrate