

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	<p>Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.</p> <p>Mentor</p>	<p>A. Lawyer B. Counselor C. Enemy D. Curator E. Compiler</p>
2	<p>Bloated:</p>	<p>A. Privileged B. Emaciated C. Swollen D. Rapture</p>
3	<p>Although cynics may like to see the government's policy for women in terms of the party's internal power struggles, it will nevertheless be churlish to deny that it represents a pioneering effect aimed at bringing about sweeping social reforms. In its language, scope and strategies, the policy documents displays a degree of understanding of women's needs that is uncommon in government pronouncements. This is due in large part to the participatory process that marked its formulation, seeking the active involvement right from the start of women's groups, academic institutions and non-government organizations with grass roots experience. The result is not just a lofty declaration of principles but a blueprint for a practical program of action. The policy delineates a series of concrete measures to accord women a decision-making role in the political domain and greater control over their economic status. Of especially far-reaching impact are the devolution of control of economic infrastructure to women, notably at the gram panchayat level, and the amendment proposed in the Act of 1956 to give women comparcenary rights.</p> <p>And enlightened aspect of the policy is its recognition that actual change in the status of women cannot be brought about by the mere enactment of socially progressive legislation. Accordingly, it focuses on reorienting development programs and sensitizing administrations to address specific situations as, for instance, the growing number of households headed by women, which is a consequence of rural-urban migration. The proposal to create an equal-opportunity police force and give women greater control of police stations is an acknowledgement of the biases and callousness displayed by the generally all-male law-enforcement authorities in case of dowery and domestic violence. While the mere enunciation of such a policy has the salutary effect of sensitizing the administration as a whole, it does not make the task of its implementation any easier. This is because the changes it envisages in the political and economic status of woman strike at the root of power structures in society and the basis of man-woman relationship. There is also the danger that reservation for women in public life, while necessary for their greater visibility, could lapse into tokenism or become a tool in the hands of vote seeking politicians. Much will depend on the dissemination of the policy and the ability of elected representatives and government agencies to reorder their priorities.</p> <p>According to the passage, which of the following is the basic block in the effective implementation of the policy?</p>	<p>A. Prevalent power structure in society B. Inadequate legislation C. Insensitive administration D. Lack of political will</p>
4	<p>Absorbed</p>	<p>A. Espoused B. Porous C. Refined D. Distracted</p>
5	<p>(Complete the sentence with suitable words)</p> <p>_____ the best bike to buy is a CD 70.</p>	<p>A. Because of its economy B. Because of it is very economical C. Because of economy wise it is better D. Because of its economical</p>

When we are young, we learn that tigers and sharks are dangerous animals. We might be scared of them because they are big and powerful. As we get older, however, we learn that sometimes the most dangerous animals are also the smallest animals. In fact, the animal that kills the most people every year is one that you have probably killed yourself many times: the mosquito.

While it may seem that all mosquitoes are biters, this is not actually the case. Male mosquitoes eat plant nectar. On the other hand, female mosquitoes feed on animal blood. They need this blood to live and produce eggs. When a female mosquito bites a human being, it transmits a small amount of saliva into the blood. The saliva may or may not contain a deadly disease. The result of the bite can be as minor as

an itchy bump or as serious as death.

Because a mosquito can bite many people in the course of its life, it can carry diseases from one person to another very easily. Two of the most deadly diseases carried by mosquitoes are malaria and yellow fever. More than 700 million people become sick from these diseases every year. At least 2 million of these people will die from these diseases.

- 6 Many scientists are working on safer and better ways to kill mosquitoes, but so far, there is no sure way to protect everyone in the world from their deadly bites. Mosquito nests can be placed over beds to protect people against being bitten. These nets help people stay safe at night, but they do not kill any mosquitoes. Mosquitoes have many natural enemies like bats, birds, dragonflies, and certain kinds of fish. Bringing more of these animals into places where mosquitoes live might help to cut down the amount of mosquitoes in that area. This is a natural solution, but it does not always work very well. Mosquitoes can also be killed with poisons or sprays. Even though these sprays kill mosquitoes, they may also harm other plants or animals.

- A. I only
B. I and II only
C. II and III only
D. I, II, and III

Although mosquitoes may not seem as scary as larger, more powerful animals, they are far more dangerous to human beings. But things are changing. It is highly likely that one day scientists will find a way to keep everyone safe from mosquitoes and the diseases they carry.

Based on the information in paragraph 2, we can understand that

- I male mosquitoes and female mosquitoes have different eating habits
II male mosquitoes are harmless to humans
III female mosquitoes are responsible for transmitting disease to humans

- 7 Person who pilots or travels in a balloon, airship or other aircraft

- A. Acrobat
B. Astronaut
C. Aeronaut
D. Aerobot

- 8 Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.
Listless

- A. Turbulent
B. Prolific
C. Peace
D. Dynamic
E. Precious

- 9 Choose Relative Pair Of Word
BINOCULARS : SEE

- A. Spectacle : Notice
B. Skeptic : Idea
C. Ear trumpet : hear
D. Camera : aperture

- 10 Ibrahim crossed _____ Atlantic Ocean many times last year

- A. An
B. A
C. The
D. None

- 11 Human : Infant

- A. Foal : Colt
B. Lion : Lioness
C. Dog : Whelp
D. Bear : Born

Do you live in a house? You might be surprised to learn that there are many, many kinds of houses. Most people in the United States are used to houses made of wood or bricks. But many people around the world live in houses made of grass, dirt, or cloth. In the Great Rift Valley of Eritrea, the nomadic people who are in the Atr tribe build their houses of straw. Their houses are shaped like domes - half spheres. The homes are small and cool. The people can move their houses when they want to move. Since the people are nomads, they move often. They take their animals to new places in order to find food. People who belong to the Uros tribe of Lake Titicaca, Peru build their houses of reeds. Not only that - they also live on islands that are made of reeds. Their boats are made of reeds too. About 2,000 people live on these man-made islands. They started to build their own islands about 500 years ago. In Andalusia, in the south of Spain, some people live in underground houses. This kind of house is called a cueba. During the winter, the houses stay warm. During the summer, the houses stay cool. In Sana'a, Yemen, some people live in tall houses made of bricks. These bricks are made of clay, straw and soil. The bricks last many years - maybe as long as 500

snakes are made of clay, straw and soil. The snakes last many years – maybe as long as 500 years. The modern houses in Sana'a are made to look like the older, traditional houses, but they are made of concrete instead of bricks. In Mindadanao in the Philippines, some people still live in tree houses. The tree houses are made of bamboo with grass roofs. The houses are good lookout for snakes and wild animals. The air is cool and the houses stay dry. Now, most people use these tree houses as meeting places. The fisherman of Sabah, Malaysia build their houses on the water. They use wood from mangrove trees. This wood stays strong in the water. The houses receive official addresses from the government. Fujian, China has many townhouses that are made of hard-packed soil. The dirt becomes as strong as bricks when it is packed hard. One large family group lives in a townhouse. The townhouses were built around 300 years ago. A group of townhouses is protected by a thick dirt-packed wall. In the Gobi Desert in Mongolia, some nomadic people live in homes called gels. These homes are made of cloth. The cloth is filled with animal hair. Two poles in the center of the house hold the house up. The people move often to find food for their animals. The houses are easy to move and set up. Some American Indians live in teepees. These homes are made of cloth or buffalo hide. There are wooden poles used to hold the teepee up. Now some people use teepees only for special ceremonies, but people used to live in them all the time. The traditional houses of Chitos, Greece, are made of stone. They have arched doorways and indoor courtyards. They have outdoor dining rooms which are decorated with tile and rock. This means they are ornamented, and made to look more beautiful. The Dayak people of Indonesia build some of their houses on stilts, several feet the ground. The frame of the house is made of iron. The walls are made of tree bark. The floors are made of wooden planks which are placed side by side. The houses are decorated with pictures of water snakes and rhinoceros birds. These animals are part of the people's story of creation, or how the world was made. People build their houses to fit the needs of their lives. The houses are different, but one thing is the same wherever you go. There's no place like home

- A. In Greece
- B. In Malaysia
- C. In Indonesia
- D. In the Philippines

12

Question:

Where do houses have outdoor rooms?

Choose Relative Pair Of Word

13

FISH : SCALES

- A. Book : Papers
- B. Snake : Fangs
- C. Birds : Feather
- D. Car : Wheels
- E. Cat : Claws

(Complete the sentence with suitable words)

14

Wahid is _____ finishing school next year

- A. Intent on
- B. Intent to
- C. Intent of
- D. Intent by

Identify Error

15

The lion has always been a symbol of strength power and it is very cruel No error

- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D
- E. E

16

Generous

- A. Cruel
- B. Noble
- C. Selfish
- D. Lavish

17

I want to bright _____ for the baby's room, such as yellow or pink.

- A. taboo
- B. rooster
- C. hue
- D. exhume

18

Where can one find the leather shop, _____ sells school bags at lower price?

- A. Which
- B. That
- C. Who
- D. Whom

19

Beat a retreat:

- A. To retire before the enemy
- B. To face the enemy
- C. To object
- D. Feel greatly

20

He has great affection _____ his grand children.

- A. To
- B. After
- C. For
- D. With