

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	She has set as a lawyer.	A. In B. Out C. Up D. on
2	Abundant:	A. Ample B. Enough C. great D. Scant
3	I want to bright for the baby's room, such as yellow or pink.	A. taboo B. rooster C. hue D. exhume
4	Carpenter : Vise	A. Teller : Bank B. Golfer : Club C. Mike : Speak D. Angler : Fish
5	After a formal session in the college annual parent's day, the parents were told to	A. Talk in a loud manner B. Speak freely C. Spoke freely D. Have spoken freely
6	Batter	A. To improve B. To beat C. To finish D. To rise
7	Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.	A. Supply B. Admit C. Implore D. Exhibit E. Insist upon
8	The officers threatened to take reprisals if the lives of their men wereby the conquered natives.	A. Destroyed B. Endangered C. Enhanced D. Irritated

It is easy to make delicious-looking hamburger at home. But would this hamburger still look delicious after it sat on your kitchen table under very bright lights for six or seven hours? if someone took a picture or made a video of this hamburger after the seventh hour, would anyone want to eat it? More importantly, do you think you could get millions of people to pay money for this hamburger? These are the questions that fast food companies worry about when they produce commercials or print ads for their products. Video and photo shoots often last many hours. The lights that the photographers use can be extremely hot. These conditions can cause the food to look quite unappealing to potential consumers. Because of this, the menu items that you see in fast food commercials are probably not actually edible.Let's use the hamburger as an example. The first step towards building the commercial hamburger is the bun. The food stylist-a person employed by the company to make sure the products look perfect-sorts through hundreds of buns until he or she finds one with no wrinkles. Next, the stylist carefully rearranges the sesame seeds on the bun using glue and tweezers for maximum visual appeal. The bun is then sprayed with a waterproofing solution so that it will no get soggy from contact with other ingredients, the lights, or the humidity in the room. Next, the food stylist shapes a meat patty into a perfect circle. Only the outside of the meat gets cooked-the inside is left raw so that the meat remains moist. The food stylist then paints the outside of the meat patty with a mixture of oil, molasses, and brown food coloring. Grill marks are either painted on or seared into the meat using hot metal skewers. Finally, the food stylist searches through dozens of tomatoes and heads of lettuce to find the best-looking produce. One leaf of the crispest lettuce and one center slice of the reddest tomato are selected and then sprayed with glycerin to keep them looking fresh. So the next time you see a delectable hamburger in a fast food commercial, remember: you are actually looking at glue, paint, raw meat, and glycerin. Are you still hungry?

Question:

Based on information in the passage, it is most important for the lettuce and tomato used in a fast food hamburger commercial to

- A. Have a great taste
- B. be the perfect shape and size
- C. appear natural
- D. look fresh

10	His father is eighty years old, and he still runs fast	B. An C. The D. None
11	Alieviate	A. consent to B. aggravate C. bring about D. disparage
12	Cat : Feline	A. Fate: Fortune B. Puppet: Statue C. Horse: Equine D. Tiger: Lion
13	Q.4 Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important Under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report entitled Learning to be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituent And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials the writing is already on the wall In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry For to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing open university programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community municipal recreational programs health services etc b. Which of the following best describes the purpose of the author	A. To criticize the present educational system B. To strengthen the present educational practices C. To support non-conventional educational organization D. To present a pragmatic point of view
14	Choose Relative Pair Of Word Slice: Scalpel	A. Knit: gloves B. Signal: flare C. Yarn: fiber D. Air: tube
15	(Complete the sentence with suitable words) Police made the suspect his friends on the telephone	A. Call B. Calling C. Called
16	His father congratulated scoring higher grades in the test	A. Us on us B. Us on our C. Us on our's D. Us on we
	Fleas are perfectly designed by nature to feast on anything containing blood. Like a	

Fleas are perfectly designed by nature to feast on anything containing blood. Like a shark in the water or a wolf in the woods, fleas are ideally equipped to do what they do, making them very difficult to defeat. The bodies of these tiny parasites are extremely hardy and well-suited for their job.

A flea has a very hard exoskeleton, which means the body is covered by a tough, tile-like plate called a sclerite. Because of these plates, fleas are almost impossible to squish. The exoskeletons of fleas are also waterproof of fleas are also waterproof and shock resistant, and therefore fleas are highly resistant to the sprays and chemicals used to kill them.

Little spines are attached to his plate. The spine the flea scurries through an animal's fur in – search of grooming pet tries to pull a flea off through the hair coat, these spines will extend and stick to the fur like Velcro.

Fleas are some of the best jumpers in the natural world. A flea can jump seven inches, or 150 times its own length, either vertically or horizontally. An equivalent jump for a person would be 555 feet, the height of the Washington Monument. Fleas can jump 30,000 times in a row without stopping, and they are able to accelerate through the air at an incredibly high rate – a rate which is over ten times what humans can withstand in an airplane.

Fleas have very long rear legs with huge thigh muscles and multiple joints. When they get ready to jump. They fold their long legs up and crouch like a runner on a staring block. Several of their joints contain a protein called resilin, which helps catapult fleas into the air as they jump, similar to the way a rubber band provides momentum to a slingshot. Outward facing claws on the bottom of their legs grip anything they touch when they land.

- A. Humans do not possess the physical characteristics of the flea because they have no use for them B. Humans do not pay much attention to fleas because they do not pose a serious threat
- C. Fleas have many physical advantages, although these are outweighed by their many disadvantages
- D. Fleas are designed in such a way as to give them unique physical advantages in life

17

The adult female flee mater after her first blood meet and her inconvenies are a in

ine adult remare nearmates after her hirst blood mear and begins producing eggs in just 1 to 2 days. One flea can lay up to 50 eggs in one day and over 2,000 in her lifetime. Flea eggs can be seen with the naked eye, but they are about the size of a grain of salt. Shortly after being laid, the eggs begin to transform into cocoons. In the cocoon state, fleas are fully developed adults, and will hatch immediately if conditions are favorable. Fleas can detect warmth, movement, and carbon dioxide in exhaled breath, and these three factors stimulate them to emerge as new adults. If the flea does not detect appropriate conditions, it can remain dormant in the cocoon state for extended periods. Under ideal conditions, the entire life cycle may only take 3 weeks, so in no time at all, pets and homes can become infested.

Because of these characteristics, fleas are intimidating opponents. The best way to control fleas, therefore, is to take steps to prevent an infestation from ever occurring.

Using the information in the passage as a guide, it can be concluded that

18	Trowel : Mortar	A. Wrench: Twist B. Hail: Dew C. Salt: Recipe D. Spatula: Icing
19	Hackneyed	A. Mimed B. Surrendered C. Unwounded D. Original
20	Exquisite	A. Elegant B. Stubborn C. Exceptional D. Aesthete