

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given. 1. Succinct	A. Helpless B. Overbearing C. Felonious D. Long-winded E. Blemish
2	Recent advances in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child. Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy, scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder. It is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in. While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs, they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat. They have, however, acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells. However, genetic misinformation can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically. Genetic information may lead to a tendency to brand some people as inferiors. Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines. But on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them. It is mainly a societal problem. At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A., U.K. and Japan. It remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world. Which of the following is the same in meaning as the word 'squarely' as used in the passage?	A. Rigidly B. Firmly C. Directly D. At right angle
3	Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given. 3. Oblivion	A. Remembrance B. Bounced C. Slaughter D. Sentimentality E. Whirlpool
4	(Complete the sentence with suitable words) 4. The criminal _____ this cell in 2001.	A. Was brought to B. Be brought to C. Brought to D. Brought
5	5. Tempt	A. Paramount B. Wish C. Abstemious D. Provoke
6	6. TURTLE : REPTILE	A. oak : tree B. leaf : branch C. trout : fish D. snake : rattle
7	7. Exercise : Strength	A. Concern : Business B. Practice : Skill C. Success : Victory D. Sport : Olympic
8	Next week I am on vacation. While I am on a vacation, I will work on two projects. First, I will fix the washing machine. The washing machine has been broken for two weeks. To fix it, I will need three tools: a screwdriver, a wrench, and a clamp. It will take one day to fix the washing machine. Next, I will fix our back porch. This is a bigger project. It will probably take about two days to fix the back porch, and will require a screwdriver, a hammer, nails, and a saw. My vacation starts on Monday. I have a lot of work to do, but hopefully I can relax after I finish my work Question: Which of the following tools does the author not need to fix the back porch?	A. a screwdriver B. a wrench C. nails D. a saw

Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.

9

Outbreak

A. Confined

B. Smash

C. Reliability

D. Tumult

E. Burst

10

The history of the modern world is a record of highly varied activity, of incessant change, and of astonishing achievement. The lives of men have, during the last few centuries, increasingly diversified, their powers have greatly multiplied, their powers have greatly multiplied, their horizon been enormously enlarged. New interests have arisen in rich profusion to absorb attention and to provoke exertion. New aspirations and new emotions have come to move the soul of men. Amid all the bewildering phenomena, interest, in particular, has stood out in clear and growing pre-eminence, has expressed itself in a multitude of ways and with an emphasis more and more pronounced, namely, the determination of the race to gain a larger measure of freedom than it has ever known before, freedom in the life of the intellect and spirit, freedom in the realm of government and law, freedom in the sphere of economic and social relationship. A passion that has prevailed so widely, that has transformed the world so greatly, and is still transforming it, is one that surely merits study and abundantly rewards it, its operations constitute the very pith and marrow of modern history.

A. Social and political freedom

B. Moral freedom

C. Freedom to think and act

D. Freedom of the intellect and spirit, freedom in the realm of government and law, freedom in the sphere of economic and social relation

Not that this passion was unknown to the long ages that proceeded the modern periods. The ancient Hebrews, the ancient Greeks and Roman blazed the way leaving behind them a precious heritage of accomplishments and suggestions and the men who were responsible for the Renaissance of the fifteenth century and the Reformation of the sixteen century contributed their imperishable part to this slow and difficult emancipation of the human race. But it is in modern times the pace and vigour, the scope and sweep of this liberal movement have so increased unquestionably as to dominate the age, particularly the last three centuries that have registered great triumphs of spirit.

What kinds of freedom have been mentioned in the passage?

Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.

11

Brusque

A. Modest

B. Central

C. Courteous

D. Intrigue

E. Eliminate

(Complete the sentence with suitable words)

12

He _____ studied the new project

A. Anxiously

B. Was anxious after he

C. With more anxious

D. More anxiously

13

Having been served lunch, _____

A. He told the whole story

B. He tells she whole story

C. He has told the story

D. He had told the whole story

14

There are many dialects of English with radically different pronunciations of the same word, but the spelling of these words _____.

A. Shortened

B. Inconstant

C. Contemplated

D. Uniform

15

One who is unable to read or write:

A. Genius

B. Illiterate

C. Palisade

D. Pulverise

16

If an indelible inks is used, this will not be _____

A. observed

B. obligated

C. obliterated

D. obviated

17

They say, "We are the representatives from Egypt."

A. They said that they are the representatives from Egypt

B. They say that they will be the representatives from Egypt

C. They say that they were the representatives from Egypt

D. They say that they are the representatives from Egypt

The history of literature really began was the earliest of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to

18

another, each generation adding something of its own. As man slowly grew more civilized, he was compelled to invent some method of writing by three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which, therefore, had to be recorded. It was often necessary to communicate with person who were some distance away and it was necessary to protect one's property by making tools, cattle and so on, in some distinctive manner. So man taught himself to write and having learned to write purely for utilitarian reasons he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers. Of course, among these ancient peoples, There were only a very few individuals who learned to write, and only a few could read what was written.

Before man invented writing

- A. Literature was passed on by word by mouth
- B. Prayers were considered literature
- C. Literature was just singing and dancing
- D. There was no literature

19

Precious

- A. Honor
- B. Treasured
- C. Paltry
- D. Jewel

20

Without payment or free of cost:

- A. Gratis
- B. Hedonist
- C. Stoic
- D. Precious
