

## ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Choose Relative Pair Of Word  BINOCULARS : SEE	A. Spectacle : Notice B. Skeptic : Idea C. Ear trumpet : hear D. Camera : aperture
2	<b>Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.</b>  Irate	A. In proportion B. Calm C. Logical D. Wise E. Unconventional
3	I tried to draw _____ lines without a ruler, but I couldn't make them straight enough, they would have eventually met.	A. variables B. vivid C. parallel D. martyrdom
4	Autonomous	A. generous B. vague C. exiguous D. dependent
5	What are good parts of our civilization? First and fore-most there are order and safety. If today I have a quarrel with another man, I do not get beaten merely because I am physically weaker and he can knock me down. I go to law and the law will decide as fairly as it can between the two of us. Thus in disputes between man and man. Right has taken the place might. More-over, the law protects me from robbery and violence. Nobody may came and break into my house, steal my books or run off with my children. Of course, there are burglars, but they are very rare and the law punishes them whenever it catches them.  It is difficult for us to realize how much this safety means. Without safety those higher activates of mankind which make up civilization could not go on. The inventor could not invent, the scientist find out or the artist make beautiful things. Hence, order and safety, although they are not themselves civilization, are things without which civilization could be impossible. They are as necessary to our civilization as the air we breathe is to us; and we have grown so used to them that we do not notice them any more than we notice the air.	A. Many B. Rare C. Found nowhere D. Not punished
	According to the passage, the burglars are:	
	The public distribution system, which provides food at low prices, is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day, the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country.	
	Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income, and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However, till then, there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS).	
	Although the PDS is extensive – it is one of the largest such systems in the world – it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places. It remains an urban phenomenon, with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access. The poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out, for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas. In view of such deficiencies in the system, the PDS urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition, considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other, there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented.	
6	The growing salaried class is provided job security, regular income, and percent insulation against inflation. These gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years, the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy	A. Vigor B. Energy C. Influence D. Capacity

is a kind of D.A. to the poor, the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. However, what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so – called food subsidy, the major part of it is administrative cost and wastages. A small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need.

It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute, disabled widows and the old. It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit – forming, killing the general initiative of the people. By making PDS target group oriented, not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost, but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities. When the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies. The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.

Which of the following words is the same in meaning as 'power' as used in the passage?

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- 7 Salma is much too \_\_\_\_\_ to have anything to do with that obnoxious affair:
- A. Noble  
B. Proud  
C. Happy  
D. Difficult
- 8 MANSON : WALL
- A. doctor : cure  
B. magician : magic  
C. stranger : friendship  
D. painter : mural
- (Complete the sentence with suitable words)
- 9 The director of sales will say to the supervisor How long have you been serving the company
- A. The Director of sales will ask the supervisor that how long he has been serving the company;  
B. The Director of sales asked the supervisor that how long he have been serving the company  
C. The Director of sales would ask the supervisor that how long you are serving the company  
D. The director of sales will ask the supervisor that how long he had been serving the company
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- The history of civilization shows how man always has to choose between making the right and wrong use of the discoveries of science. This has never been more true than in our own age. In a brief period amazing discoveries have been made and applied to practical purpose.
- It would be ungrateful not to recognize how immense are the boons which science has given to mankind. It has brought within the reach of multitudes benefits and advantages which only a short time ago were the privilege of the few. It has shown how malnutrition, hunger and disease can be overcome. It has not only lengthened life but it has depended to his quality. Fields of knowledge, experience and recreation open in the past only to few, have been thrown open to millions. Through the work of science the ordinary man today has been given the opportunity of a longer and fuller life than was ever possible to his grandparents.
- Amazing discoveries of science have been made:
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- 10 Affiliate
- A. annex  
B. justify  
C. antiquate  
D. support
- 11 Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given
- 12 MURAL
- A. Writing  
B. Music  
C. A painting on wall  
D. Ancient  
E. Birth
- 13 Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.
- 14 Blunt
- A. Merciful  
B. Direct  
C. Dull  
D. Insensitive  
E. Recuperate
- 15 Amiably:
- A. Soft  
B. Addicted:  
C. Hateful  
D. Lovable
- 16 For your safety and the safety of others, always pay attention to traffic signals
- A. Overlook  
B. Head  
C. Glance at  
D. Repair

16	Ally	A. foe B. colleague C. partner <b>D. companion</b>
17	A hard nut to crack:	A. To be deceived B. Lazy C. An confirm <b>D. A difficult problem</b>
18	EMANCIPATE : SLAVERY	A. erase : document B. inveigle : agreement <b>C. exonerate : blame</b> D. ratify : contract

Although cynics may like to see the government's policy for women in terms of the party's internal power struggles, it will nevertheless be churlish to deny that it represents a pioneering effort aimed at bringing about sweeping social reforms. In its language, scope and strategies, the policy documents displays a degree of understanding of women's needs that is uncommon in government pronouncements. This is due in large part to the participatory process that marked its formulation, seeking the active involvement right from the start of women's groups, academic institutions and non-government organizations with grass roots experience. The result is not just a lofty declaration of principles but a blueprint for a practical program of action. The policy delineates a series of concrete measures to accord women a decision-making role in the political domain and greater control over their economic status. Of especially far-reaching import are the devolution of control of economic infrastructure to women, notably at the gram panchayat level, and the amendment proposed in the Act of 1956 to give women coparcenary rights.

19	And enlightened aspect of the policy is its recognition that actual change in the status of women cannot be brought about by the mere enactment of socially progressive legislation. Accordingly, it focuses on reorienting development programs and sensitizing administrations to address specific situations as, for instance, the growing number of households headed by women, which is a consequence of rural-urban migration. The proposal to create an equal-opportunity police force and give women greater control of police stations is an acknowledgement of the biases and callousness displayed by the generally all-male law-enforcement authorities in case of dowry and domestic violence. While the mere enunciation of such a policy has the salutary effect of sensitizing the administration as a whole, it does not make the task of its implementation any easier. This is because the changes it envisages in the political and economic status of woman strike at the root of power structures in society and the basis of man-woman relationship. There is also the danger that reservation for women in public life, while necessary for their greater visibility, could lapse into tokenism or become a tool in the hands of vote seeking politicians. Much will depend on the dissemination of the policy and the ability of elected representatives and government agencies to reorder their priorities.	A. The policy gives a blue print for program of action B. The woman should be given greater control of police stations <b>C. There is no law-enforcement bias in case of dowry</b> D. For effective implementation, the government agencies will have to order their priorities
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According to the passage which of the following is not true?

20	ENERVATE : STRENGTH	A. encourage : motivation B. conserve : excitement C. persecute : indulgence <b>D. incarcerate : freedom</b>
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