ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy.However till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS).Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such systems in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess ration cards The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas in view of urgently needs to be streamlined.In addition considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented.The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population.If one only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity The food subsidy is a kind of D.A to the poor the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy.It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the old it is also true dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement. h. Which of the following according to the passage is compared with dearness allowance	A. Food for work program B. Unemployment allowance C. Food subsidy D. Procurement price of food grains
2	Preservatives are added to bread to keep it from getting **stale**.	A. small B. flat C. old D. wet
3	Manacle : Malefactor	A. Juvenile : Delinquent B. Suave : Maniac C. Muzzle : dog D. Pinto : Tether
4	**Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given** DOCILE	A. Vague B. Gentle C. Stupid D. Stubbed E. Clever
5	Beef : Cow	A. Venison : Buffalo B. Sheep : Mutton C. Mutton : Sheep D. Pork : Goat
6	**(Complete the sentence with suitable words)** Although officials claimed that its hull was the Titanic sank after hitting an iceberg	A. Iron made B. Inpenetrable C. Prominent D. Oval
7	Take your air conditioner back to the _____ sold it to you	A. Man who B. Man that C. Man whom D. Man which
8	**Identify Error** Let us have dinner together sometimes next week. No error	A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E
	Q.5 Recent advances is science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy.scientist can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will	

9	set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat they have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information may lead to tendency to brand some people as inferiors Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced this is why much progress in this area has been Possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A U.K and japan it remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen on will be able to obliterate disease from this world. j. At present genetic engineering can rectify all genetic disorder is it	A. Yes B. No C. It can do so only in some cases
10	**(Complete the sentence with suitable words)** _____ prevents you smoke inhalation	A. To keep low ground B. Keeping low to the ground C. Low to the ground keeping D. Keeping low to the ground that
11	A place where a wild animal lives	A. Forest B. Stable C. Sanctuary D. Lair
12	**Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.** Wet	A. Parched B. Tempered C. Humid D. Soak E. Dusty
13	Choose the correctly spelt word	A. SEDATE B. SEDOTE C. SCEDATE D. SEEDATE
14	Although cynics may like to see he government's policy for women in terms of the party's internal power struggles, it will nevertheless be churlish to deny that it represents a pioneering effect aimed at bringing about sweeping social reforms. In its language, scope and strategies, the policy documents displays a degree of understanding of women's needs that is uncommon in government pronouncements. This is due in large part to the participatory process that marked its formulation, seeking the active involvement right from the start of women's groups, academic institutions and non-government organizations with grass roots experience. The result is not just a lofty declaration of principles but a blueprint for a practical program of action. The policy delineates a series of concrete measures to accord women a decision-making role in the political domain and greater control over their economic status. Of especially far-reaching impart are the devolution of control of economic infrastructure to women, notably at the gram panchayat level, and the amendment proposed in the Act of 1956 to give women comparcenary rights. And enlightened aspect of the policy is its recognition that actual change in the status of women cannot be brought about by the mere enactment of socially progressive legislation. Accordingly, it focuses on reorienting development programs and sensitizing administrations to address specific situations as, for instance, the growing number of households headed by women, which is a consequence of rural-urban migration. The proposal to create an equal-opportunity police force and give women greater control of police stations is an acknowledgement of the biases and callousness displayed by the generally all-male law-enforcement authorities in case of dowery and domestic violence. While the mere enunciation of such a policy has the salutary effect of sensitizing the administration as a whole, it does not make the task of its implementation any easier. This is because the changes it envisages in the political and economic status of woman strike at the root of power structures in society and the basis of man-woman relationship. There is also the danger that reservation for women in public life, while necessary for their greater visibility, could lapse into tokenism or become a tool in the hands of vote seeking politicians. Much will depend on the dissemination of the policy and the ability of elected representatives and government agencies to reorder their priorities.	A. Sublimated B. Humble C. Inferior D. Undignified

	Which of the following is opposite in meaning to 'lofty' as used in the passage?	
15	**Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given** INEFFABLE	A. Without effect B. Not feeable C. That cannot be effected D. Too great of words E. Viable
16	**(Complete the sentence with suitable words)** Despite his illness Inzamam was _____ in winning his team	A. Disappointing B. useless C. Vigorous D. Instrumental
17	One of lacks knowledge:	A. Intelligent B. Ignorant C. Credulous D. Colleague
18	Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age group. While the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core, we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important. Under modern conditions, workers need to rewind, or renew their enthusiasm, or strike out in a new direction, or improve their skills as much as any university professor. The retired and the age have their needs as well. Educational planning, in their words, should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education. This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report entitled 'learning to Be' prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various forms of self – learning. A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents. And performance, not the period of study, should be the basis for credentials. The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries, the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry. For, to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education. But a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries. Museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc. According to the author, what measures should Open University adopt to meet modern conditions?	A. Develop various programs for adult learners B. Open more colleges on traditional lines C. Cater to the needs of those who represent 'core' D. Primary education should be under
19	Crocodile tears:	A. Incidentally B. Take a firm stand C. Insincere sorrow D. More than enough
20	**Identify Error** Before you enter the temple you should take out your shoes No error	A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E