

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	<p>Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age group. While the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core, we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important. Under modern conditions, workers need to rewind, or renew their enthusiasm, or strike out in a new direction, or improve their skills as much as any university professor. The retired and the age have their needs as well. Educational planning, in their words, should take care of the needs of everyone.</p> <p>Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education. This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report entitled 'learning to Be' prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various forms of self – learning. A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents. And performance, not the period of study, should be the basis for credentials. The writing is already on the wall.</p> <p>In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries, the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry. For, to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education. But a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries. Museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc.</p> <p>Which of the following is most opposite in meaning to the phrase 'a far cry' as used in the passage?</p>	<p>A. A reality B. A theoretical suggestion C. Very funny D. Next to impossible</p>
2	<p>Choose Relative Pair Of Word</p> <p>Crochet: Fingers</p>	<p>A. Head: ear B. Rug: gloves C. Bursitis: shoulder D. Tread: feet</p>
3	<p>Praise</p>	<p>A. Forgive B. Criticize C. Deny D. Condemn</p>
4	<p>Lack of occupation is necessarily and was annihilated.</p>	<p>A. easily perceived B. easily acquired C. easily infected D. easily deflected</p>
5	<p>Yaqoob plays the Harmonium and the Sitar is _____ also</p>	<p>A. Played B. Played by he C. Played by him D. Playing by him</p>
6	<p>Choose Relative Pair Of Word</p> <p>Theater: Histrionic</p>	<p>A. Slyness: stupid B. Hamlet: populous C. Number: Numerology D. Courtroom: forensic</p>
7	<p>The accused was released on _____ pending hearing of his case.</p>	<p>A. Bond B. Bale C. Bail D. Deposit</p>
8	<p>(Complete the sentence with suitable words)</p> <p>The student said to their proctor have you some spare money for farewell party</p>	<p>A. A students asked their proctor if he has any spare fund for farewell party B. The student asked their proctor if he had any spare fund for farewell party</p>

The student said to their proctor, "I have some spare money for farewell party."

party

C. They students asked their proctor if he have any spare fund for farewell party

(Complete the sentence with suitable words)

- 9 Mujahid got his transcripts _____ to the university
- 10 Slurp : Sip
- 11 Noor said to us, "Khan gives me ten rupees daily."
- 12 Because of a long drought, farmers are **doubtful** about the prospect of a good yield.
- 13 Accomplished
- 14 Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.
Complacet

A. Gone
B. Send
C. Sending
D. Mail

A. Watch : Minute
B. Snipe : Skirmish
C. Guffaw : Giggle
D. Tiptoe : Stumble

A. Noor told us that Khan gave you ten rupees daily.
B. Noor told us that Khan gives you ten rupees daily
C. Noor told us that Khan has given you ten rupees daily
D. Noor told us that Khan gives you ten rupees daily

A. sympathetic
B. intrepid
C. dubious
D. thrilled

A. over
B. done
C. difficult
D. unfinished

A. Notorious
B. Normalized
C. Extemporaneous
D. Distressed
E. Mammalian

The year 2006 was the golden anniversary, or the 50th birthday, of the Dwight D. Eisenhower National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. This system, usually referred to as The Interstate Highway System, is a system of freeways named after the U.S. President who supported it. The system is the largest highway system in the world, consisting of 46,876 miles (75,440 km) of freeways. The construction of the interstate highway system is an important part of American history. It has played a major role in **preserving** and maintaining the America way of life.

The interstate highway system has several major functions. One of its major functions is to **facilitate** the distribution of US good. Because the interstate passes through many downtown areas, it plays an important role in the **distribution** of almost all goods in the United States. Nearly all products travel at least part of the way to their destination on the Interstate System. Another major function of the interstate is to facilitate military troop movement to and from airports, seaports, rail terminals and other military destinations. The Interstate highways are connected to route in the Strategic Highway Network, which is a system of highways that are **vital** to the U.S. Department of Defense.

Today, most of the Interstate system consists of newly constructed highways. The longest section of the Interstate system runs from Boston, Massachusetts to Seattle, Washington. It covers 3,020.54 miles. The shortest two-digit interstate is from Emery, North Carolina to Greensboro, North Carolina. It covers only 12.27 miles. All state capitals except five are served by the system. The five that are not directly served are Juneau, AK, Dover, DE, Jefferson City, MO, Carson City, NV, and Pierre, SD. The Interstate Highway System serves almost all major U.S. cities.

- 15 EACH Interstate highway is marked with a red, white, and blue shield with the word "Interstate," the name of the state, and the route number. Interstate highways are named with one or two-digit numbers. North-south highways are **designated** with odd numbers; east-west highways are named with even numbers. The north-south Interstate highways begin in the west with the lowest odd number; the east-west highways begin in the south with the lowest even numbers. There all mile markers at each mile of the interstate system, starting at the westernmost or southernmost point on the highway. Every Interstate highway begins with the number "0". Interchanges are numbered according to their location on the highway in relation to mileage; an exit between milepost 7 and milepost 8 would be designated "Exit 7." This system allows drivers estimate the distance to a desired exit, which a road is leading off the highway. Despite the common acceptance of the numbering system on the Interstate highways, some states have adopted different numbering systems. For example, a portion of the Interstate 19 in Arizona is measured in kilometers instead of miles

A. In the Eastern U.S.
B. In the Western U.S.
C. In the Southern U.S.
D. In the Northern U.S.

since the highway goes south to Mexico.

Since the Interstate highways are freeways-highways that do not have signs and cross streets – they have the highest speed limits in the nation. Most interstate highways have speed limits between 65 – 75 miles per hour (105 – 120 kilometers per hour), but some areas in Texas and Utah have an 80 mile-per-hour (130 kilometer-per-hour) speed limit.

The federal government primarily funds interstate highways. However, they are owned and operated by the individual states or toll authorities in the states. The federal government generally funds up to 90% of the cost of an Interstate highway, while the states pay the remainder of the cost.

Where are the highest-numbered East-West Interstate highways located?

16	Star : Constellation	A. Pupils : School B. Island : Archipelago C. Hospital : Nurses D. Nova : Cosmetology
17	Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given BRACKISH	A. Backward B. Having of foul smell C. Salty D. Woody E. Novelty
18	(Complete the sentence with suitable words) If the applicant for a new IT job in US ____ more on the interview preparation the results of their efforts would have been quite different	A. Have focused B. Had focused C. Focused D. Were focused
19	<p>Yellowstone National Park is the U.S. States of Wyoming, Idaho and Montana. It became the first National Park in 1872. There are geysers and hot springs at Yellowstone. There are also many animals at Yellowstone. There are elk, bison, sheep, grizzly, black bears, moose, coyotes, and more.</p> <p>More than 3 million people visit Yellowstone National Park year. During the winter, visitors can ski or go snowmobiling there. There are also snow coaches that give tours. Visitors can see steam (vapor water) come from the geysers. During other seasons, visitors can go boating or fishing. People can ride horses there. There are nature trails and tours. Most visitors want to see Old Faithful, a very predictable geyser at Yellowstone Visitors can check a schedule to see the exact time that Old Faithful is going to erupt. There are many other geysers and boiling springs in the area. Great Fountain Geyser erupts every 11 hours. Excelsior Geyser produces 4,000 gallons of boiling water each minute! Boiling water is 100 degrees Celsius, or 212 degrees Fahrenheit – that’s very hot! People also like to see the Grand Prismatic Spring. It is the largest hot spring in the park. It has many beautiful colors. The beautiful colors are caused by bacteria in the water. These are forms of life that have only one cell. Different bacteria live in different water temperatures. Visiting Yellowstone National Park can be a week – long vacation or more. It is beautiful and there are activities for everyone.</p> <p>Great Fountain Geyser erupts every 11</p>	A. Minutes B. Hours C. Days D. Months
20	Phoenix : Immortality	A. Flag : freedom B. Sphinx : Mystery C. Howling : Death D. Spring : Scales