

## ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

| Sr  | Questions  | Answers Choice   |
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| 1   | Because of extreme pressure underwater, drivers are often <b>sluggish</b> .  | <p>A. slow</p> <p>B. hurt</p> <p>C. careful</p> <p>D. worried</p>                              |
| 2   | An eighteen year old is _____ to vote in the election as per the constitution of Pakistan.   | <p>A. old enough</p> <p>B. as old enough</p> <p>C. enough old</p> <p>D. enough old as</p>      |
| <p>When we are young, we learn that tigers and sharks are dangerous animals. We might be scared of them because they are big and powerful. As we get older, however, we learn that sometimes the most dangerous animals are also the smallest animals. In fact, the animal that kills the most people every year is one that you have probably killed yourself many times: the mosquito.</p> <p>While it may seem that all mosquitoes are biters, this is not actually the case. Male mosquitoes eat plant nectar. One the other hand, female mosquitoes feed on animal blood. They need this blood to live and produce eggs. When a female mosquito bites a human being, it transmits a small amount of saliva into the blood. The saliva may or may not contain a deadly disease. The result of the bite can be as minor as an itchy bump or as serious as death.</p> <p>Because a mosquito can bite many people in the course of its life, it can carry diseases from one person to another very easily. Two of the most deadly diseases carried by mosquitoes are malaria and yellow fever. More than 700 million people become sick from these diseases every year. At least 2 million of these people will die from these diseases.</p> |  |  |
| 3   | <p>Many scientists are working on safer and better ways to kill mosquitoes, but so far, there is no sure way to protect everyone in the world from their deadly bites. Mosquito nests can be placed over beds to protect people against being bitten. These nets help people stay safe at night, but they do not kill any mosquitoes. Mosquitoes have many natural enemies like bats, birds, dragonflies, and certain kinds of fish. Bringing more of these animals into places where mosquitoes live might help to cut down the amount of mosquitoes in that area. This is a natural solution, but is does not always work very well. Mosquitoes can also be killed with poisons or sprays. Even though these sprays kill mosquitoes, they may also harm other plants or animals.</p> <p>Although mosquitoes may not seem as scary as larger, more powerful animals, they are far more dangerous to human beings. But things are changing. It is highly likely that one day scientists will find a way to keep everyone safe from mosquitoes and the diseases they carry.</p> <p>Based on the information in paragraph 2, we can understand that</p> <p>I male mosquitoes and female mosquitoes have different eating habits</p> <p>II male mosquitoes are harmless to humans</p> <p>III female mosquitoes are responsible for transmitting disease to humans</p> | <p>A. I only</p> <p>B. I and II only</p> <p>C. II and III only</p> <p>D. I, II, and III</p>    |
| 4   | A balanced diet should include fish and <b>fowl</b> as well as red meat.   | <p>A. fruit</p> <p>B. birds</p> <p>C. vegetables</p> <p>D. cheese and milk</p>                 |
| 5   | DRIZZLE : CLOUDBURST   | <p>A. grass : dew</p> <p>B. wind : air</p> <p>C. shore : waves</p> <p>D. flurry : blizzard</p> |
| 6   | The songs of new age sound _____ me  | <p>A. Badly to</p> <p>B. Badly</p> <p>C. Bad</p> <p>D. Bad to</p>                              |

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| 7 | Rankle             | A. Fragrant<br>B. Subordinate<br>C. Linear<br>D. Soothe                            |
| 8 | Energy : Dissipate | A. Battery : Recharge<br>B. Atom : Electron<br>C. Food : Bread<br>D. Money : Spend |
| 9 | Puerile            | A. Mature<br>B. Servile<br>C. Odoriferous<br>D. Petty                              |

The public distribution system, which provides food at low prices, is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day, the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country.

Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income, and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However, till then, there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS).

Although the PDS is extensive – it is one of the largest such systems in the world – it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places. It remains an urban phenomenon, with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access. The poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out, for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas. In view of such deficiencies in the system, the PDS urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition, considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other, there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented.

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| 10 | <p>The growing salaried class is provided job security, regular income, and percent insulation against inflation. These gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years, the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy is a kind of D.A. to the poor, the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. However, what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so – called food subsidy, the major part of it is administrative cost and wastages. A small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need.</p> <p>It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute, disabled widows and the old. It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit – forming, killing the general initiative of the people. By making PDS target group oriented, not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost, but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities. When the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies. The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.</p> <p>Which of the following is the main reason for insufficient supply of enough food to the poorest?</p> | <p>A. Mismanagement of food stocks<br/>B. Absence of proper public distribution system<br/>C. Production of food is less than the demand<br/>D. Government's apathy towards the poor</p> |
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|    | Choose Relative Pair Of Word  | A. Monarchy : Republic<br>B. Penury : Wealth                                  |
| 11 | ANARCHY : GOVERNMENT  | C. Verbosity : Words<br>D. Socialism : Custom                                 |
| 12 | <p><b>Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.</b></p> <p>Squander</p>  | A. Scale<br>B. Rebuff<br>C. Haunt<br>D. Hoard<br>E. Lessen                    |
| 13 | <p><b>Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.</b></p> <p>Animosity</p> | A. Friendliness<br>B. Anxiety<br>C. Eagerness<br>D. Reliability<br>E. Slender |

A. To

14 He has great affection \_\_\_\_\_ his grand children.

- B. After
- C. For
- D. With

15 Where does chocolate come from? Believe it or not, it grows on trees. Not as a sweet chocolate candy bar wrapped in foil, but as a cocoa bean. These cocoa beans grow on a cacao tree, which is found in tropical areas such as Central and South America. The fruit of these are called pods, and they are long and hard. Inside the pods is a soft, white pulp that surrounds the thirty or so seeds. These seeds are what we call cocoa beans. They are very hard and bitter to the taste. To make chocolate, people start by carefully taking the beans out of the pods, still covered in the white pulp, and leaving them in a bucket. The bucket is often covered with banana leaves and left for anywhere from a few days to a few weeks. This process is called fermenting. Then the beans are left to dry in the sun. Fermenting and drying the beans makes them less bitter. Then the beans are shipped to a factory to be turned into chocolate. At the factory, beans are roasted in ovens to bring out their flavor. After roasting, the outer covering of the bean is removed. The inner bean is then crushed to form a paste known as chocolate liquor. From this paste, people can either make cocoa powder or the chocolate we buy in stores. To make cocoa powder, the paste is crushed and pressed repeatedly to remove the fat, leaving behind only a dry, ground powder. To make chocolate, people need to add other ingredients to the paste such as milk, sugar, and cocoa butter. They then mix and heat the concoction several times to create a substance we would recognize as chocolate. It may even have fruit, nuts, or candy added to it before it is molded into a shape. Considering all that must happen to turn a bitter cocoa bean into a chocolate bar, a dollar seems like a small price to pay for such a delicious sweet treat.

- A. fruit
- B. nuts
- C. candy
- D. sugar

Question:

According to the passage, which of these items is needed to make the chocolate that is available in stores?

16 CHARITY : VIRTUE

- A. greed : evil
- B. avaricious : vicious
- C. penury : crime
- D. avarice : vice

(Complete the sentence with suitable words)

17 Fauzia presents herself as a journalist by asking people in power the kinds of \_\_\_\_\_ questions that order reporters do not ask

- A. Pointed
- B. Circumnating
- C. Abnormal
- D. Irrelevant

(Complete the sentence with suitable words)

18 Maria forced herself to eat every piece on her plate although she found the food practically \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Delicious
- B. Spicy
- C. Indible
- D. Nourishing

Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given

19 CANT

- A. Singing through the nose
- B. A temporary catchword
- C. Begging
- D. A penny whistle
- E. Affected manner of speech

20 Primary education in the U.S is compulsory

- A. Free of charge
- B. Required
- C. Excellent
- D. Easy