

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Choose Relative Pair Of Word Appearance: Subpoena	A. Death: fight B. Payment: bill C. Health: game D. Applause: encore
2	Aerie : Eagle	A. Venom : Rattle snake B. Viper : Reptile C. Hawk : Falcon D. Lair : Wolf
3	Medicine which lessens pain	A. Balm B. Antibiotic C. Panacea D. Anodyne
4	Bloated:	A. Privileged B. Emaciated C. Swollen D. Rapture
5	Choose Relative Pair Of Word Client: Fee	A. Policeman: fine B. Author: copy rights C. Wholesale: retail D. Tenant: rent
6	Choose the correctly spelt word.	A. JOVIAL B. JOVEAL C. JOVIEL D. JOMEL
7	Choose Relative Pair Of Word Error: Experience	A. Training: skill B. Skill: Mistake C. Sharp: clever D. Success: victory
8	Cindy liked parks. She liked the trees and grass and nature. She liked the birds and squirrels she say in parks. She also liked walking down wooded trails or riding bikes along gravel paths. Parks were a lot more fun to exercise in than just walking down the street. because there was so much to see. She had been to many kinds of parks. Some were in mountains, with rivers and hiking. Some were open areas with broad stretches of green grass to play on. Others were in the forest, with paths running beneath towering trees with sweeping branches overhead. Cindy's favorite parks were near lakes. There was a lake park not far form her house. It had a boardwalk trail that was set on pilings across a shallow lake. That was the best part. She loved to walk along the brown wood path and stop along the way, looking in the water for frogs and turtles. There were a few pavilions to stop and sit under in the shade. The water was deeper near them, so she could see fish sometimes. Occasionally, she would even see long-legged water birds, like cranes. The fall was the best time to visit the lake parks. With the leaves changing color, it was very beautiful. The sun would be out in the cloudy sky, and then cool breezes would blow through the reeds and water grasses. Spring was nice, too, because all the butterflies were out. The flowers and blossoming trees along the wooded paths were fragrant and beautiful. The lake grasses were tall and green, rustling in the wind. Cattails bobbed among the reeds. It was a good time to visit. Summer was okay. It was still pretty, but too hot. At least in winter things were pretty, if in a stark and cold way. The white dusting of snow that covered everything gave the park a clean look. It was fun to follow other people's footprints in the snow, or to go out on the boardwalk and look at the frozen top of the lake. If Cindy had her way, she would visit the park every day. Come to think of it, she did it was also a great place to do homework or read. Question: Which season was Cindy's most favourite to visit the park?	A. Spring B. Summer C. Fall D. Winter

9	Choose Relative Pair Of Word ABHOR : DISLIKE	A. Calcify : Petrify B. Rebuke : Ridicule C. Torture : Discomfort D. Fodder : cattle
10	Adverse	A. not eager B. to the point C. not connected D. opposite
11	This legend has been _____ from father to son.	A. handed in B. handed out C. handed over D. handed down
12	To deprive a thing of its holy characters	A. Desecrate B. Blasphemy C. Consecrate D. Sacrilige
13	Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given. Admonish	A. Hypnotic B. Honor C. Encourage D. Scold E. Prepare
14	Abstinence	A. restrained eating or drinking B. vulgar display C. department D. reluctance
15	Choose Relative Pair Of Word COUNSELOR : ADVICE	A. Artist : musician B. Patron : support C. Honesty : Charity D. Bank : Banker

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age group. While the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core, we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important. Under modern conditions, workers need to rewind, or renew their enthusiasm, or strike out in a new direction, or improve their skills as much as any university professor. The retired and the age have their needs as well. Educational planning, in their words, should take care of the needs of everyone.

Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education. This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report entitled 'learning to Be' prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various forms of self – learning. A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents. And performance, not the period of study, should be the basis for credentials. The writing is already on the wall.

In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries, the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry. For, to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education. But a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries. Museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc.

Which of the following is most nearly the same in meaning as the word 'meeting' as used in the passage?

- A. Approaching
- B. Contacting
- C. Introducing
- D. Satisfying

Yellowstone National Park is the U.S. States of Wyoming, Idaho and Montana. It became the first National Park in 1872. There are geysers and hot springs at Yellowstone. There are also many animals at Yellowstone. There are elk, bison, sheep, grizzly, black bears, moose, coyotes, and more.

More than 3 million people visit Yellowstone National Park year. During the winter, visitors can ski or go snowmobiling there. There are also snow coaches that give tours. Visitors can see **steam** (vapor water) come from the geysers. During other seasons, visitors can go boating or fishing. People can ride horses there. There are nature trails and tours. Most visitors want to see Old Faithful, a very **predictable** geyser at Yellowstone Visitors can check a schedule to see the exact time that Old Faithful is going to erupt. There are many other geysers and boiling springs in the area. Great Fountain Geyser erupts every 11 hours. Excelsior Geyser produces 4,000 gallons of **boiling** water each minute! Boiling water is 100 degrees Celsius, or 212 degrees Fahrenheit – that’s very hot! People also like to see the Grand Prismatic Spring. It is the largest hot spring in the park. It has many beautiful colors. The beautiful colors are caused by **bacteria** in the water. These are forms of life that have only one cell. Different bacteria live in different water **temperatures**. Visiting Yellowstone National Park can be a week – long vacation or more. It is beautiful and there are activities for everyone.

Different temperatures are different

- A. Levels of heat and cold
- B. Amounts of water
- C. Levels of rainfall
- D. Colors of water

17

18

Plaintive

- A. Pithy
- B. Quaint
- C. Accuser
- D. Merry

19

A hard nut to crack:

- A. To be deceived
- B. Lazy
- C. An confirm
- D. A difficult problem

20

She liked her students _____ for class

- A. To arrive prompt
- B. To arrive promptly
- C. To arrive prompt
- D. To arrive prompt