

## ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Scene : Panoramic	A. Glasses : sun B. Touch : tangible <b>C. Sound : Stereophonic</b> D. Act : Motivation
2	Cryptic	A. Spiritual B. Resilient <b>C. Evident</b> D. Filthy
3	Dauntless : Courage	<b>A. Unruffled : Composure</b> B. Energetic : Indifference C. Affordable : Suspicion D. Ruthless : Compassion
4	<b>Identify Error</b> <u>Yet is was</u> a long hard struggle <u>before they succeeded to produce a practical concentration.No error</u>	A. A B. B <b>C. C</b> D. D E. E
5	Today, Mike and his mom are going to the library. Mike wants to find a book to read. His Mom wants to use a computer there. When they get of the library. Mike finds a book about detectives. He also finds a book with chapters about a friendly ghost. Finally, he finds a book about a man who lives in the woods without food or water.He puts the books on the front desk and waits for his mom.Mike's mom sit at one of the computers in the library. She checks er email and looks at pictures of flowers on the internet. Then she reads a news article on a website. Mike's mom leaves the computer and walks over to Mike, holding up something out for him. Mike looks at her quizzically, It takes him a moment to recognize w that movie for us to watch tonight, " says Mike's mom"Sure,"Mike says, now holding the movie out in front of him. He reads the cover while walking back to the library entrance. He puts his books and the movie on the front desk to check out.A librarian stands behind the counter holding an electronic scanner. "How long can we keep them?"Mike asks her."Three weeks, "says the librarian."Cool,"says Mike.Suddenly, Mike is surprised. His mother is checking out something else that is too big to put on the desk. It's a picture of the ocean."What is that for?"Mike asks."To put on our wall at home, "says Mike's mom.:You can do that?"Mike asks.Mike's mom smiles at the librarian. "Yes, "she says, " but we have to return it in three months."As used in paragraph 5, the phrase "check out" most nearly means	A. to see <b>B. to rent</b> C. find D. buy
6	Choose Relative Pair Of Word Fastidious: Vulgarity	<b>A. Vacillating: action</b> B. Fade: intensity C. Security: mob D. Speeding: bourgeoisie
7	Paul's wife knows Paul loves to read cookbooks. She decides to get him one for his birthday. Paul tells her he will try to make a new recipe for three days in a row. On Monday, Paul makes blueberry pancakes for breakfast. He gets the blueberries from the farmers' market. On Tuesday, Paul makes beef soup for dinner. He puts in cubes of beef, carrots, and onions. The recipe calls for cream, but Paul does not cream. He uses water instead. On Wednesday, Paul makes a tomato salad with cucumbers and onions. He picks the cucumbers and tomatoes from his garden. He likes this dish best. It was also the easiest for him to make.  On what day does Paul make pancakes?	A. Sunday <b>B. Monday</b> C. Tuesday D. Wednesday
8	Q.6 A great deal of discussion continues as to the real extent of global environmental degradation and its implications What few people challenge however is that the renewable natural resources of developing countries are today subject to stresses of unprecedented magnitude these pressures are brought about in part by increased population and the quest for an ever expanding food supply Because the health nutrition and general well-being of the poor majority are directly dependent on the integrity and productivity of their natural resources the capability of governments to manage them effectively over the long term becomes of paramount importance Developing countries are becoming more aware of the ways in which present and future economic development must build upon a sound and sustainable natural resource base some are looking at our long tradition in environmental protection and are receptive to US assistance which recognizes the uniqueness of the social and ecological systems in these tropical countries Developing countries recognize the need to improve their capability to analyze issues and their own natural resource management in February 1981, for example AID funded a national Academy of Sciences panel to advise	A. There is a North-South dialogue and aid flows freely to the developing world B. Industries based on agriculture are widely developed <b>C. Economic development takes place within the ambit of conservation of natural resources</b>

repair on their severe natural resource degradation problems some countries such as Senegal India Indonesia and Thailand are now including conservation concerns in their economic development planning process. Because so many government of developing nations have recognized the importance of these issues the need today is not merely one of raising additional consciousness but for carefully designed and sharply focused activities aimed at management regimes that are essential to the achievement of sustained development

d. The poor people of the developing world can lead a happy and contented life if

D. There is an assured supply of food and medical care

9 Q.3 Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong No era of good feeling can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth On the other hand it is obvious that a spirit of self denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth the extent to which Government must interfere with business therefore is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into few hands The required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance However with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty the powers of government are unavoidably increased whichever political party may be in office The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science since the Government in our nation must take on more powers to meet its problems there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.

a. The advent of science and and technology has increase the

- A. Freedom of people
- B. Tyranny of the political parties
- C. Powers of the government
- D. Chances of economic inequality

10 Bizzare:

- A. Normal
- B. Strange
- C. Logical
- D. Tense

11 Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.

Cryptic

- A. Spiritual
- B. Resilient
- C. Evident
- D. Filthy
- E. Reserved

12 A person who believes that pleasure is the chief good

- A. Epicure
- B. Stoic
- C. Sensual
- D. Hedonist

Identify Error

13 Are you sure Miss Saba knows how use the new equipment?No error

- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D
- E. E

14 In certain types of poisoning, immediately give large quantities of soapy or salty water in order to **induce** vomiting.

- A. control
- B. clean
- C. cause
- D. stop

15 Puerile

- A. Mature
- B. Servile
- C. Odoriferous
- D. Petty

16 I was surprised to read how many \_\_\_\_\_ substances there are in most people's medicine cabinets.

- A. toxic
- B. perennial
- C. pert
- D. distilled

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age group. While the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core, we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important. Under modern conditions, workers need to rewind, or renew their enthusiasm, or strike out in a new direction, or improve their skills as much as any university professor. The retired and the age have their needs as well. Educational planning, in their words, should take care of the needs of everyone.

17	<p>Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education. This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report entitled 'learning to Be' prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various forms of self – learning. A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents. And performance, not the period of study, should be the basis for credentials. The writing is already on the wall.</p> <p>In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries, the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry. For, to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education. But a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries. Museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc.</p> <p>Integrating the concept of lifelong learning with the educational structure would imply</p>	<p>A. Closing down conventional schools and colleges  B. Longer durations for all formal courses  C. Simple rearrangement of present educational organizations  D. More weight for actual performance than real understanding</p>
18	<p>To cause troops to spread out in readiness for battle</p>	<p>A. <code>&lt;span style="color: rgb(0, 0, 0); font-family: monospace; font-size: medium; white-space: pre-wrap;"&gt;Disperse&lt;/span&gt;</code>  B. <code>&lt;span style="color: rgb(0, 0, 0); font-family: monospace; font-size: medium; white-space: pre-wrap;"&gt;Align&lt;/span&gt;</code>  C. <code>&lt;span style="color: rgb(0, 0, 0); font-family: monospace; font-size: medium; white-space: pre-wrap;"&gt;Collocate&lt;/span&gt;</code>  D. <code>&lt;span style="color: rgb(0, 0, 0); font-family: monospace; font-size: medium; white-space: pre-wrap;"&gt;Deploy&lt;/span&gt;</code></p>
19	<p>Q.2 The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such systems in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess ration cards The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas in view of urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity The food subsidy is a kind of D.A to the poor the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the old it is also true dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.</p> <p>b. What according to the passage is be the main purpose of public policy in the long run</p>	<p>A. Reducing the cost of living index by increasing supplies  B. Providing enough food to all the citizens  C. Good standard of living through productive employment  D. Equalizing per capita income across different strata of society</p>
20	<p>She was confined _____ bed due to malaria.</p>	<p>A. on  B. to  C. in  D. into</p>