

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	<p>Speech is great blessings but it can also be great curse, for while it helps us to make out intentions and desires known to our fellows, it can also if we use it carelessly, make our attitude completely misunderstood. A slip of the tongue , the use of unusual word, or of an ambiguous word, and so on, may create an enemy where we had hoped to win a friend. Again, different classes of people use different vocabularies, and the ordinary speech of an educated may strike an uneducated listener as pompous. Unwittingly, we may use a word which bears a different meaning to our listener from what it does to men of our own class. Thus speech is not a gift to use lightly without thought, but one which demands careful handling. Only a fool will express himself alike to all kinds and conditions to men.</p> <p>Question: While talking to an uneducated person, we should use</p>	<p>A. ordinary speech B. his vocabulary C. simple words D. polite language</p>
2	<p>Choose Relative Pair Of Word</p> <p>Dauntless: courage</p>	<p>A. Unruffled: Composure B. Energetic: Indifferences C. Affordable: Suspicion D. Ruthless: Compassion</p>
3	<p>Accomplice</p>	<p>A. friend B. fatalist C. companion in crime D. accomplish</p>
4	<p>Absurd</p>	<p>A. awkward B. unreasonable C. reasonable D. worthless</p>
5	<p>LIAR : HONESTY</p>	<p>A. lawyer : mercy B. mother : children C. fool : wisdom D. soldier : power</p>
6	<p>Lilly loves her town. She loves the mall. She loves the parks. She also loves her school. Most of all, though, Lilly loves the seasons. In her old town, it was hot all of the time.</p> <p>Sometimes it is cold in Lilly's new town. The cold season is in winter. Once in a while it snows. Lilly has never seen snow before. So far her, the snow is exciting as well as very beautiful. Lilly has to wear gloves to keep her hands warm. She also wear a scarf around her neck.</p> <p>In spring, flowers bloom and the trees turn green with new leaves. Pollen falls on the cars and windowsills and makes Lilly sneeze. People work in their yards and mow their grass.</p> <p>In summer, Lilly wears her old shorts and sandals- the same ones she used to wear in her old town. It is hot outside, and dogs lie in the shade. Lilly and her friends go to a pool or play in the water sprinkler. Her father cooks hamburgers on the grill for dinner.</p> <p>Lilly's favorite season is autumn. In autumn, the leaves on the trees turn yellow, gold, red, and orange. Halloween comes in autumn, and this Lilly's favorite holiday. Every Halloween, Lilly wears a costume. Last year she wore a mouse costume. This year she will wear a fish costume.</p> <p>One evening in autumn, Lilly and her mom are on sitting together on the porch. Mom tells Lilly that autumn is also called "fall". This is a good idea, Lilly thinks, because in the fall all of the leaves fall down from the trees.</p> <p>Which of the following words best describes the way Lilly feels about living in her new town</p>	<p>A. Skeptical, meaning questioning or showing doubt B. Apprehensive, meaning anxious or worried C. Overjoyed, meaning extremely happy D. Content, meaning satisfied with what one is or has</p>
7	<p>Clumsy</p>	<p>A. mercy B. dull C. bright D. dexterous</p>

Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.

- A. Active
- B. Agile
- C. Squanders
- D. Oppressive
- E. Discrete

8 Indulgent

9 The _____ is working on wood.

- A. artifact
- B. artistic
- C. artist
- D. artisan

10 Amateur

- A. arrogant
- B. humble
- C. lazy
- D. expert

11 She jumped _____ the river.

- A. On
- B. In
- C. Into
- D. To

12 Abbreviate:

- A. Abridge
- B. Expand
- C. Achieve
- D. Accept

13 _____, regarded as the world's oldest continuously inhabited city, is the main city of Punjab

- A. The Multan
- B. Multan being
- C. Multan
- D. That Multan

14 The accused _____ having make any statement.

- A. Refused
- B. denied
- C. rejected
- D. declaimed

15

A great deal of discussion countries as to the real extent of global environmental degradation and its implicational. What few people challenge however is that the renewable natural resources of developing countries are today subject to stresses of unprecedented magnitude. These pressures are bought about, in part, by increased population and the quest for an ever expanding food supply. Because the healthy, nutrition and general well-being of the poor majority are directly depends on the integrity and productivity of their natural resources, the capability of governments to manage them effectively over the long term becomes of paramount importance. Developing countries are becoming more aware of the ways in which present and future economic development must build upon a sound and sustainable natural resources base. Some are looking at our long tradition in environmental protection and are receptive to US assistance which recognizes the uniqueness of the social and ecological systems in these tropical countries. Developing countries recognize the need to improve their capability to analyze issues and their own natural resource management. In February 1981, for example AID funded a national Academy of Sciences panel to advise Nepal on their severe natural resource degradation problems. Some countries such as Senegal, India, Indonesia and Thailand, are now including conservation concerns in their economic development planning process. Because so many governments of developing nations have recognized the importance of these issues, the need today is not merely one of raising additional consciousness, but for carefully designed and sharply focused activities aimed at management regimes that are essential to the achievement of sustained development. There has been a pronounced deterioration of habitat all over the global because of

- A. Rigorous operation of the Malthusian principle
- B. Unprecedented urbanization and dislocation of self contained rural communities
- C. Optimum degree of industrialization in the developing countries
- D. Large scale deforestation and desertification

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Next week I am on vacation. While I am on a vacation, I will work on two projects. First, I will fix the washing machine. The washing machine has been broken for two weeks. To fix it, I will need three tools: a screwdriver, a wrench, and a clamp. It will take one day to fix the washing machine. Next, I will fix our back porch. This is a bigger project. It will probably take about two days to fix the back porch, and will require a screwdriver, a hammer, nails, and a saw. My vacation starts on Monday. I have a lot of work to do, but hopefully I can relax after I finish my work

- A. a screwdriver
- B. a wrench
- C. nails
- D. a saw

Question:

Which of the following tools does the author not need to fix the back porch?

17

Q.6 A great deal of discussion continues as to the real extent of global environmental degradation and its implications What few people challenge however is that the renewable natural resources of developing countries are today subject to stresses of unprecedented magnitude these pressures are brought about in part by increased population and the quest for an ever expanding food supply Because the health nutrition and general well-being of the poor majority are directly dependent on the integrity and productivity of their natural resources the capability of governments to manage them effectively over the long term becomes of paramount importance Developing countries are becoming more aware of the ways in which present and future economic development must build upon a sound and sustainable natural resource base some are looking at our long tradition in environmental protection and are receptive to US assistance which recognizes the uniqueness of the social and ecological systems in these tropical countries Developing countries recognize the need to improve their capability to analyze issues and their own natural resource management in February 1981, for example AID funded a national Academy of Sciences panel to advise Nepal on their severe natural resource degradation problems Some countries such as Senegal India Indonesia and Thailand are now including conservation concerns in their economic development planning process. Because so many government of developing nations have recognized the importance of these issues the need today is not merely one of raising additional consciousness but for carefully designed and sharply focused activities

- A. Cannot be easily assimilated by the technocrats of the developing countries
- B. Can be properly utilized on the basis of developing countries being able to launch an in-depth study of their specific problems
- C. Can be easily borrowed by the developing countries to solve the problem of environmental degradation
- D. Can be very effective in solving the problem of resource management in tropical countries

aimed at management regimes that are essential to the achievement of sustained development

b. Technical know-how developed in the USA

18	Ally	A. foe B. colleague C. partner D. companion
19	Large scale departure of people	A. Exodus B. Migration C. Emigration D. Immigration
20	Choose the correctly spelt word.	A. TERRER B. TEROR C. TERROR D. TEEROR