

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	<p>Choose Relative Pair Of Word</p> <p>GYMNASIUM : EXERCISE</p>	<p>A. Diseases : diagnose B. Birthday : Celebrate C. Store : Shop D. Army : discharge E. Building : construct</p>
2	<p>Elephants on the coast of Thailand are acting strange. They stamp their feet and motion toward the hulls. The sea draws back from the beaches. Fish flop in the mud. Suddenly, a huge wave appears. This is no ordinary wave. It is a tsunami (pronounced "soo-nah-mee") waves are larger and faster than normal surface waves. A tsunami wave can travel as fast as a jet plane and can be as tall as a ten-story building. Imagine dropping a stone into a pond. The water on the surface ripples. A tsunami is like a very powerful ripple. Tsunamis begin when the ocean rises or falls very suddenly. Large amounts of seawater are displaced. This movement causes huge waves. For a tsunami to occur, there must be some kind of force that causes the ocean water to become displaced. Most tsunamis are caused by underwater earthquakes. However, volcanoes, landslides, large icebergs, and even meteorites are capable of causing one of these mighty waves. Tsunamis are extremely powerful. Ordinary waves lose power when they break. Tsunami waves can remain powerful for several days. Because tsunami waves are so strong, they can kill people, damage property, and completely ruin an ecosystem in just one hour. Scientists have no way of predicting when a tsunami will hit. However, if a powerful enough earthquake occurs, scientists can issue a warning or a watch. A warning means that a tsunami will very likely hit soon. A watch means that conditions are favorable for a tsunami. When people are notified about a watch or a warning, they have more time to prepare. It is best not to get caught unaware when a tsunami is on the way. After reading the passage, we can conclude that a tsunami</p>	<p>A. watch is more serious than a warning B. warning is more serious than a watch C. warning and watch are equally serious D. warning and watch both mean a tsunami has formed</p>
3	<p>(Complete the sentence with suitable words)</p> <p>The counselor decided _____ the application</p>	<p>A. To accept B. Accepting C. Accepts D. To accepts</p>
4	<p>Q.2 The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However, till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such systems in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas in view of urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy is a kind of D.A to the poor the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the old it is also true dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies. The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.</p> <p>b. What according to the passage is the main purpose of public policy in the long run</p>	<p>A. Reducing the cost of living index by increasing supplies B. Providing enough food to all the citizens C. Good standard of living through productive employment D. Equalizing per capita income across different strata of society</p>
5	<p>Fearful : Cower</p>	<p>A. Weak : Exercise B. Wise : Dispute C. Arrogant : Strut D. Humble : Boast</p>
6	<p>Property taxes are based on an estimate of the value of one's property.</p>	<p>A. appraisal B. forecast C. yelp D. purr</p>

7	Admonish	A. Hypnotic B. Honor C. Encourage D. Scold
8	Access	A. reach B. excess C. large surplus D. construct
9	Condign	A. unavoidable B. satisfactory C. guarded D. undeserved
10	Choose Relative Pair Of Word ACT : STAGE	A. Swim : Pool B. Whale : River C. Cat : Dog D. Fish : Trout
11	Novice	A. Deletion B. Beatitude C. Volley D. Veteran
12	Choose the correctly spelt word	A. SEDATE B. SEDOTE C. SCEDATE D. SEEDATE
13	Debauch	A. Comment B. Connive C. Edify D. Malinger
14	A medicine that kills germs:	A. Pesticide B. Homicide C. Regicide D. Germicide
15	They planned to link the various cities one _____ another.	A. over B. with C. under D. into
16	Eliminating or killing of a whole race:	A. Homicide B. Genocide C. Suicide D. Germicide
17	<p>Nepal, a small, mountainous country tucked between India and China, may seem completely foreign to many Americans. Cows milk down busy streets unharmed, 24 different languages are spoken, and people eat two meals of rice and lentils every day. Nepali holidays, many of which are related to the Hindu religion. can seem especially bizarre to Americans unfamiliar with the culture. However, if we look beyond how others celebrate to consider the things they are celebrating, we find surprising similarities to our own culture. The biggest holiday in Nepal is Dashain, a ten-day festival for the Hindu goddess Durga that takes place in September or October. According to Hindu beliefs, Durga defeated the evil demons of the world. To thank the goddess, people visit temples in her honor and sacrifice goats or sheep as offerings. Throughout the year, most Nepalis do not eat much meat because it is expensive, but Dashain is a time to enjoy meat every day. Children fly colorful, homemade kites during Dashain. People also construct enormous bamboo swings on street corners and in parks. Every evening people gather at these swings and take turns swinging. Nepalis is a time for people to eat good food, relax and enjoy themselves. Aside from eating and enjoying themselves, during Dashain people also receive blessings from their elders. Schools and offices shut down so people can travel to be with their families. Reuniting with family reminds people of the importance of kindness, respect, and forgiveness. People also clean and decorate their homes for Dashain. And, like many holidays in the United States, it is a time for shopping. Children and adults alike get new clothes for the occasion. People express appreciation for all that they have, while looking forward to good fortune and peace in the year to come. During American holidays, people may not sacrifice goats or soar on bamboo swings, but we do often travel to be with family members and take time off work or school to relax. No matter how we celebrate, many people around the world spend their holidays honoring family, reflecting on their blessings, and hoping for good fortune in the future.</p> <p>Question: The colorful kites and bamboo swings are both used as examples of</p>	<p>A. ways people relax and enjoy themselves during Dashain B. things people honor and reflect on during Dashain C. Offerings to the goddess Durga D. Ways people reunite with family during Dashain</p>
18	Siesta : Nap	A. Lariat : Rope B. Farm : Plantation C. Sauerkraut : Cabbage D. Coin : Rug
19	A fool's paradise:	A. An underdeveloped country B. Utopia C. In a state of happiness founded on vain hopes D. Object to

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Only after food has been dried, _____ .

- A. that is should be stored for later consumption
 - B. should be stored for later consumption
 - C. it should be stored for later consumption
 - D. should it be stored for later consumption
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