

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | Spatter : Soak | A. Alarm : Whistle B. Desert : Sahara C. Bubble : Ball D. Whisper : Shout |
| 2 | Identify Error A person who lived to be more than thirsty years of age is indeed fortunate. No error | A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E |
| 3 | Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given WANE | A. Decline B. Tired C. Dead D. Shine |
| 4 | Ebullient | A. Feminine B. Dull C. Oily D. Salient |
| 5 | Horse: Steed | A. Offspring : Spawn B. Compass : Bore C. Dampness : Mildew D. Girl : Damsel |
| 6 | That overhead projector thousand rupees | A. Nearly costs sixty B. Costs sixty nearly C. Costs nearly sixty D. None of these |
| 7 | A black sheep: | A. Stranger B. On the run C. Scoundrel D. Gentlemen |
| 8 | Lumber : Walk | A. Splinter : Fly B. Flounder : Swim C. Seed : Rind D. Coal : Asphalt |
| 9 | Limpid : Mud | A. Harmonious : Discord B. Cool : Ice C. Hill : Mountain D. Smooth : Oil |
| 10 | Q.5 Recent advances is science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy.scientist can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat they have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information may lead to tendency to brand some people as inferiors Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced this is why much progress in this area has been Possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A. U.K and japan it remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen on will be able to obliterate disease from this world. n.According to the author the present state of knowledge about heredity has made geneticists | A. Introspective B. Accusative C. Arrogant D. Optimistic |
| 11 | Impair | A. Supplant B. Enhance C. Extend D. Graceful |

| 12 | According to Dr.Daniel when the companions of the king.saw (Complete the sentence with suitable words) the king after he had risen from the ground they said and we'll fight again | A. It is him B. It is he C. It is his D. It is himself |
|----|--|--|
| 13 | (Complete the sentence with suitable words) Khan had his car by an expert mechanic | A. Repair B. Repaired C. Prepaid |
| 14 | Q.5 Recent advances is science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy.scientist can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat they have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information may lead to tendency to brand some people as inferiors Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced this is why much progress in this area has been Possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A U.K and japan it remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen on will be able to obliterate disease from this world. j. At present genetic engineering can rectify all genetic disorder is it | A. Yes B. No C. It can do so only in some cases |

Chocolate – there's nothing quite like it, is there? Chocolate is simply delicious. What is chocolate? Where does it come from?

Christopher Columbus was probably the first to take cacao beans from the New World to Europe in around 1502. But the history of chocolate goes back at least 4,000 years! The Aztecs, who lived in America, through that their bitter cacao drink was a **divine** gift from heaven. In fact, the scientist Carolus Linnaeus named the plant Theobroma, which means "food of the gods"

The Spanish explorer Hernando Cortex went to America in 1519. He visited the Mexican emperor Montezuma. He saw that Montezuma drank cacao mixed with vanilla and spices. Cortez took some cacao home as a gift to the Spanish King Charles. In Spain, people began to drink Cortez's chocolate in drink with chili peppers. However, the natural taste of cacao was too bitter for most people. To sweeten the drink, Europeans added sugar to the cacao drink. As a sweet drink, it became more popular. By the 17th century, rich people in Europe were drinking it.

Later, people started using chocolate in **pastries**, like pies and cakes. In 1828, Dutch chocolate makers started using a new process for removing the fat from cacao beans, and getting to the center of the cacao bean. The Dutch chocolate maker Conrad J. Van Houten made a machine that pressed the fat from the bean. The resulting powder mixed better with water than cacao did. Now, some call van Houten's chocolate "Dutch chocolate."

It was easy to mix Dutuch chocolate powder with sugar. So other chocolate makers started trying new **recipes** that used powdered chocolate. People started mixing sweetened chocolate with cocoa butter to make solid chocolate bars. In 1849, an English chocolate maker made the first chocolate bar. In the 19th century, the Swiss started making milk chocolate by mixing powdered milk with sweetened chocolate. Milk chocolate has not changed much since this process was invented.

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Today, two countries – Brazil and lvory Coast – account for almost half the world's chocolate. The United States imports most of the chocolate in the world, but the

Swiss eat the most chocolate per person. The most chocolate eaten today is sweet milk chocolate, but people also eat white chocolate and dark chocolate.

Cocoa and dark chocolate are believed to help **prevent** heart attacks, or help keep from happening. They are supposed to be good for the circulatory system. On the other hand, the high fat content of chocolate can cause weight gain, which is not good for people's health. Other health claims for chocolate have not been proven, but some research shows that chocolate could be good for the brain.

Chocolate is a popular holiday gift. A popular Valentine's Day gift is a box of chocolate candies with a card and flowers. Chocolate is sometimes given for Christmas and birthdays. Chocolate eggs are sometimes given at Easter.

Chocolate is **toxic** to some animals. An ingredient in chocolate is poisonous to

A. He was an explorer from Mexico

B. He was the emperor of Mexico

C. He was an explorer from Spain

D. He was the king of Spain

dogs, cats, parrots, small rouents, and some livestock. Their bodies carriot process some if the chemicals found in chocolate. Therefore, they should never be fed chocolate.

| 16 | I cannot agree you in this matter. | A. Of B. With C. To D. On |
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| 17 | Alacrity | A. selfless B. eagerness C. parallel D. records |
| 18 | Q.2 The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such systems in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess ration cards The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas in view of urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity The food subsidy is a kind of D.A to the poor the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the old it is also true dependence and hence i | A. Mismanagement of food stocks B. Absence of proper public distribution system C. Production of food is less than the demand D. Governments apathy towards the poor |
| 19 | The counselor decided the application | A. To accept B. Accepting C. Accepts D. To accepts |
| 20 | I never miss a cricket match. I fond of cricket since childhood. | A. Have been B. has been C. will be D. am |