

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	<p>(Complete the sentence with suitable words)</p> <p>They say We are the representatives from Egypt</p>	<p>A. They said that they are the representatives from Egypt B. They say that they will be the representatives from Egypt C. They say that they were the representatives from Egypt D. They say that they are the representatives from Egypt</p>
2	<p>Where does chocolate come from? Believe it or not, it grows on trees. Not as a sweet chocolate candy bar wrapped in foil, but as a cocoa bean. These cocoa beans grow on a cacao tree, which is found in tropical areas such as Central and South America. The fruit of these are called pods, and they are long and hard. Inside the pods is a soft, white pulp that surrounds the thirty or so seeds. These seeds are what we call cocoa beans. They are very hard and bitter to the taste. To make chocolate, people start by carefully taking the beans out of the pods, still covered in the white pulp, and leaving them in a bucket. The bucket is often covered with banana leaves and left for anywhere from a few days to a few weeks. This process is called fermenting. Then the beans are left to dry in the sun. Fermenting and drying the beans makes them less bitter. Then the beans are shipped to a factory to be turned into chocolate. At the factory, beans are roasted in ovens to bring out their flavor. After roasting, the outer covering of the bean is removed. The inner bean is then crushed to form a paste known as chocolate liquor. From this paste, people can either make cocoa powder or the chocolate we buy in stores. To make cocoa powder, the paste is crushed and pressed repeatedly to remove the fat, leaving behind only a dry, ground powder. To make chocolate, people need to add other ingredients to the paste such as milk, sugar, and cocoa butter. They then mix and heat the concoction several times to create a substance we would recognize as chocolate. It may even have fruit, nuts, or candy added to it before it is molded into a shape. Considering all that must happen to turn a bitter cocoa bean into a chocolate bar, a dollar seems like a small price to pay for such a delicious sweet treat.</p> <p>Question: To make chocolate, what is the first thing people must do to the cocoa beans?</p>	<p>A. leave them in a bucket B. roast them in an oven C. dry them in the sun D. ship them to the factory</p>
3	<p>Identify Error</p> <p><u>Within</u> six months <u>the store</u> was <u>operating</u> profitably and <u>efficient</u>. <u>No error</u></p>	<p>A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E</p>
4	<p>One who loves mankind</p>	<p>A. <code>Philanthropist</code> B. <code>Optometrist</code> C. <code>Anthropologist</code> D. <code>Seismologist</code></p>
5	<p>Brusque</p>	<p>A. Modest B. Central C. Courteous D. Eliminate</p>
6	<p>Adjacent</p>	<p>A. contiguous B. truncate C. sharpened D. sluggish</p>
7	<p>Choose Relative Pair Of Word</p> <p>Cat: Feline</p>	<p>A. Fate: Fortune B. Puppet: statue C. Horse: Equine D. Tiger: Lion</p>
8	<p>Bungle</p>	<p>A. Select B. Unpack C. Quarrel with</p>

D. Accomplish smoothly

9	Evade : Question	A. ShirK : Mailngerers B. Elicit : Response C. Parry : Blow D. Knowledge : Thrust
10	(Complete the sentence with suitable words) Parveen got Mariam _____ her paper	A. Typed B. Type C. To type
11	Where does chocolate come from? Believe it or not, it grows on trees. Not as a sweet chocolate candy bar wrapped in foil, but as a cocoa bean. These cocoa beans grow on a cacao tree, which is found in tropical areas such as Central and South America. The fruit of these are called pods, and they are long and hard. Inside the pods is a soft, white pulp that surrounds the thirty or so seeds. These seeds are what we call cocoa beans. They are very hard and bitter to the taste. To make chocolate, people start by carefully taking the beans out of the pods, still covered in the white pulp, and leaving them in a bucket. The bucket is often covered with banana leaves and left for anywhere from a few days to a few weeks. This process is called fermenting. Then the beans are left to dry in the sun. Fermenting and drying the beans makes them less bitter. Then the beans are shipped to a factory to be turned into chocolate. At the factory, beans are roasted in ovens to bring out their flavor. After roasting, the outer covering of the bean is removed. The inner bean is then crushed to form a paste known as chocolate liquor. From this paste, people can either make cocoa powder or the chocolate we buy in stores. To make cocoa powder, the paste is crushed and pressed repeatedly to remove the fat, leaving behind only a dry, ground powder. To make chocolate, people need to add other ingredients to the paste such as milk, sugar, and cocoa butter. They then mix and heat the concoction several times to create a substance we would recognize as chocolate. It may even have fruit, nuts, or candy added to it before it is molded into a shape. Considering all that must happen to turn a bitter cocoa bean into a chocolate bar, a dollar seems like a small price to pay for such a delicious sweet treat. Question: Based on information in the passage, it can be understood that the chocolate sold in stores is different from cocoa beans because chocolate is	A. sweet and cocoa beans are bitter B. cheap and cocoa beans are expensive C. a dry powder and cocoa beans are not D. uncooked and cocoa beans are cooked
12	One who always runs away from danger	A. Timid B. Escapist C. Coward D. Shirker
13	Ali _____ force him self to work on till late in the night:	A. Would B. Would be C. Could D. Used to
14	Identify Error Why <u>don't you wear a</u> national dress? <u>No error</u>	A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E
15	Identify Error <u>Most of teachers at the state university care about their students progress</u> <u>No error</u>	A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E
16	Strive for excellence.	A. cooperate with others B. be patient C. make efforts D. pay well
17	Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given. Diaphanous	A. Transitive B. Secular C. Schematic D. Opaque E. Elephantine
18	CHARITY : VIRTUE	A. greed : evil B. avaricious : vicious C. penury : crime D. avarice : vice

A. Timid

A. >Philistine
 B. >Primitive
 C. >Barbarian
 D. >Illiterate

When her grandmother's health began to deteriorate in the fall of 1994, Mary would make the drive from Washington, DC to Winchester every few days.

She hated highway driving, finding it ugly and monotonous. She preferred to take meandering back roads to her grandmother's hospital. When she drove through the rocky town of Harpers Ferry, the beauty of the rough waters churning at the intersection of the Shenandoah and Potomac rivers always captivated her.

Toward the end of her journey, Mary had to get on highway 81. It was here that she discovered a surprising bit of beauty during one of her trips. Along the median of the highway, there was a long stretch of wildflowers. They were thin and delicate and purple, and swayed in the wind as if whispering poems to each other.

The first time she saw the flowers, Mary was seized by an uncontrollable urge to pull over on the highway and yank a bunch from the soil. She carried them into her grandmother's room when she arrived at the hospital and placed them in a water pitcher by her bed. For a moment her grandmother seemed more lucid than usual. She thanked Mary for the flowers, commented on their beauty and asked where she had gotten them. Mary was overjoyed by the ability of the flowers to wake something up inside her ailing grandmother.

- A. Energized
- B. Fascinated
- C. Humbled
- D. Relaxed

Afterwards, Mary began carrying scissors in the car during her trips to visit her grandmother. She would quickly glide onto the shoulder, jump out of the car, and clip a bunch of flowers. Each time Mary placed the flowers in the pitcher, her grandmother's eyes would light up and they would have a splendid conversation.

One morning in late October, Mary got a call that her grandmother had taken a turn for the worse. Mary was in such a hurry to get to her grandmother that she sped past her flower spot. She decided to turn around head several miles back, and cut a bunch. Mary arrived at the hospital to find her grandmother very weak and unresponsive. She placed flowers in the pitcher and sat down. She felt a squeeze on her fingers. It was the last conversation they had.

As used in the beginning of the story, which is the best definition for 'captivated'?