

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Sadiq will say to Laila, "Hove you ever been to Cango?"	<p>A. Sadiq will ask Laila if he has ever been to Congo</p> <p>B. Sadiq will aks Laila if he have ever been to Congo</p> <p>C. Sadiq would ask Laila if he had ever been to Congo</p> <p>D. Sadiq will ask Laila if he had ever been to Congo</p>
2	<p>Lilly loves her town. She loves the mall. She loves the parks. She also loves her school. Most of all, though, Lilly loves the seasons. In her old town, it was hot all of the time.</p> <p>Sometimes it is cold in Lilly's new town. The cold season is in winter. Once in a while it snows. Lilly has never seen snow before. So far her, the snow is exciting as well as very beautiful. Lilly has to wear gloves to keep her hands warm. She also wear a scarf around her neck.</p> <p>In spring, flowers bloom and the trees turn green with new leaves. Pollen falls on the cars and windowsills and makes Lilly sneeze. People work in their yards and mow their grass.</p> <p>In summer, Lilly wears her old shorts and sandals- the same ones she used to wear in her old town. It is hot outside, and dogs lie in the shade. Lilly and her friends go to a pool or play in the water sprinkler. Her father cooks hamburgers on the grill for dinner.</p> <p>Lilly's favorite season is autumn. In autumn, the leaves on the trees turn yellow, gold, red, and orange. Halloween comes in autumn, and this Lilly's favorite holiday. Every Halloween, Lilly wears a costume. Last year she wore a mouse costume. This year she will wear a fish costume.</p> <p>One evening in autumn, Lilly and her mom are on sitting together on the porch. Mom tells Lilly that autumn is also called "fall". This is a good idea, Lilly thinks, because in the fall all of the leaves fall down from the trees.</p> <p>What is Lilly's favorite thing about her new town?</p>	<p>A. Her school</p> <p>B. Going to the pool</p> <p>C. The food</p> <p>D. The seasons</p>
3	Ally	<p>A. foe</p> <p>B. colleague</p> <p>C. partner</p> <p>D. companion</p>
4	Credulity	<p>A. Parked</p> <p>B. Creditworthy</p> <p>C. Credential</p> <p>D. Cynicism</p>
5	Credulous	<p>A. Gullible</p> <p>B. Skeptical</p> <p>C. Unrewarded</p> <p>D. Humorous</p>

Fleas are perfectly designed by nature to feast on anything containing blood. Like a shark in the water or a wolf in the woods, fleas are ideally equipped to do what they do, making them very difficult to defeat. The bodies of these tiny parasites are extremely hardy and well-suited for their job.

A flea has a very hard exoskeleton, which means the body is covered by a tough, tile-like plate called a sclerite. Because of these plates, fleas are almost impossible to squish. The exoskeletons of fleas are also waterproof of fleas are also waterproof and shock resistant, and therefore fleas are highly resistant to the sprays and chemicals used to kill them.

Little spines are attached to his plate. The spine the flea scurries through an animal's fur in – search of grooming pet tries to pull a flea off through the hair coat, these spines will extend and stick to the fur like Velcro.

Fleas are some of the best jumpers in the natural world. A flea can jump seven inches, or 150 times its own length, either vertically or horizontally. An equivalent jump for a person would be 555 feet, the height of the Washington Monument. Fleas can jump 30,000 times in a row without stopping, and they are able to accelerate through the air at an incredibly high rate – a rate which is over ten times what humans can withstand in an airplane.

- A. Fleas extend their little spines if threatened
- B. Fleas have the ability to jump higher than humans
- C. Humans can jump higher if they consume foods containing resilin
- D. The resilin found in fleas is used to make rubber bands

6

Fleas have very long rear legs with huge thigh muscles and multiple joints. When they get ready to jump. They fold their long legs up and crouch like a runner on a starting block. Several of their joints contain a protein called resilin, which helps catapult fleas into the air as they jump, similar to the way a rubber band provides momentum to a slingshot. Outward facing claws on the bottom of their legs grip anything they touch when they land.

The adult female flea mates after her first blood meal and begins producing eggs in just 1 to 2 days. One flea can lay up to 50 eggs in one day and over 2,000 in her lifetime. Flea eggs can be seen with the naked eye, but they are about the size of a grain of salt. Shortly after being laid, the eggs begin to transform into cocoons. In the cocoon state, fleas are fully developed adults, and will hatch immediately if conditions are favorable. Fleas can detect warmth, movement, and carbon dioxide in exhaled breath, and these three factors stimulate them to emerge as new adults. If the flea does not detect appropriate conditions, it can remain dormant in the cocoon state for extended periods. Under ideal conditions, the entire life cycle may only take 3 weeks, so in no time at all, pets and homes can become infested.

Because of these characteristics, fleas are intimidating opponents. The best way to control fleas, therefore, is to take steps to prevent an infestation from ever occurring.

According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?

7

If _____ your job, what would you do?

- A. You had lost
- B. You have lost
- C. You loss
- D. You loss

8

Choose correct word or phrase that is most similar to the word given

BANAL

- A. Philosophical
- B. Original
- C. Dramatic
- D. Headless
- E. Commonplace

9

Affect

- A. have an effect
- B. enemy
- C. keen
- D. clip

10

Barbarous:

- A. Bloated
- B. Civilized
- C. Dreadful
- D. Conscious

11

Binoculars : See

- A. Spectacle : Notice
- B. Skeptic : Idea
- C. Ear trumpet : Hear
- D. Camera : Aperture

12

Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.

Disburse

- A. Fence
- B. Pocket
- C. Inter
- D. Lubricate
- E. Gain power

13

Q.2 The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such systems in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access. The poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas in view of urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy is a kind of D.A to the poor the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. It is true that subsidies should

- A. To make it target group oriented
- B. To increase the amount of food grains per ration card
- C. To decrease the allotment of food grains to urban sector
- D. To reduce administrative cost

not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the old it is also true dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.

g. What should be an appropriate step to make the PDS effective

14	Identify Error The government <u>requires</u> that a census <u>be taken</u> every ten years <u>so accurate</u> statistics may be <u>compiled</u> . <u>No error</u>	A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E
15	Identify Error <u>It is a matter of great pity</u> that she <u>became</u> a widow at <u>such an early stage</u> . <u>No error</u>	A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E
16	Debauch	A. Comment B. Connive C. Edify D. Malinger
17	If the application for a new IT job in US _____ more on the interview preparation, the results of their efforts would have been quite different	A. Have focused B. Had focused C. Focused D. Were focused
18	(Complete the sentence with suitable words) The student said to their proctor have you some spare money for farewell party	A. A students asked their proctor if he has any spare fund for farewell party B. The student asked their proctor if he had any spare fund for farewell party C. They students asked their proctor if he have any spare fund for farewell party
19	Q.2 The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy.However till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS).Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such systems in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess ration cards The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas in view of urgently needs to be streamlined.In addition considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented.The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population.If one only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity The food subsidy is a kind of D.A to the poor the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy.It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the old it is also true dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement. b.What according to the passage is be the main purpose of public policy in the long run	A. Reducing the cost of living index by increasing supplies B. Providing enough food to all the citizens C. Good standard of living through productive employment D. Equalizing per capita income across different strata of society
20	The thief was apprehended, but his <u>accomplice</u> had disappeared	A. People who saw him B. Guns and knives C. Person who helped him D. Stolen goods