

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Contumacious	A. Scrupulous B. Plentiful C. Thoughtful D. Obedient
2	<p>Many people like to eat pizza, but not everyone knows how to make it. Making the perfect pizza can be complicated, but there are lots of ways for you to make basic version at home.</p> <p>When you make pizza, you must begin with the crust. The crust can be hard to make. If you want to make the crust yourself, you will have to make dough using flour, water, and yeast. You will have to knead the dough with your hands. If you do not have enough time to do this, you can use a prepared crust that you buy from the store.</p> <p>After you have chosen your crust, you must then add the sauce. Making your own sauce from scratch can take a long time. You have to buy tomatoes, peel them, and then cook them with spices. If this sounds like too much work, you can also purchase jarred sauce from the store. Many jarred sauces taste almost as good as the kind you make at home.</p> <p>Now that you have your crust and your sauce, you need to add the cheese. Cheese comes from milk, which comes from cows. Do you have a cow in your backyard? Do you how to milk the cow? Do you know how to turn that milk into cheese? If not, you might want to buy cheese from the grocery store instead of making it yourself. When you have the crust, sauce, and cheese ready, you can add other toppings. Some people like to put meat on their pizza, while other people like to add vegetables. Some people even like to add pineapple! The best part of making a pizza at home is that you can customize it by adding your own favorite ingredients</p> <p>According to the author, which of the following ingredients do you need to have ready before you can add the toppings?</p> <p>I crust</p> <p>II sauce</p> <p>III cheese</p>	<p>A. I only B. I and II only C. II and III only D. I, II and III</p>
3	CARELESSNESS : ACCIDENT	A. assiduity : success B. indifference : fruition C. care : avoidance D. writer : blot
4	<p>Choose Relative Pair Of Word</p> <p>CRAVAT : NECK</p>	A. Artist : smock B. Bib : dinner C. Muzzle : Biting D. Spats : ankles
5	Although I had pledged not to tell anyone of the previous evening's trauma, the compulsive urge to unburden myself became _____,	A. Preposterous B. Overwhelming C. Impassive D. Irresistible
6	Incriminate	A. Exculpate B. Sporadic C. Appropriate D. Exhume
7	<p>Identify Error</p> <p>We <u>don't</u> have time <u>for</u> a large <u>amount</u> of <u>interruptions</u>. <u>No error</u></p>	A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E
8	HEART : CADIOLOGY	A. brain : psychology B. history : histrology C. civics : polity D. fossils : plaeontology

9	He complains _____ headache	A. of B. in C. by D. from
10	Choose Relative Pair Of Word DIET : REGIMEN	A. Teasing : Provocation B. Laughter : irrepressible C. Appraisal : army D. Revolutionaries : intrigue
11	Bucolic:	A. Urban B. Pastoral C. Office D. Trade
12	<p>Gold used in jewelry is mixed with harder metals to add strength and durability. The metals added can also be used to change gold's color, giving it a for the natural yellow tone of pure gold. Mixtures like these, of less costly metals with more valuable ones, are called alloys. Copper and silver are the most common metals mixed with gold to make yellow gold jewelry. White gold is usually made with an alloy of gold and nickel. The measure of is called gold's purity is called a karat. The higher the karat rating, the higher the amount of pure gold. 24 karat is pure gold, 18 karat is 75% pure gold, 14 karat is 58.5% pure gold, and 9 karat is 37.5% pure gold. All other things being equal, the higher the percentage of pure gold used in the alloy, the more valuable and expensive the jewelry will be. Gold jewelry pieces are usually stamped with a marking to identify the karat amount. White gold that is 24K is too soft for jewelry, 18K, 14K and 9K gold are all appropriate for jewelry, and they all make pieces that look great and wear beautifully.</p> <p>Question: Which of the following statements best captures the main idea of this passage?</p>	<p>A. Although gold is very valuable, it is also very expensive B. Gold jewelry is stamped with its karat weight C. Gold jewelry is made using alloys D. Colored gold is more valuable than white gold</p>
13	A raised place on which offerings to a god are made	<p>A. Chapel</p> <p>B. Archive</p> <p>C. Mound</p> <p>D. Altar</p>
14	If a natural energy resources becomes, unavailable scientists engineers and technologists	<p>A. Become totally helpless and cannot make it available B. Look for alternate resources to compensate the loss C. All the machines using this resource become useless D. All of the above</p>

The year 2006 was the golden anniversary, or the 50th birthday, of the Dwight D. Eisenhower National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. This system, usually referred to as The Interstate Highway System, is a system of freeways named after the U.S. President who supported it. The system is the largest highway system in the world, consisting of 46,876 miles (75,440 km) of freeways. The construction of the interstate highway system is an important part of American history. It has played a major role in **preserving** and maintaining the America way of life.

The interstate highway system has several major functions. One of its major functions is to **facilitate** the distribution of US good. Because the interstate passes through many downtown areas, it plays an important role in the **distribution** of almost all goods in the United States. Nearly all products travel at least part of the way to their destination on the Interstate System. Another major function of the interstate is to facilitate military troop movement to and from airports, seaports, rail terminals and other military destinations. The Interstate highways are connected to route in the Strategic Highway Network, which is a system of highways that are **vital** to the U.S. Department of Defense.

Today, most of the Interstate system consists of newly constructed highways. The longest section of the Interstate system runs from Boston, Massachusetts to Seattle, Washington. It covers 3,020.54 miles. The shortest two-digit interstate is from Emery, North Carolina to Greensboro, North Carolina. It covers only 12.27 miles. All state capitals except five are served by the system. The five that are not directly served are Juneau, AK, Dover, DE, Jefferson City, MO, Carson City, NV, and Pierre, SD. The Interstate Highway System serves almost all major U.S. cities.

A. Traveling
B. Traffic

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EACH Interstate highway is marked with a red, white, and blue shield with the word "Interstate," the name of the state, and the route number. Interstate highways are named with one or two-digit numbers. North-south highways are **designated** with odd numbers; east-west highways are named with even numbers. The north-south Interstate highways begin in the west with the lowest odd number; the east-west highways begin in the south with the lowest even numbers. There are mile markers at each mile of the interstate system, starting at the westernmost or southernmost point on the highway. Every Interstate highway begins with the number "0". Interchanges are numbered according to their location on the highway in relation to mileage; an exit between milepost 7 and milepost 8 would be designated "Exit 7." This system allows drivers estimate the distance to a desired exit, which a road is leading off the highway. Despite the common acceptance of the numbering system on the Interstate highways, some states have adopted different numbering systems. For example, a portion of the Interstate 19 in Arizona is measured in kilometers instead of miles since the highway goes south to Mexico.

- B. Taking up
- C. Giving out
- D. Producing

Since the Interstate highways are freeways-highways that do not have signs and cross streets – they have the highest speed limits in the nation. Most interstate highways have speed limits between 65 – 75 miles per hour (105 – 120 kilometers per hour), but some areas in Texas and Utah have an 80 mile-per-hour (130 kilometer-per-hour) speed limit.

The federal government primarily funds interstate highways. However, they are owned and operated by the individual states or toll authorities in the states. The federal government generally funds up to 90% of the cost of an Interstate highway, while the states pay the remainder of the cost.

Distribution is the process of

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Feeling **irritable** may be a side effect of too much medication.

- A. drowsy
- B. grouchy
- C. dizzy
- D. silly

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Fastidious

- A. Newfangled
- B. Tedious
- C. Obese
- D. Coarse

18

One who is well versed in the science of female ailments:

- A. Gynaecologist
- B. Dentist
- C. Druggist
- D. Oculist

When her grandmother's health began to deteriorate in the fall of 1994, Mary would make the drive from Washington, DC to Winchester every few days.

She hated highway driving, finding it ugly and monotonous. She preferred to take meandering back roads to her grandmother's hospital. When she drove through the rocky town of Harpers Ferry, the beauty of the rough waters churning at the intersection of the Shenandoah and Potomac rivers always captivated her.

Toward the end of her journey, Mary had to get on highway 81. It was here that she discovered a surprising bit of beauty during one of her trips. Along the median of the highway, there was a long stretch of wildflowers. They were thin and delicate and purple, and swayed in the wind as if whispering poems to each other.

The first time she saw the flowers, Mary was seized by an uncontrollable urge to pull over on the highway and yank a bunch from the soil. She carried them into her grandmother's room when she arrived at the hospital and placed them in a water pitcher by her bed. For a moment her grandmother seemed more lucid than usual. She thanked Mary for the flowers, commented on their beauty and asked where she had gotten them. Mary was overjoyed by the ability of the flowers to wake something up inside her ailing grandmother.

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Afterwards, Mary began carrying scissors in the car during her trips to visit her grandmother. She would quickly glide onto the shoulder, jump out of the car, and clip a bunch of flowers. Each time Mary placed the flowers in the pitcher, her grandmother's eyes would light up and they would have a splendid conversation.

One morning in late October, Mary got a call that her grandmother had taken a turn for the worse. Mary was in such a hurry to get to her grandmother that she sped past her flower spot. She decided to turn around head several miles back, and cut a bunch. Mary arrived at the hospital to find her grandmother very weak and unresponsive. She placed flowers in the pitcher and sat down. She felt a squeeze on her fingers. It was the last conversation they had.

"They were thin and delicate and purple, and swayed in the wind as if whispering poems to each other."

- A. Vernacular, suggesting the dialect of a particular geographical area
- B. Assonance, characterized by the repetition of identical or similar vowel sounds in successive words
- C. Foreshadowing, characterized by the use of hints to suggest what is to come
- D. Personification, characterized by a thing or object being endowed with human qualities

points to each other.

Which of the following literary techniques is used in the above sentence?

(Complete the sentence with suitable words)

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The teacher said to the students There will be no class work today

- A. The teacher told the students that there would be no class work that day
- B. The teacher told the students that there could be no class work that day
- C. The teacher told the students that there is no class work that day
- D. The teacher told the students that there will be no class work that day