

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	ENTREPRENEUR : LABOURER	A. profits : wages B. arbitrator : capitalist C. mediator : conflict D. moonlighting : worker
2	Knowledge is like a deep fed by _____ springs, and your mind in the little bucket that you drop in it.	A. External B. Perennial C. Immortal D. Inexhaustible
3	EDUATION : DEVELOPMENT	A. man : speech B. nutrition : health C. game : play D. child : growth
4	Choose Relative Pair Of Word Stage: director	A. Choir: soprano B. Judge: lawyer C. Bank: clarinet D. Meeting: chairman
5	There are many dialects of English with radically different pronunciations of the same word, but the spelling of these words _____.	A. Shortened B. Inconstant C. Contemplated D. Uniform
6	Abrogate	A. cancel B. surrogate C. decorate D. explain
7	<p>Nepal, a small, mountainous country tucked between India and China, may seem completely foreign to many Americans. Cows milk down busy streets unharmed, 24 different languages are spoken, and people eat two meals of rice and lentils every day. Nepali holidays, many of which are related to the Hindu religion, can seem especially bizarre to Americans unfamiliar with the culture. However, if we look beyond how others celebrate to consider the things they are celebrating, we find surprising similarities to our own culture. The biggest holiday in Nepal is Dashain, a ten-day festival for the Hindu goddess Durga that takes place in September or October. According to Hindu beliefs, Durga defeated the evil demons of the world. To thank the goddess, people visit temples in her honor and sacrifice goats or sheep as offerings. Throughout the year, most Nepalis do not eat much meat because it is expensive, but Dashain is a time to enjoy meat every day. Children fly colorful, homemade kites during Dashain. People also construct enormous bamboo swings on street corners and in parks. Every evening people gather at these swings and take turns swinging. Nepalis is a time for people to eat good food, relax and enjoy themselves. Aside from eating and enjoying themselves, during Dashain people also receive blessings from their elders. Schools and offices shut down so people can travel to be with their families. Reuniting with family reminds people of the importance of kindness, respect, and forgiveness. People also clean and decorate their homes for Dashain. And, like many holidays in the United States, it is a time for shopping. Children and adults alike get new clothes for the occasion. People express appreciation for all that they have, while looking forward to good fortune and peace in the year to come. During American holidays, people may not sacrifice goats or soar on bamboo swings, but we do often travel to be with family members and take time off work or school to relax. No matter how we celebrate, many people around the world spend their holidays honoring family, reflecting on their blessings, and hoping for good fortune in the future.</p> <p>Question: The colorful kites and bamboo swings are both used as examples of</p>	<p>A. ways people relax and enjoy themselves during Dashain B. things people honor and reflect on during Dashain C. Offerings to the goddess Durga D. Ways people reunite with family during Dashain</p>
8	<p>(Complete the sentence with suitable words)</p> <p>The counselor decided _____ the application</p>	<p>A. To accept B. Accepting C. Accepts D. To accepts</p>
9	<p>Identify Error</p> <p><u>Whole the world mourned the loss of that leader.</u> No error</p>	<p>A. A B. B C. C D. D E. E</p>
10	<p>Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.</p> <p>Irate</p>	<p>A. In proportion B. Calm C. Logical D. Wise E. Unconventional</p>

11	Stethoscope : Physician	A. Microscope : Amoeba B. Psychiatrist : Couch C. Wrench : Plumber D. Bat : Baseball
12	Energy : Dissipate	A. Battery : Recharge B. Atom : Electron C. Food : Bread D. Money : Spend
<p>The public distribution system, which provides food at low prices, is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day, the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country.</p> <p>Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income, and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However, till then, there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS).</p> <p>Although the PDS is extensive – it is one of the largest such systems in the world – it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places. It remains an urban phenomenon, with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access. The poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out, for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas. In view of such deficiencies in the system, the PDS urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition, considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other, there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented.</p>		
13	<p>The growing salaried class is provided job security, regular income, and percent insulation against inflation. These gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years, the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy is a kind of D.A. to the poor, the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. However, what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so – called food subsidy, the major part of it is administrative cost and wastages. A small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need.</p> <p>It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute, disabled widows and the old. It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit – forming, killing the general initiative of the people. By making PDS target group oriented, not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost, but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities. When the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies. The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.</p> <p>What, according to the passage, is be the main purpose of public policy in the long run?</p>	A. Reducing the cost of living index by increasing supplies B. Providing enough food to all the citizens C. Good standard of living through productive employment D. Equalizing per capita income across different strata of society
14	Adamant	A. genteel B. lovely C. harsh D. ugly
15	<p>Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.</p> <p>Fastidious</p>	A. Newfangled B. Tedious C. Obese D. Coarse E. Slow moving
16	There is no incentive for america to sign the treaty since there is every reason to _____no other nation intends to honour its provisions:	A. Regret B. Inform C. Believe D. Occupy
17	Disconcert	A. Sign in harmony B. Pretend C. Cancel program D. Confuse
		A. For B. With

18 Everybody is answerable ____ God for his sins.

B. vvvvvv
C. To
D. On

Choose correct word or phrase that is most opposite of the word given.

19 Tedious

A. Plainspoken
B. Refreshing
C. Coarse
D. Appropriate
E. hygienic

20 At daggers drawn:

A. Real cause
B. To be puzzled
C. At enmity
D. At friendship