

ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For English Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Capricious	A. Diminutive B. Sudden C. Immoral D. Steady
2	NOVICE : EXPERIENCE	A. Questioner : Knowledge B. Invader : Bravery C. Narrator : Objectivity D. Rube : Sophistication
3	Choose Relative Pair Of Word Church: Spire	A. Temple: shrine B. Opera: stage C. Courtroom: bench D. Mosque: minaret
4	<p>When Greg went to the giant aquarium near his house, he had one type of animal that he loved to watch. He liked dolphins and manatees, but he loved whales. Baluga whales from the arctic were really neat, but it was the Killer Whales especially that had his heart. For hours, from the park opening until closing, he could watch them. Their black-and-white patterned skin reminded him of a tuxedo, a penguin, or even a zebra, but on the whales it seemed even more special. It made them stand out in the water. Their playfulness and intelligence amazed him, too. He liked to watch the trainers coax them through jumps, leaps, and other tricks. They talked and squawked at the trainers. One time the trainer even got launched into the air off the whale's nose. It was an impressive feat. It always surprised him now fast and agile such a massive creature could be. He always expected them to be slow and lumbering, but they were fast like a bullet, darting through their huge tanks and exploding from the water. In the park, they were fast like a bullet, darting through their huge tanks and exploding from the water. In the park, they ate fish and other snacks, and lots of them. In the wild, he understood why they had their fierce name. They could eat seals, sea lions, small whales, and just about anything they could catch. Their teeth were sharp and predatory. They were the top of the food chain - even more dangerous than sharks. The Killer Whales were amazing animals. They inspired him to learn more about the sea. He thought that some day he might want to be a marine biologist. Then, he could learn about his favourite animals as a job. For now, he'd have to settle for watching them through the tank's glass and reading about them. However, there was always the future.</p> <p>Question: Even though look cool and nice, Greg knows killer whales are what?</p>	A. fierce predators B. cute C. friendly D. very humorous
5	Relaxation therapy teaches one not to fret over small problems.	A. worry about B. get angry about C. get involved in D. look for
6	Halo : Saint	A. Moses : Commandments B. Rabble : Demagogue C. Wings : Angle D. Chariot : Fire
7	<p>Yellowstone National Park is the U.S. States of Wyoming, Idaho and Montana. It became the first National Park in 1872. There are geysers and hot springs at Yellowstone. There are also many animals at Yellowstone. There are elk, bison, sheep, grizzly, black bears, moose, coyotes, and more.</p> <p>More than 3 million people visit Yellowstone National Park year. During the winter, visitors can ski or go snowmobiling there. There are also snow coaches that give tours. Visitors can see steam (vapor water) come from the geysers. During other seasons, visitors can go boating or fishing. People can ride horses there. There are nature trails and tours. Most visitors want to see Old Faithful, a very predictable geyser at Yellowstone. Visitors can check a schedule to see the exact time that Old Faithful is going to erupt. There are many other geysers and boiling springs in the area. Great Fountain Geyser erupts every 11 hours. Excelsior Geyser produces 4,000 gallons of boiling water each minute! Boiling water is 100 degrees Celsius, or 212 degrees Fahrenheit – that's very hot! People also like to see the Grand Prismatic Spring. It is the largest hot spring in the park. It has many beautiful colors. The beautiful colors are caused by bacteria in the water. These are forms of life that have only one cell. Different bacteria live in different water temperatures. Visiting Yellowstone National Park can be a week – long vacation or more. It is beautiful and there are activities for everyone.</p>	A. Forms of life with once cell B. Multi-celled organisms C. Sunshine D. Various types of water

What are bacteria?

8	Bewildered	A. Confused B. Bedeviled C. Discarded D. Neglected
9	Mentor	A. Lawyer B. Counselor C. Enemy D. Curator
10	Abscond	A. conceal one self B. remain C. abstract D. fabricate
11	The jug is full ____ milk.	A. Of B. With C. In D. Upon
12	<p>When you imagine the desert, you probably think of a very hot place covered with sand. Although this is a good description for many deserts. Earth's 1 with ice: Antarctica. In order for an area to be considered a desert, it must receive very little rainfall. More specifically, it must receive an average of less than ten inches of precipitation - which can be rain, sleet, hail, or snow - on the ground every year. Antarctica, the coldest place on earth, has an average temperature that usually falls below the freezing point. And because cold air holds less moisture than warm air, the air in Antarctica does not hold much moisture at all. This is evident in the low precipitation statistics recorded for Antarctica. For example, the central part of Antarctica receives an average of less than 2 inches of snow every year. The coastline of Antarctica receive a little bit more-between seven and eight inches a year. Because Antarctica gets so little precipitation every year, it is considered a desert. When precipitation falls in hot deserts, it quickly evaporates back into the atmosphere. the air over Antarctica is too cold to hold water vapor, so there is very little evaporation. Due to this low rate of evaporation, most of the snow that falls to the ground remains there permanently, eventually building up into thick ice sheets. Any snow that does not freeze into ice sheets becomes caught up in the strong winds that constantly blow over Antarctica. These snow-filled winds can make it look as if it is snowing. Even though snowfall is very rare there, blizzards are actually very common on Antarctica.</p> <p>Question: Africa's Sahara Desert is the second largest desert on is the earth. Based on the information in the passage what characteristic must the Sahara share with Antarctica?</p>	A. low temperature B. high temperature C. frequent blizzards D. low precipitation
13	Cowardly	A. Courageously B. Silently C. Secretly D. Timidity
14	Choose Relative Pair Of Word Elicit: Response	A. Religion: ethics B. Crime: arrest C. Answer: question D. Coax: smile
15	Electron : Nucleus	A. Electric : Exciting B. Earth : Sun C. Magnet : Pole D. Cell : Membrane
16	Parrot : Ape	A. Curve : Arc B. Wood : Tree C. Alarm : Fire D. Crane : Boar
17	<p>Gold used in jewelry is mixed with harder metals to add strength and durability. The metals added can also be used to change gold's color, giving it a for the natural yellow tone of pure gold. Mixtures like these, of less costly metals with more valuable ones, are called alloys. Copper and silver are the most common metals mixed with gold to make yellow gold jewelry.</p> <p>White gold is usually made with an alloy of gold and nickel. The measure of is called gold's purity is called a karat. The higher the karat rating, the higher the amount of pure gold. 24 karat is pure gold, 18 karat is 75% pure gold, 14 karat is 58.5% pure gold, and 9 karat is 37.5% pure gold. All other things being equal, the higher the percentage of pure gold used in the alloy, the more valuable and expensive the jewelry will be. Gold jewelry pieces are usually stamped with a marking to identify the karat amount. White gold that is 24K is too soft for jewelry, 18K, 14K and 9K gold are all appropriate for jewelry, and they all make pieces that look great and wear beautifully.</p> <p>Question: Based on information in the passage, it can be understood that pure gold is</p>	A. not used to make rings B. stamped with 100K C. an alloy of different metals D. colorless
18	HEART : RADIOLOGY	A. brain : psychology B. history : histology C. civics : polity D. fossils : paleontology

19

Notorious killer Sangi killed his uncle _____

- A. When he was sixteen years old
- B. When sixteen years old
- C. In the age of sixteen years
- D. At the age of sixteen

20

Complacent

- A. content
 - B. pleasant
 - C. spiteful
 - D. querulous
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