

ECAT Computer Science Chapter 12 Introduction to C Language

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Global variables are created In	A. RAM B. ROM C. Hard disk D. Cache
2	The function definition consists of:	A. Function header of function declaration B. Function body C. Both A and B D. None of these
3	Which of the following is type of function available in C language?	A. User defined B. Built in C. Subprogram D. Both A and B
4	In a C program, two functions can have	A. Same name B. Same parameters C. Same name and same Parameters D. Same name but different parameters
5	Which of the following is incorrect?	A. A function can call another function B. A function can be calling many times in a program C. A function can return values input by user D. A function must have at least one value parameter
6	The name of actual and formal parameters	A. May or may not be same B. Must be same C. Must be different D. Must be In lower case
7	Which of the following steps takes place when function is called:	A. The control moves to the function that is called B. All statements in the body of function are executed C. The control returns back to the calling function D. All of these
8	A value that can be sent to a function is known as:	A. Returned value B. Indicator C. Argument D. Automatic variable
9	Which of the following Is NOT a valid function declaration?	A. Int ave3(int a, Int b, Int c); B. Int 3ave(Int a, Int b, lht c); C. int ave3(int, int, int); D. int ave_3(int a1, int a2, Int a3)
10	Function prototype for built-in functions are specified in:	A. Source file B. Header file C. Object file D. Image file
11	The parameters in function declaration is called:	A. Formal parameters B. Actual parameters C. Both A and B D. Returned parameters
12	The statement that activates a function is known as:	A. Function call B. Function output C. Function design D. Function definition
13	The first line of function definition is known as:	A. Function header B. Function body C. Arguments D. Return type

14	A type of function that is available as part of language is known as	A. User-defined function B. Library function C. Sub-program D. Both a and b
15	Global variables are created in:	A. RAM B. ROM C. Hard disk D. Cache
16	Which of the following can return a value	A. Function B. Procedure C. Both A and B D. None of above
17	A built-In function	A. Cannot be redefined B. Can be redefined C. Cannot return a value D. Should be redefined
18	The scope of a variable refers to its:	A. Length B. Name C. Accessibility D. Data type
19	A variable declared inside a function is known as:	A. Local variable B. Global variable C. Automatic variable D. A and C
20	A value that can be sent to a function is known as	A. Returned value B. Indicator C. Argument D. Automatic variables