

CSS MCQs Test for Political Science

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | "Pakistan's Constitution should incorporate the essential principles of Islam, which are as good and relevant in our day, as were 1300 years ago. But Pakistan should not be a theocratic state ruled by priests. "This statement was given by | A. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan B. Allama Iqbal C. Quaid-e-Azam D. None of these |
| 2 | How did the founders of the United States view political parties? | A. With suspicion B. As an essential way of securing the people's power C. As a necessary evil D. None of these |
| 3 | The final outcome of the French presidential election is on the completion of (run of election) second ballot among | A. All the candidates B. Top two candidates C. Top three candidates D. Top four candidates |
| 4 | Who wrote the book "the Rights of Man" | A. Edmund Burke B. Thomas Paine C. Locke D. Green |
| 5 | Rawls turned towards the question of political legitimacy in the context of intractable philosophical, religious and moral disagreement amongst citizens regarding the human good in | A. A Theory of Justice B. Political Liberalism C. The Law of Peoples D. Justice as Fairness: A Restatement |
| 6 | Who called the "Spiritual Guide" as shopkeepers? | A. Shaikh Ahmed Sirhindi B. Shah Waliullah C. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan D. None of these |
| 7 | Anarchism is the extreme left wing of Socialism. It was first expounded as political doctrine by | A. William Godwin B. Prince Kropotkin C. Proudhon D. None of these |
| 8 | What is the ordinary life of a gubernatorial Ordinance under the Constitution of Pakistan 1973? | A. Unlimited B. 3 months C. 4 months D. None of them |
| 9 | Who said : "Right is a reasonable claim recognized by society and enforced by the State" | A. Harold Joseph Laski B. Bernard Bosanquet C. Green D. Marx |
| 10 | Who put forward the economic theory of rights | A. Locke B. Ricardo C. Karl Marx D. Hitler |
| 11 | The United States of America consist of | A. 48 states B. 50 states C. 52 states D. None of these |
| 12 | In 1739 the Portuguese lost their possessions of Salsette and Bassein to | A. The Dutch B. The English C. The Mughals D. The Marathas |
| 13 | The statement it brings about a chasm between sources of knowledge and legislative centers of their application applies to | A. The Presidential system of government B. The practice of delegated legislation C. Dictatorship of the Cabinet D. The relationship between ministers and civil servants |
| 14 | The welfare theory believes that the state is | A. Means B. An end C. An organism D. None of these |

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| 15 | SEATO was formed in | A. 1953 B. 1954 C. 1955 D. None of them |
| 16 | A 'zero-sum game' in politics | A. Has no scope for cooperation among the players in the long run in politics B. Has much scope for permanent coalitions of some players against the rest C. Has infinite scope for multiple-level combinations of winning partnership strategies D. Implies that ultimate ends of all 'Games' in politics are predictable and knowable |
| 17 | When did the rule of East India Company come into end in the British India? | A. 1857 B. 1858 C. 1947 D. 1948 |
| 18 | France is a | A. Semi-presidential System B. Presidential System C. Parliamentary D. None of these |
| 19 | OIC is an organization of | A. 48 states B. 57 states C. 60 states D. None of them |
| 20 | Switzerland joined the UN during | A. 2000 B. 2001 C. 2002 D. None of them |