

CSS Political Science Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Who among the following described democracy as the 'tyranny of the majority?	A. J.Rousseau B. De Tocqueville C. John Dunning D. James Madison
2	What are "dead letter regimes"	A. The situation in which the regime does to have a clear successor to its ruler in case of death B. A situation in which formal rules have been brought into existence without any expectation that they will be observed C. A situation in which a regime's constitution is not followed or is insignificant D. All of these
3	The National Assembly of Pakistan consists of	A. 340 B. 341 C. 342 D. None of them
4	"Principle of Utility" as a method was the idea of	A. james Mill B. Herbert Spencer C. Jeremy Bentham D. Kant
5	Karl Popper was born in	A. Salzburg B. Bregenz C. Vienna D. None of these
6	Constitutional government stands for:	A. Limited government B. A government limited by the desires and capacities of those who exercise power C. A government runs according to general laws known to the people D. A government runs by people's representatives
7	Under the local government plan 2000 local government is formed at	A. Two levels B. Three levels C. Four levels D. none of them
8	When was military dictator Zia constituted Maklis-e Shoora (National Assembly)?	A. October 1980 B. December 1981 C. November 1980 D. December 1987
9	Who said, "Law is the command of sovereign"?	A. Jean Bodin B. John Austin C. Rousseau D. None
10	How many members are there currently of the EU?	A. 10 B. 15 C. 28 D. 27
11	Which of the following was NOT a cause for the rise of Adolf Hitler?	A. German support for the Treaty of Versailles B. A fear of communism C. Weaknesses of the Weimar Republic D. German nationalism
12	Quorum required for the National Assembly is	A. 1/4th of the members presrnt B. 1/4th of the total Membership C. 1/3rd of the total Membership D. 1/5th of the total Membership
		A. Govt.of India Act 1858, Indian Council Act 1861

13	Under the British rule, how many acts came into operation	B. Indian Council Act 1892, Indian Council Act 1861 C. Govt of india Act 1919, Govt. of India Act 1935 Indian independence Act 1947 D. All of these
14	According to 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act, of Indian Constitution the minimum age for contesting elections to the Panchayati Raj Institutions should be	A. 18 years B. 23 years C. 21 years D. 25 years
15	Pierre Bourdieu was born in	A. 1930 B. 1932 C. 1934 D. None of these
16	In 1988 which new party was born in England?	A. Social Democrats B. Liberal Democrats C. Social and Liberal Democrats D. None of these
17	Jean paul Sartre was a	A. French philosopher B. German philosopher C. Italian philosopher D. None of these
18	Majority of Southern Pakistan population lived along the	A. River Indus B. River Ravi C. River Jhelum D. None of these
19	Which one of the following is not an essential feature of the parliamentary system?	A. Fusion of the Executive and the Legislature B. Nominal head of the state C. Collective responsibility D. Fixed tenure
20	Which argument does Kierkegaard use for the existence of God?	A. The Argument from Design B. The Argument from first Cause C. The Ontological Argument D. A version of the Cosmological Argument E. Kierkegaard gives no argument for the existence of God