

## CSS MCQs Test for Political Science

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	What is cosmopolitan democracy?	<p>A. A form of world government with global citizenship</p> <p>B. Rule by the world' educated elites</p> <p>C. Democratic government at the level of the city</p> <p>D. Democratic governmentthat is representative of a multicultural society</p>
2	Which one of the following negates the fundamentals principles of bureaucracy?	<p>A. Organization of official functions on a continuous rule bound basis</p> <p>B. Appropriation of official position by the incumbent</p> <p>C. Trained personnel for the conduct of business</p> <p>D. Principle of hierarchy</p>
3	The Grand National Assembly of Turkey was founded in Ankara on	<p>A. 23 April 1920</p> <p>B. 23 April 1922</p> <p>C. 23 April 1924</p> <p>D. none</p>
4	The Tashkent agreement	<p>A. Condemned China</p> <p>B. Pledged plebiscite in Kashmir</p> <p>C. Ended the hostilities between India</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
5	According to Bentham, a moral sanction is	<p>A. Pleasure or pain inflicted by chance members of the community</p> <p>B. pleasure or pain inflicted by a judge in accordance with a rule</p> <p>C. Pleasure or pain that it is permissible to inflict on someone</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
6	Which of the following is a major ideological priority for the current Republican Party?	<p>A. a smaller government that performs fewer social welfare functions</p> <p>B. a more active government role in regulating moral values</p> <p>C. Both a smaller government that performs fewer social welfare functions and a more active governmental role in regulating moral values are major ideological priorities for the current Republican Party</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
7	Type of government where one person or small group holds all the power	<p>A. Monarchy</p> <p>B. Direct democracy</p> <p>C. Dictatorship</p> <p>D. Republic</p>
8	The feature which is present in the Presidential system but lacking the Parliamentary system is the	<p>A. Distinction between the real and the nominal executive</p> <p>B. Fixed tenure of the Chief executive</p> <p>C. Formation of the Executive from the members of legislatures</p> <p>D. Responsibility of the Executive to the Legislature</p>
9	Indo-Chinese war occurred in	<p>A. 1965</p> <p>B. 1962</p> <p>C. 1971</p> <p>D. 1948</p>
10	The American Congress consist of	<p>A. 535 members</p> <p>B. 536 members</p> <p>C. 538 members</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
11	The first American President was	<p>A. Abraham Lincoln</p> <p>B. George Washington</p> <p>C. James Madison</p>

		D. None of these
12	Which of the following figures generally assumes the role of the spokesperson for the loyal opposition?	A. The House minority leader B. The Senate minority leader C. The minority whip D. The national chair of the party that does not hold the presidency
13	Benjamin Disraeli's maiden speech in the House of Commons was	A. Failure B. Successful C. Normal D. None of these
14	Pakistan exploded her first nuclear bomb on	A. 28th May 1998 B. 14th August 1998 C. 4th April 1998 D. None of these
15	French System of government is	A. Presidential B. Parliamentary C. Mixed D. None of these
16	The French President is elected for:	A. 5 years B. 6 years C. 7 years D. None of these
17	On which date United Nations (UN) Public Service Day is observed ?	A. June 20 B. June 24 C. June 19 D. June 23
18	Which of the following countries has become the first country in the world to ban deforestation?	A. Paraguay B. Norway C. Bolivia D. Argentina
19	Which of these is a stereotype- a generally believed idea that isn't always true	A. Only females can bear children B. Many girls grow up to become scientists C. Boys are better than girls at math D. none of these
20	Which one of the following is not a premise of the 'social contract' theory?	A. The ground of political obligation could be objectively determined if it could be traced to a contractual promise B. Political obligations actually stem from explicit contracts C. A State is legitimate to the extent that a contract could be constructed to justify political obligation D. Human rights are not natural they emerge from social contracts and obligations