

CSS Political Science Topic 9 Political Ideologies

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	According to Fascists the state:	A. Is collection of individuals B. Is association of associations C. Is one of the associations D. Represents the mind of the society
2	how were Benito Mussolini's followers known?	A. Black shirts B. Red hats C. White ties D. White knights
3	Who used to say 'My Programme is action and not talk'?	A. Mussolini B. Hitler C. Karl Marx D. Stalin E. Lenin
4	Fascists believe that for advancement there should be:	A. A good theory B. Theory first and action later on C. difference between theory and action D. Action first and theory later
5	Marxian Socialism is also known as:	A. Scientific Socialism B. Revolutionary Socialism C. Evolutionary Socialism D. Utopian Socialism
6	Which one of the following arrangements was favored by the Fascists?	A. Socialism B. Guild Socialism C. Corporativism D. A combination of good features of all the above systems
7	The Nuremberg Trials were concerned With	A. Holding individuals responsible for the horrors of the Holocaust B. Deciding the fate of satellite nations in the early years of the Cold War C. Levying monetary war reparations against Germany D. Creating a collective security organization after WW2
8	The Communist Manifesto describes the state as:	A. An executive committee of the workers B. An executive committee of elites C. An executive committee of the bourgeois D. An executive committee of various sections of society
9	Marxian Socialism lays emphasis on	A. Political equality B. Social equality C. Legal equality D. Economic equality
10	Capitalism is an economic system	A. Based on government intervention in the means of production B. That originated in the United States in the 19th century C. Where private owners of capital make decisions based on profit D. That dominated developing economies in the 19th century
11	Fascists believe in:	A. Internationalism B. International organization C. Unconditional acceptance of international obligations D. One state, one party and one leader
		A. Common good B. Good of the society as a whole

12	The Marxist believe that the political power is generally used for:	<p>C. Promotion of the interests of the economically dominant classes</p> <p>D. Promotion of the interests of the economically backward classes</p>
13	Marxian Socialists lay emphasis on:	<p>A. Personal Rights</p> <p>B. Social Rights</p> <p>C. Political Rights</p> <p>D. Economic Rights</p>
14	Who said war alone brings up to its highest tension all human energy and puts the stamp of nobility upon the peoples who have the courage to meets?	<p>A. Hitler</p> <p>B. Marx</p> <p>C. Mussolini</p> <p>D. Stalin</p>
15	Communism which was propounded by Marx and Engels and modified by subsequent philosophers believes in	<p>A. State ownership of all the means of production</p> <p>B. Complete freedom in the economic sphere</p> <p>C. Mixed economy with only key industries under state control</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
16	According to Marx the value of a good is determined by:	<p>A. Labour</p> <p>B. Land</p> <p>C. Capital</p> <p>D. Combination of all the above factors</p>
17	Marxian Socialism lays emphasis on:	<p>A. Political equality</p> <p>B. Social equality</p> <p>C. Legal Equality</p> <p>D. Economic equality</p>
18	Which one of the following is not true about Bernstein's views about capitalist society?	<p>A. it is based on exploitation</p> <p>B. it has encouraged production of costly goods</p> <p>C. It is antagonistic of state</p> <p>D. It does not allow full payment of wages to workers</p>
19	The dialectic materialism of Marx:	<p>A. as a continuation of Hegel's dialectic</p> <p>B. Was a reversal of Hegel's dialectic</p> <p>C. Had no relationship with the dialectic</p> <p>D. None</p>
20	What great accomplishment did Benito Mussolini announce on 9 May 1936?	<p>A. Marconi won Nobel Prize</p> <p>B. Italy had its empire</p> <p>C. Discovery of South pole</p> <p>D. Discovery of North pole</p>