

## CSS Political Science Topic 8 Forms of Government

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The concept of Rights, Property, Liberty, Equality and Justice are related to	A. Dictatorship B. Aristocracy C. Democracy D. Oligarchy
2	The basic problem in the working of parliamentary system in Pakistan arises out of	A. Lack of a cohesive and viable party system B. The absence of an efficient and independent bureaucracy C. Lack of clear constitutional provisions D. Weak political executive on account of its dependence on the legislative
3	In which one of the following forms of government the second chamber an indispensable part of the legislature	A. Unitary Government B. Federal Government C. Parliamentary Government D. Presidential Government
4	Type of government where all voters in a community meet to make laws and decide actions	A. Monarchy B. Republic C. Dictatorship D. Direct democracy
5	In which one of the following systems of Government is Bicameralism an essential feature	A. Federal system B. Unitary system C. Presidential system D. Parliamentary system
6	Federalism is often seen as advantageous when	A. The country covers a huge geographical area B. The country contains strong local identities C. There is a big disparity between rich and poor D. There are many cultural groups in society
7	What type of government elects representative to make all government decisions?	A. Republic B. Direct democracy C. Dictatorship D. Monarchy
8	Separation of powers refers to which branches of government?	A. Legislative , executive and military B. Executive, judicial and administrative C. Legislative executive and judicial D. Executive, administrative and military
9	Dictatorship of the Proletariat is one of the concepts of :	A. Karl Marx B. Max Weber C. Maozedung D. None of these
10	"All administration means domination " who said this	A. Weber B. Martin Albrow C. R. K Merton D. Talcot Parsons
11	In a parliamentary form of government, ministers are appointed by	A. The head of the state at his discretion B. The head of the government C. The head of the state on the recommendations of the head of the government D. The legislature
12	In which one of the following countries does a mixture of Parliamentary and Presidential form of Government exist?	A. Switzerland B. France C. United states of America D. Germany
		A. It was in conflict with the principle

13	The nineteenth century liberals were distrustful of democracy because	<p>of liberty</p> <p>B. It was opposed to hereditary rule</p> <p>C. It emphasized the idea of economic justice</p> <p>D. it tended to undermine the power of landed aristocracy</p>
14	Which one of the following statements in regard to Presidential form of Government is not correct?	<p>A. Member of the Cabinet is not representatives of the people since they do not have definite programme of their own to implement</p> <p>B. The Members of the Cabinet are responsible to the president for all their Actions</p> <p>C. Real Executive is the legislature</p> <p>D. There is not gap between theory and practice</p>
15	The authority possessed by local bodies in a unitary system of government is	<p>A. Derived from the central government</p> <p>B. Derived from the Constitution</p> <p>C. Derived from the people</p> <p>D. Derived from the people</p>
16	What is the bureaucratic role?	<p>A. Responsibilities associated with a particular job or position</p> <p>B. Beliefs and ideologies of individual decision-makers</p> <p>C. Standard operating procedures</p> <p>D. A misperception that rational actors have a clear understanding of their interests</p>
17	Which of the following is least likely to be found in an authoritarian state?	<p>A. Freedom of the media</p> <p>B. Elections</p> <p>C. Presidential Government</p> <p>D. Strong military establishment</p>
18	When the military dominates a political system	<p>A. The government is always headed by a single individual</p> <p>B. It often rules as an institution</p> <p>C. There is little chance of a return to civilian rule</p> <p>D. Large-scale public works projects are often instituted</p>
19	What is the difference between direct and representative democracy?	<p>A. The amount of freedom citizens have</p> <p>B. Elected legislators</p> <p>C. A king</p> <p>D. Rule of the people</p>
20	Which of the following is true of a constitutional democracy?	<p>A. Majority rule is limited</p> <p>B. All minorities combined must have power equal to that of the majority</p> <p>C. Minorities must have their own representation in the legislature</p> <p>D. Elections are free and fair but held very infrequently</p>