

CSS Political Science Chapter 8 Forms of Government

Cr.	Questions	Answers Choice
Sr	Questions	
1	In South Africa , how is the Presidential Cabinet constituted?	A. By presidential discretion B. By single party majority C. By proportional representation of coalition partners D. By proportional representation of political partners
2	Which one of the following is not a characteristic feature of bureaucracy, according to Max Weber?	A. Continuity B. Rationality C. Consistency D. political commitment
3	How does the parliamentary system differ from the presidential one?	A. The president is always directly elected by the people B. The prime minister is usually the head of the party winning the most votes in parliamentary elections C. The president has more power than the prime minister D. The Prime minister has more power than the president
4	Who criticized that Weberian Bureaucracy is not a modern phenomenon?	A. Joseph LaPalombara B. Peter Michael Blau C. Creel and A.B Spitzer D. Parsons
5	Importance of civil service has grown due to	A. Population growth B. Increased state activity C. Complexity of rules and regulations D. Law and order requirement E. none
6	In which one of the following systems of Government is Bicameralism an essential feature	A. Federal system B. Unitary system C. Presidential system D. Parliamentary system
7	Deliberative theory of democracy arose as a protest against	A. Rational choice theory B. Polyarchy C. Voter apathy in well-established democracies D. All of them
8	The feature which is present in the Presidential system but lacking the Parliamentary system is the	A. Distinction between the real and the nominal executive B. Fixed tenure of the Chief executive C. Formation of the Executive from the members of legislatures D. Responsibility of the Executive to the Legislature
9	In a parliamentary form of government, miisters are appointed by	A. The head of the state at his discretion B. The head of the government C. The head of the state on the recommendations of the head of the government D. The legislature
10	In the Presidential system of government , the cabinet members are	A. Elected by the legislature B. All members of the political party to which the President belongs C. Nominated by President D. All elected representative of the legislature
11	Word that means that the government has complete control over the lives of its citizens	A. Monarchy B. Totalitarian C. Absolute D. Republic
		A. The ultimate power in society B. A government ruled by a few

12	What is authority?	C. The branch or government that enforces the law D. A government's ability to exercise power without resorting to force
13	'Democratic deficit' denote a perceived deficiency in the	A. Way a particular political arrangement works in practice against a benchmark as to how it is supposed to work in theory B. Practice of fiscal policies in a democratic State C. Participative management practices in public sector undertakings D. Political economies of countries undergoing structural adjustment policies in the post-globalized period
14	What type of government has a king or queen that holds all the power?	A. Monarchy B. Dictatorship C. Direct democracy D. Republic
15	Dual federalism implies that:	A. national and state Governments retain separate spheres of action B. National and state Governments are expected to collaborate in pursuit of the interest of the public C. National and state Governments are expected to collaborate in pursuit of the interest of the public D. national and Suit Government have the same function
16	The statement it brings about a chasm between sources of knowledge and legislative centers of their application applies to	A. The Presidential system of government B. The practice of delegated legislation C. Dictatorship of the Cabinet D. The relationship between ministers and civil servants
17	"Introduction to the Principles of Morals and Legislation (1789)" was written by	A. jeremy bentham B. J. S. Mill C. John Locke D. None
18	The authority possessed by local bodies in a unitary system of government is	A. Derived from the central government B. Derived from the Constitution C. Derived from the people D. Derived from the people
19	It is normally the technique of pressure groups to impress the legislature	A. None B. Propaganda C. Canvassing D. Lobbing
20	Which one of the following is not an essential feature of the parliamentary system?	A. Fusion of the Executive and the Legislature B. Nominal head of the state C. Collective responsibility D. Fixed tenure