

CSS Political Science Topic 8 Forms of Government

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	What is the difference between parliamentary and presidential democracy?	A. Election of the executive branch B. Election of the legislature C. The court system D. Extent of government power
2	The most powerful legislature in the world is the	A. Indian Parliament B. U.S. Congress C. Swiss legislature D. British Parliament
3	Who among the following thinkers has claimed that the history of ideas has ended with the recognition of liberal democracy as 'the final form of human government'?	A. Ralph Miliband B. Noam Chomsky C. Francis Fukuyama D. None of these
4	Type of government where all voters in a community meet to make laws and decide actions	A. Monarchy B. Republic C. Dictatorship D. Direct Democracy
5	"Introduction to the Principles of Morals and Legislation (1789)" was written by	A. Jeremy Bentham B. J. S. Mill C. John Locke D. None
6	Which of the following is a good example of a dictatorship?	A. Tyranny B. Oligarchy C. Democracy D. None of these : Aristocracy
7	How does the parliamentary system differ from the presidential one?	A. The president is always directly elected by the people B. The prime minister is usually the head of the party winning the most votes in parliamentary elections C. The president has more power than the prime minister D. The prime minister has more power than the president
8	The 'realistic theory of democracy as a critique of the classical democracy' was formulated by:	A. Ernest Barker B. Harold Laski C. Joseph Alois Schumpeter D. Hannah Arendt
9	Who criticized that Weberian Bureaucracy is not a modern phenomenon?	A. Joseph LaPalombara B. Peter Michael Blau C. Creel and A.B Spitzer D. Parsons
10	Which one of the following statements in regard to Presidential form of Government is not correct?	A. Member of the Cabinet is not representatives of the people since they do not have definite programs of their own to implement B. The Members of the Cabinet are responsible to the president for all their actions C. Real Executive is the legislature D. There is no gap between theory and practice
11	What is the bureaucratic role?	A. Responsibilities associated with particular job or position B. Beliefs and ideologies of individual decision-makers C. Standard operating procedures D. A misperception that rational actors have a clear understanding of their interests
12	He is known as the major theorist of bureaucracy:	A. Burk B. Dahl C. Max Weber D. None of these

13	"Bureaucracy and Modernization" is written by	A. Parsons B. Weber C. Merle Fainsod D. Seymour Martin Lipset
14	In the Presidential system of government, the cabinet members are	A. Elected by the legislature B. All members of the political party to which the President belongs C. Nominated by President D. All elected representative of the legislature
15	According to Weber, the modern bureaucracy is based on which of the following basis of authority?	A. Charismatic B. Traditional C. Legal-rational D. Popular
16	It is normally the technique of pressure groups to impress the legislature	A. None B. Propaganda C. Canvassing D. Lobbying
17	Which of the following is least likely to be found in an authoritarian state?	A. Freedom of the media B. Elections C. Presidential Government D. Strong military establishment
18	"Power tends to corrupt; absolute power corrupts absolutely." --Lord Acton, British historian Based on this quotation, what type of government would Lord Acton most likely support?	A. Dictatorship B. Absolute monarchy C. Totalitarian state D. Representative democracy
19	A telling example of a fusion of the presidential and parliamentary forms of government is provided by	A. Switzerland B. Canada C. France D. Germany
20	Federation implies	A. Fusion of powers B. Separation of powers C. Division of powers D. Devolution of powers