

CSS Political Science Chapter 8 Forms of Government

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	What type of government elects representative to make all government decisions?	A. Republic B. Direct democracy C. Dictatorship D. Monarchy
2	Which one of the following principles distinguishes the cabinet system from the Presidential system?	A. Fixed tenure of government B. Judicial review C. The relationship of the legislature with the executive D. The concentration or division of government powers
3	In which the following federal system decentralization is implemented under the "grass roots" doctrine?	A. Presidential system B. parliamentary system C. Federal system D. unitary system
4	Which statement describes a characteristic of the British parliamentary system today?	A. The Prime Minister is elected by the majority party in Parliament B. The members of the house of commons are appointed for life C. The minority party party has no vote in the Parliament D. The monarch serves as a strong head of state
5	In South Africa , how is the Presidential Cabinet constituted?	A. By presidential discretion B. By single party majority C. By proportional representation of coalition partners D. By proportional representation of political partners
6	Which one of the following statements in regard to Presidential form of Government is not correct?	A. Member of the Cabinet is not representatives of the people since they do not have definite programe of their own to implement B. The Members of the Cabinet arc responsible to the president for all their Actions C. Real Executive is the legislature D. There is not gap between theory and practice
7	The recent histories of France Germany, and Japan demonstrate that	A. Democracy will flourish whenever a country is prosperous B. Strong executives can lead to weak judiciaries C. it is possible to provide a stable social environment despite inadequate economic growth D. Constitutional democracy is highly adaptable
8	Who criticized the power and authority of Bureaucracy as 'New Despotism'	A. lord Hewart B. Ramsay Muir C. John McDonald Pfiffner D. Rolf presthus
9	Which of the following is true of a constitutional democracy?	A. Majority rule is limited B. All minorities combined must have power equal to that of the majority C. Minorities must have their own representation in the legislature D. Elections are free and fair but held very infrequently
10	Dual federalism implies that:	A. national and state Governments retain separate spheres of action B. National and state Governments are expected to collaborate in pursuit of the interest of the public C. National and state Governments are expected to collaborate in pursuit of the interest of the public

		D. national and Suit Government have the same function
11	'Judicial restraint as counter-philosophy to 'Judicial activism' implies that	A. The 'original intent' of the law should be strictly adhered to in all cases B. The role of judges is merely to say what the law is and not to' make' law in the process of interpretation C. Judges should be value -neutral in all judicial pronouncements D. judges should not be restrained in formulating public policies and judicial philosophies
12	According to John Locke, the best form of Government is	A. Monarchy B. Aristocracy C. Democracy D. None of these
13	A Bi-cameral legislature as most suited to	A. Unitary States B. Federal States C. Theocratic States D. None
14	Dictatorship of the Proletariat is one of the concepts of :	A. Karl Marx B. Max Weber C. Maodzedung D. None of these
15	Federalism is often seen as adventageous when	A. The country covers a huge geographical area B. The country contains strong local identites C. There is a big disparity between rich and poor D. There are many cultural groups in soiety
16	"Power tends to corrupt; absolute power corrupts absolutely."Lord Action, British historian Based on this quotation, why type of government would Lord Action most Likely support?	A. Dictatorship B. Absolute monarchy C. Totalitarian state D. Representative democracy
17	Which of the following is not likely to be a priority for a leftwing political party?	A. Social justice B. Big business C. Equality of opportunity D. Protection of the environment
18	Which one of the following is not a characteristic feature of bureaucracy, according to Max Weber?	A. Continuity B. Rationality C. Consistency D. political commitment
19	Separation of powers refers to which branches of government?	A. Legislative , executive and military B. Executive, judicial and administrative C. Legislative executive and judicial D. Executive, administrative and military
20	Totalitarian governments seeas their enemies.	A. Specific members of the previous regime B. Specific members of opposition groups C. Whole categories of people within the society D. Whole categories of democratic programs