

## CSS Political Science Chapter 8 Forms of Government

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which one of the following is considered to be a basic feature of a federal government?	A. Separation of Powers B. Cabinet Dictatorship C. Collective Responsibility D. Division of powers between the center and the units
2	The book "State against Democracy (1988) is written by	A. Mark J, Kesselman B. Hoffman C. Heller D. Rajni Kothari
3	In a federal system	A. The union is dissolvable B. The states can secede from the Union C. The Union is indestructible D. The Union and states are indestructible
4	Liberal Democracy means	A. Government by majority B. Government by people C. Limited majority rule D. None of these
5	Which one of the following principles distinguishes the cabinet system from the Presidential system?	A. Fixed tenure of government     B. Judicial review     C. The relationship of the legislature with the executive     D. The concentration or division of government powers
6	In which the following federal system decentralization is implemented under the "grass roots" doctrine?	A. Presidential system B. parliamentary system C. Federal system D. unitary system
7	Type of government where all voters in a community meet to make laws and decide actions	A. Monarchy B. Republic C. Dictatorship D. Direct democracy
8	"The Cabinet is the hyphen that joins the buckle that fastens the executive to the legislature", according to	A. Charles Merriam B. joseph Schumpeter C. C.F. Strong D. Walter Bagehot
9	Which form of government does the quotation support?	A. Limited monarchy B. Dynastic rule C. Totalitarian D. Theocracy
10	Political power in Western Europe and the United States has increasingly shifted to the	A. legislative branch B. judicial system C. Executive branch D. Regulatory agencies
11	A bureaucrat symbolizes a man eminent for	A. Experience B. knowledge C. Responsibility D. All of these
12	Which of the following is not likely to be a priority for a leftwing political party?	A. Social justice     B. Big business     C. Equality of opportunity     D. Protection of the environment
13	The rule of law encompasses all but which one of the following?	A. Equality of citizens under the law     B. An elected president     C. Constitutionalism     D. Independent judiciary
14	What is the difference between parliamentary and presidential democracy?	A. Election of the executive branch     B. Election of the legislature     C. The court system     D. Extent of government power

15	Which one of the following statement is wrong?	A. Under the parliamentary system there exits the leadership of the Prime Minister, but under the presidential system the President is the leader of the government B. Under the parliamentary system there exist both titular head and the actual head, but under the presidential system there is only one head C. Under the parliamentary system there is the integration between the legislature and the executive but under the presidential system there is separation D. Under the parliamentary system sovereignty rests with Parliament but under the presidential system the President is sovereign
16	Left-wing dictatorships	A. seek government control of business and the economy B. are pro-religion/anti-education C. seek to impose free-market institutions on the government D. are pri-business/anti-military
17	What type of government elects representative to make all government decisions?	A. Republic B. Direct democracy C. Dictatorship D. Monarchy
18	"Two Treatises of Government" was written by	A. Thomas Hobbes B. Montesquieu C. John Locke D. None of these
19	He is known as the major theorist of bureaucracy:	A. Burk B. Dahl C. Max Weber D. None of these
20	Who criticized the power and authority of Bureaucracy as 'New Despotism'	A. lord Hewart B. Ramsay Muir C. John McDonald Pfiffner D. Rolf presthus