

CSS Political Science Topic 4 Political Concept

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Who put forward the economic theory of rights	A. Locke B. Ricardo C. Karl Marx D. Hitler
2	Who first gave the Concept of ' Distributive Justice'?	A. Plato B. Aristotle C. Machiavelli D. Locke
3	The natural rights of the people according to Locke are	A. Right to life, liberty and property B. Right to self-preservation and right to property C. Right to life and equality and right to property D. None of these
4	Which one of the following is not considered as a threat to the concept of absolute sovereignty of the State?	A. Globalization and its diverse forms of supra-territorialism B. Associations of regional integration C. Global financial institutions D. Trans-national corporations
5	Austin was the chief exponent of _____ sovereignty	A. Pluralistic B. Monistic C. Political D. Popular
6	Which one of the following is a central attribute of Plato's notion of justice?	A. Equality B. Liberty C. Harmony D. Fraternity
7	Who defined justice as the "interest of the stronger"?	A. Sophists B. Plato C. Aristotle D. Romans
8	Who defines justice as 'treating equal equally and unequal unequally'?	A. Pierre-Joseph Proudhon B. Leon Duguit C. Aristotle D. Saint Simon
9	Rousseau was the advocate of	A. Individual Sovereignty B. Popular Sovereignty C. Legal Sovereignty D. Political Sovereignty
10	Mills' On Liberty supports	A. National self-determination B. Freedom of expression C. The right to bear arms D. A fair judicial system
11	Which one of the following is not a characteristic of sovereignty?	A. Permanence B. Inclusiveness C. Absoluteness D. Indivisibility
12	According to Green, the basis of rights is:	A. Legal sanction B. Legal recognition C. Common moral consciousness D. Gift of the state
13	Who put forward the economic theory of rights	A. Locke B. Ricardo C. Karl Marx D. Hitler
14	Jean-Jacques Rousseau proposed enlightenment theories that considered	A. The absolute power of kings B. Internal political order C. Equality of citizens D. a powerful military presence

15	Who regarded, 'life, liberty and property as inalienable rights of men'	A. Locke B. Aristotle C. Rousseau D. Hobbes
16	The International Criminal Justice Day is observed on which date?	A. July 16 B. July 17 C. July 18 D. July 19
17	Thomas Hobbes believed that humankind had to accept an _____ in order to achieve a relatively peaceful society	A. Social contract B. Powerful ruler C. Equitable distribution of resources D. Binding agreement
18	Which theory deals with natural liberty?	A. Divine Origin Theory B. Force theory C. Social Contract Theory D. Evolutionary theory
19	Who was the author of the book 'On Liberty'?	A. Green B. Laski C. J.S. Mill D. Marx
20	The term 'political sovereignty' is associated with:	A. Lock B. Rousseau C. Lowell D. Laski