

CSS Political Science Topic 1 Western Political Thought

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	As a junior lecturer at the Lycee du Havre in 1938, Sartre wrote the novel	A. <i>La Nausee</i> B. <i>No Exit</i> C. <i>The Flies</i> D. <i>Dirty Hands</i>
2	" The end of Politics is not knowledge but action" who said it:	A. Plato B. Aristotle C. Montesquieu D. None of these
3	Which place is contrasted with the panopticon in section seven?	A. The scaffold B. The prison C. <i>The plague town</i> D. The king's throne
4	Machiavelli by birth was	A. French B. German C. Spanish D. Italian
5	Rousseau was born on 28 June 1712 at	A. New York B. Washington D.C C. Geneva D. None of these
6	With which one of the following can the organic conception of the State be associated?	A. Machiavelli B. Aristotle C. Thomas Hobbes D. Karl Marx
7	The author of the Book "the laws"was	A. Homer B. Plato C. Solon D. None of these
8	The Art of War is written by:	A. Mao B. Machiavelli C. Lenin D. None of these
9	"The 20th Century totalitarianism resembles an onion like structure", according to	A. Raymond Aron B. Karl Popper C. <i>Hannah Arendt</i> D. Michael Oakeshott
10	Equality, according to John Rawls, is an operational concept tied to his procedural theory of justice. Which of the following statements correctly describe(s) Rawls' position on inequality?	A. Inequality is the cause of instability and revolution, and therefore unacceptable in the long run B. Inequality is the sole cause of human misery, moral degradation and corruption, and should be abolished. C. <i>Inequality is justified if it leads to the elevation of the worst off in society</i> D. None of these
11	The three source of Marx's thought are	A. German Philosophy, French, Economy and British Socialism B. German Philosophy, Russian Anarchism and French Socialism C. <i>German Philosophy, British Economics and French</i> D. Utopian Socialism, French Revolution and Tsarist autonomy
12	Who is the head of the system of penalty in which public execution is an accepted punishment?	A. The executioner B. <i>The King</i> C. The Pope D. The prison
13	"over himself; over his mind and body , the individual is sovereign." Who among the following made this statement?	A. H. J. Laski B. Immanuel Kant C. <i>J. S. Mill</i> D. G. W. F. Hegel

14	Which one of the following theories held that the State is a product and manifestation of the irreconcilability of class antagonisms?	A. Evolutionary Theory B. Anarchist Theory C. Marxist-leninist Theory D. Guild-Socialist Theory
15	Marx and Kierkegaard	A. Disagreed concerning the value of Hegelian philosophy B. Were both concerned with the issue of poverty C. Both concerned themselves with religious reform D. Were opposed to the same forces, though they attacked them in very different ways E. all of these
16	The term "tabula rasa" is most clearly associated with	A. Edward Titchener B. John Locke C. René Descartes D. B. F. Skinner
17	"The principle of the greatest good of the greatest number was made a hook to be put into nostrils of the Leviathan so that it could be tamed and harnessed to the chariot of utility." This observation refers to the political theory of:	A. Hobbes B. Hume C. Sidgwick D. Bentham
18	Jean Paul Sartre was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature but refused it in	A. 1960 B. 1964 C. 1967 D. None of these
19	GENERAL WILL as concept was introduced by	A. Rousseau B. Hobbes C. Locke D. None of these
20	What is the cornerstone of Marxism?	A. Attack on bourgeois way of life B. Economic determinism C. Materialist conception of history D. A distinctive philosophy of the state