

## CSS Political Science Chapter 1 Set 1 Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In Plato's Ideal State, one reaches at the pinnacle of the State order at the age of:	A. 35 B. 40 C. 50 D. None of these
2	Kierkegaard tells us that only ethical interest is interest	A. In the well-being of those less fortunate B. In the sincerity of others C. On one's own subjective reality D. In objective reality E. In one's relation to one's community
3	Gramsci was one of the most important Marxist thinkers of the 20th century, and a particularly key thinker in the development of	A. Academic Marxism B. Western Marxism C. Orthodox Marxism D. None of these
4	The Greek philosopher Aristotle died in	A. 322 B.C B. 332 B.C C. 384 B.c D. None of these
5	When was Michel Foucault born?	A. 1975 B. 1935 C. 1926 D. 1929
6	Rawls develops his original position by modeling it, in certain respects at least, after the "initial situations" of various social contract thinkers who came before him, including	A. Thomas Hobbes B. john Locke C. Jean-Jacques Rousseau D. All of above
7	The concept of justice in the sense of greatest happiness of the greatest number was pastulated by :	A. Mark B. James Mill C. Spencer D. None of these
8	Gramsci is best known for his theory of	A. Ricardian socialism B. Hegemonic stability theory C. Cultural hegemony D. None of these
9	Hume sees no difficulty in the possibility of "an eternal succession of objects ," without beginning or end . This is meant to be an objection to	A. The Argument from Design B. The Cosmological Argument C. Kierkegaard's leap of faith D. Both B and C
10	The founder of communism is	A. Plato B. Karl marx C. Mao-Tse-TUNG D. None of these
11	Who is the most prominent theoretician and practitioner of 'Deconstruction'?	A. Husserl B. Derrida C. Barthes D. None of these
12	The doctrine of Proportionate equality was Pronounced by	A. Aristotle B. Rousseau C. Marx D. None of these
13	Equality, according to John Rawls, is an operational concept tied to his procedural theory of justice. Which of the following statements correctly describe(s) Rawls' position on inequality?	A. Inequality is the cause of instability and revolution, and therefore unacceptable in the long run  B. Inequality is the sole cause of human misery, moral degradation and corruption, and should be abolished.  C. Inequality is justified if it leads to the elevation of the worst off in society  D. None of these

14	Who among the following thinkers held that "Human concerning the changing of circumstances and upbringing forgets that circumstances are changed by men be educated ". the above view was expressed by	A. Hobbes B. Feurbach C. Hegel D. Marx
15	Founder of utilitarian school of thought was	A. Edmund Burk B. Hume C. J . S Mill D. James Mill E. Jeremy Bentham
16	Modern Political though begins with	A. Machiavelli B. Montesquieu C. Mill D. None of these
17	According to Bentham, the principle of utility is appropriately applied to	A. Both A & Department A. Both A & Department A. Both A & Department A. Both A
18	What does Foucault refer to as the aspect of the crime that is " turned back upon itself" in order to reveal the crime's truth	A. Discipline B. Alacrity C. Atrocity D. Dogma
19	Materialistic interpertation of history was propounded by	A. Trotsky B. lenin C. Bolsheviks D. Karl Marx
20	Bourdieu's most significant work on cultural production is available in two books	A. The Field of Cultural Production B. The Rules of Art C. Weight of the world D. Both A & D. Both A &