

CSS Political Science Topic 1 Western Political Thought

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The idea that peace between countries can be established if the countries have democratic form of government at the domestic level was first propounded by	A. Hegel B. Immanuel Kant C. J. S. Mill D. Karl Marx
2	Which of these books represents the scheme of Plato's Philosophy?	A. The Politics B. The Republic C. The Laws D. None of these
3	Fukuyama believes the US has a right to promote its own values in the world, but more along the lines of what he calls	A. Hollanditis B. Realistic Wilsonianism C. Mutual assured destruction D. Massive retaliation
4	Bentham claim that utilitarian calculations	A. should be performed prior to each action B. need not be performed before each action, but should always be kept in mind C. are merely a formal device, and do not have practical application D. are fundamentally flawed
5	Which one of the following is the correct sequence in the political philosophy of John Locke?	A. State of nature- Civil society- Natural rights_ contract B. Natural rights - contract- state of nature- civil society C. State of nature- Contract- Civil society- Nature rights D. Natural rights - State of nature- contract - Civil society
6	Sir Karl Raimund Popper was born in	A. 1900 B. 1902 C. 1904 D. None of these
7	Strong emphasis on justice was laid by	A. Socrates B. Aristotle C. Herodotus D. Stoics E. None of these
8	What were penal reformers attempting to do, according to Foucault?	A. To find a way of punishing better B. To find a way of punishing less C. to disentangle the penalty from the crime D. To protect prisoners from cruelty
9	What was Gramsci's term for cultural consensus supporting capitalism?	A. Universalism B. Hegemony C. Discourse D. None of these
10	On August 4, 1968 Mao was presented with some mangoes by the Pakistani foreign minister, Syed Sharifuddin Pirzada, in an apparent diplomatic gesture . Mao called the mangoes	A. None of these B. Walking time bombs C. The Mango Bomb D. Spiritual time bomb
11	On October 1, 1949, Mao proclaimed the foundation of the	A. People's Republic of China B. Kuomintang C. People's Liberation Army D. None of these
12	Which of these aspects of organizations is most associated with the work of Michel Foucault?	A. Surveillance B. Meritocracy C. Bureaucracy D. Transnational organization
13	Fukuyama is known for his book	A. Trust: The Social Virtues and the Creation of Prosperity B. Our Posthuman Future: Consequences of the Biotechnology Revolution C. The End of History and the Last Man D. The Virtues of Politics

		<p>C. The End of History and the Last Man</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
14	Plato was a	<p>A. Realist</p> <p>B. Idealist</p> <p>C. Rationalist</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
15	On August 4, 1968 Mao was presented with some mangoes by the Pakistani foreign minister, Syed Sharifuddin Pirzada, in an apparent diplomatic gesture . Mao called the mangoes	<p>A. The Mango Bomb</p> <p>B. Spiritual time bomb</p> <p>C. Walking time bombs</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
16	The expression " the noble savage" was first used in 1672 by British poet	<p>A. Lascelles Abercrombie</p> <p>B. Arthur Henry Adams</p> <p>C. John Dryden</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
17	Gramsci was one of the most important Marxist thinkers of the 20th century, and a particularly key thinker in the development of	<p>A. Academic Marxism</p> <p>B. Western Marxism</p> <p>C. Orthodox Marxism</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
18	The doctrine of Proportionate equality was Pronounced by	<p>A. Aristotle</p> <p>B. Rousseau</p> <p>C. Marx</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
19	Equality, according to John Rawls, is an operational concept tied to his procedural theory of justice. Which of the following statements correctly describe(s) Rawls' position on inequality?	<p>A. Inequality is the cause of instability and revolution, and therefore unacceptable in the long run</p> <p>B. Inequality is the sole cause of human misery, moral degradation and corruption, and should be abolished.</p> <p>C. Inequality is justified if it leads to the elevation of the worst off in society</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
20	Bentham claims that nature has placed mankind under two sovereign masters	<p>A. Pain and pleasure</p> <p>B. Good and evil</p> <p>C. God and the devil</p> <p>D. Duty and self-interest</p>