

CSS Political Science Chapter 1 Set 1 Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	"Man by nature is a social and political animal" is the cornerstone of the Philosophy of:	A. Plato B. Socrates C. Aristotle D. NOne of these
2	On October 1, 1949, Mao proclaimed the foundation of the	A. People's Republic of China B. Kuomintang C. People's Liberation Army D. None of these
3	Who is the most prominent theoretician and practitioner of 'Deconstruction'?	A. Husserl B. Derrida C. Barthes D. None of these
4	Karl Popper was born in	A. Salzburg B. Bregenz C. Vienna D. None of these
5	Which statement best describes the effects of the works of Nicolaus Copernicus, Galileo Galilei, Sir Isaac Newton, and Rene Descartes?	A. The acceptance of traditional authority was strengthened B. The scientific method was used to solve problems C. Funding to education was increased by the English government D. Interest in Greek and Roman drama was renewed
6	When was Michel Foucault born?	A. 1975 B. 1935 C. 1926 D. 1929
7	The natural rights of the people according to Locke are	A. Right to Life, Liberty and property B. Right to self-preservation adn right to property C. Right to life and equality and right to property D. None of these
8	Name the post structural thinker who groomed in the phenomenological tradition of Edmund Husserl and Heidegger?	A. Derrida B. laccan C. Faucault D. Kristeva
9	The idea of social contract has been recently revived under a new form by:	A. Nozick B. Raws C. Oakshott D. Hannah Arendt
10	Machiavelli by birth was	A. French B. German C. Spanish D. Italian
11	Truth according to Kierkegaard is achieved by	A. Using rational means to prove a belief B. Using empirical methods to verify a belief C. Showing that contrary of a belief entails a contradiction D. Possessing a belief that you hold passionately and without doubt E. None of the above
12	Equality, according to John Rawls, is an operational concept tied to his procedural theory of justice. Which of the following statements correctly describe(s) Rawls' position on inequality?	A. Inequality is the cause of instability and revolution, and therefore unacceptable in the long run B. Inequality is the sole cause of human misery, moral degradation and corruption, and should be abolished. C. Inequality is justified if it leads to the elevation of the worst off in

		D. None of these
13	Pierre Bourdieu refers to his perspective as:	A. Structuralist constructivism B. post-constructivism C. genetic capitalism D. field theory
14	The Greek philosopher Aristotle died in	A. 322 B.C B. 332 B.C C. 384 B.c D. None of these
15	Which of the following are "human sciences"?	A. Sociology, criminology and psychiatry B. Botany, hydrology and architecture paleontology C. Scientology, Geology and Theosophy
16	On August 4, 1968 Mao was presented with some mangoes by the Pakistani foreign minister, Syed Sharifuddin Pirzada, in an apparent diplomatic gesture . Mao called the mangoes	A. The Mango Bomb B. Spiritual time bomb C. Walking time bombs D. None of these
17	Kant was an established scholar and an increasingly influential philosopher at the age of	A. 36 B. 46 C. 56 D. None of these
18	The wll-known theorist of New Social Movement is	A. Jurgen Habermas B. Foucault C. Karl Marx D. Louis Pierre Althusser
19	According to Plato the Population of an ideal state should be :	A. 5040 B. 50400 C. 50040 D. None of these
20	The idea that peace between countries can be established if the countries have democratic from of government at the domestic level was first propounded by	A. Hegel B. Immanuel Kant C. J. S. Mill D. Karl Marx