

## CSS Political Science Topic 11 Comparative and Analytical Study of the Political Systems

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which amendment created the National Capital Territory of Delhi?	A. 61st Amendment (1976) B. 69st Amendment(1991) C. 44th Amendment(1978) D. None of these
2	A telling example of a fusion of the presidential and parliamentary forms of government is provided by	A. Switzerland B. Canada C. France D. Germany
3	Which Prime Minister wrote "The labor Government: a personal record and the Governance of Britain"	A. Hugh Todd Naylor Gaitskell B. Herald Wilson C. Jo Grimond D. None
4	Which of the following can be considered a cause for the decline of political machines?	A. The expansion of the franchise to naturalized citizens B. The success of the Republican Party in the South C. Local, state, and federal agencies took over the distribution of benefits to the poor D. The nomination of Adlai Stevenson by the Demovratic Party in 1952 an d1956
5	The Judicial committee of Privy Council was set up by the Act of	A. 1866 B. 1833 C. 1926 D. 1931
6	Who among the following has described democracy as "that institutional arrangement for arriving at political decisions in which individuals acquire the power to decide by means of a competitive struggle for the people's vote"	A. Robert Dahl B. Peter Bachrach C. C. Wright Mills D. Joseph Schumpeter
7	Originally total number of States of USA was	A. 13 B. 18 C. 20 D. None of these
8	The present Constitution of France was adopted by	A. Legislation B. Referendum C. Ordinance D. None
9	Guild Socialists advocated the use of	A. Revolutionary methods B. Anarchical methods C. Constitutional and peaceful methods D. None of these
10	The Civil Right Act was passed in:	A. 1964 B. 1965 C. 1966 D. None of these
11	In Malaysia, the Special Court has jurisdiction over which of the following selected people?	A. The Yang di pertuan Agong B. the sultans of the respective states C. The Prime Minister D. The Cabinet Ministers E. Both A & B
12	Commune system is a part of the political system of:	A. China B. India C. USA D. None of these
13	Which Parliamentary Act established the supremacy of House of Commons?	A. 1919 B. 1911 C. 1909 D. None of these
14	Legislative powers of House of Lords in Britain were curtailed by	A. Bill of Rights of 1689 B. Magna Carta of 1215

		<p>C. The Parliament Act of 1911</p> <p>D. None</p>
15	The idea of the Union giving directions to the states was adopted by the makers of the Indian Constitution from	<p>A. The Government of India Act, 1935</p> <p>B. The US Constitution</p> <p>C. The Soviet Constitution</p> <p>D. The Australian Constitution</p>
16	Abolitionism was to	<p>A. Ban Alcohol</p> <p>B. Ban Slavery</p> <p>C. Ban Child Labour</p> <p>D. None</p>
17	A major portion of the Indian Constitution of India is derived from the	<p>A. Government of India Act, 1935</p> <p>B. Government of India Act, 1919</p> <p>C. Government of India Act, 1901</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
18	Who developed the Cabinet system in government in England?	<p>A. Robert Walpole</p> <p>B. William Ewart Gladstone</p> <p>C. Henry John Temple</p> <p>D. None</p>
19	Who succeeded Nigel Lawson as the Chancellor of the Exchequer in 1989?	<p>A. Tony Blair</p> <p>B. William Hauge</p> <p>C. John Major</p> <p>D. Douglas Hurd</p>
20	The First Reform Act was passed in:	<p>A. 1822</p> <p>B. 1828</p> <p>C. 1832</p> <p>D. None of these</p>