

CSS Political Science Chapter 11 Comparative and Analytical Study of the Political Systems

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Magna Carta of 1215 was granted by	A. King John of England B. William 2 C. Earl of Chatham D. None of these
2	The British constitution is based on	A. The theory of separation of powers B. Checks and balances C. Judicial review D. Difference between the theory and practice
3	Which article of constitution of India deals with Public Service Commissions for the Union and for the States?	A. Article 310 B. Article 313 C. Article 315 D. None of these
4	Vice-President is the presiding Officer of upper house of Legislature jn	A. united States of America B. India C. Both A & D. None of these
5	Which is the Article of Indian Constitution that provide special status to the occupied Jammu and Kashmir?	A. Article 369 B. Article 370 C. Article 371 D. None of these
6	Americanis known as the Third Chamber	A. President B. Supreme Court C. Senate D. House of Representatives E. None of these
7	younger voters, having been absent from the process for years, returned to the process in the 2008 election. Why were these younger voters out of the process before this election?	A. Complexity of issues with no simple answers B. Lack of confidence in the government in the years following the vietnam War C. Scandals in the political arena D. All of the above
8	In the election of 1800	A. Candidates were nominated at national conventions B. The candidate with the second highest number of electoral votes became vice president C. The focus of the campaign was on the voters D. Media coverage was extensive
9	A Bill passed by the Legislative Assembly of an Indian State can be delayed by the Legislative Council for a maximum period of ?	A. 2 month B. 3 month C. 4 month D. None of these
10	In which one of the following countries does a mixture of Parliamentary and Presidential form of Governments exits	A. Switzweland B. France C. USA D. Germany
11	The Gullotine or closure by compartment is a term used in the law making procedure in	A. USA B. UK C. France D. Turkey
12	The present constitution of France is also known as	A. Constitution of Fourth Republic B. Constitution of third Republic C. Constitution of Fifth Republic D. None
13	The University Test Act was passed in	A. 1870 B. 1871 C. 1872 D. None of these
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14	Which one of the following is not a fundamental right in Indian Constitution?	A. Right against exploitation B. Right to constitution remedies C. Right to property D. Cultural and educational rights
15	A major portion of the Indian Constitution of India is derived from the	A. Government of India Act, 1935 B. Government of India Act, 1919 C. Government of India Act, 1901 D. None of these
16	Generally the types of people who vote in American elections are	A. People with the biggest stake in society, such as married couples and individuals with higher incomes and good jobs B. Southern Americans who see their region of the country gaining economic and political strength C. Poorer Americans seeking to elect politicians who want to redistribute wealth D. Disaffected citizens who rally to change the system
17	The first capital of the United States of America was	A. New York B. James Town C. Washington D. None of these
18	The Minimum age prescribed for election as a member of panchayat is	A. 18 Years B. 23 Years C. 21 Years D. None of these
19	The 26th Amendment in 1971 lowered the voting age to	A. 18 B. 19 C. 21 D. None of these
20	The National security of the USA is a document prepared by the	A. Executive Branch B. House of Representative C. Senate D. Brookings institute