

CSS General Knowledge Online Entry Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Sher Shah's real name was:	A. Hemu B. Faizi C. Farid Khan D. Bahadur
2	Sher Shah made a revenue settlement with:	A. Mansabdars B. Cultivators C. Jagirdars D. Zamindars
3	Akbar has been called the first national king, mainly because he:	A. Was highly tolerant and secular in his outlook B. Was a great administrator C. Founded a new Religion D. Provided an efficient government
4	Maharajah Ranjit Singh signed a treaty of perpetual friendship with the British in the year 1809 at:	A. Ferozpur B. Amritsar C. Faridkot D. Ludhiana
5	Ocean tidal waves which result from earthquakes are known as:	A. Hurricanes B. Tsunami C. Syzygy D. Tornadoes
6	The bone of contention between the Shah of Persia and the Mughals was the control of:	A. Kabul B. Kandhar C. Ghazni D. Kunduz
7	Babur entered India for the first time from the west through:	A. Kashmir B. Sindh C. Punjab D. Rajasthan
8	Where did Babur die?	A. Kabul B. Agra C. Lahore D. Delhi
9	Study of earthquakes is called:	A. Geodery B. Geology C. Seismology D. Plate tectonic
10	In the Mughal administration military recruitment was being looked after by:	A. Diwan B. Wazir C. Bakhshi D. Kotwal
11	Who installed the "Chain of Justice"?	A. Babur B. Humayun C. Jehangir D. Akbar
12	In 1809 Maharajah Ranjit Singh signed a treaty with:	A. East India Company B. Shah Alam C. King of Kashmir D. Rulers of Sindh
13	Tectonic force is related with the building of various features of:	A. Mountains B. Earth's crust C. Ocean floor D. Earth's surface
14	During Aurangzeb's reign, which of the following were not included in the government?	A. Rajputs B. Marathas C. Pathans D. None of these.
15	Before the rise of Ranjit Singh, Punjab was under the control of:	A. Marathas B. Raider groups C. Sikh Misl D. British

16	Tsunami is a word of _____ language	A. Japanese B. Greek C. German D. English
17	Who among the following was regarded as "Zinda Pir"?	A. Babur B. Aurangzeb C. Akbar D. Jehangir
18	Which Mughal Emperor was the most secular in outlook?	A. Babur B. Akbar C. Aurangzeb D. Jehangir
19	The vertical igneous rocks inside the earth's surface are called:	A. Sill B. Dyke C. Baccolith D. Laccolith
20	The Mughal emperor who died due to a sudden fall from the staircase was:	A. Babur B. Humayun C. Jehangir D. Aurangzeb
21	Which of the following statements about Ranjit Singh is incorrect?	A. He posed a great challenge and resistance to the British B. He wanted to form a separate Sikh state C. He organized an excellent army D. None of these.
22	Mouna Loa is an example of:	A. Active volcano B. Extinct volcano C. Plateau in volcanic region D. None of these
23	Sher Shah is credited for introducing for the first time the following measures except:	A. Postal system B. Currency system C. System of spying D. Land revenue system
24	The bitterest war of succession under the great Mughals was fought among the sons of:	A. Babur B. Shah Jahan C. Aurangzeb D. Jehangir
25	The 'Jiziya' was abolished by:	A. Muhammad Bin Tughluq B. Akbar C. Babur D. Sher Shah
26	Tsunami is a large sea wave caused by an earthquake experienced recently along the coasts of:	A. India B. China C. Australia D. Japan
27	Babur won the first battle of Panipat mainly because of:	A. His military skills B. His cavalry C. Afghan's disunity D. None of these.
28	The first Mughal emperor to issue a Firman in favour of the British to open a factory at Surat was:	A. Aurangzeb B. Jehangir C. Akbar D. Shah Jahan
29	Din-i-Ilahi was accepted by:	A. Birbal B. Tanseen C. Todarmal D. Raja Man Singh
30	The Mughal ruler Bahadur Shah Zafar was exiled by British and sent to:	A. Manadalay B. Rangoon C. Hyderabad D. None of These
31	Molten rock below the surface of the earth is called:	A. Basalt B. Lava C. Magma D. Laccoliths
32	Who among the following Mughal rulers was ignorant of the art of reading and writing?	A. Babur B. Akbar C. Jehangir D. Aurangzeb

33	Akbar's land revenue system was known as:	A. Bandabast System B. Zabt system C. Todarmal's revenue D. All of them
34	Who consolidated the Mughal Empire and gave it a unique multi-religious culture?	A. Akbar B. Humayun C. Jehangir D. Aurangzeb
35	During the reign of which of the following emperors was the artillery most perfect and numerous?	A. Akbar B. Aurangzeb C. Shah Jehan D. Jehangir
36	Babur laid the foundation of Mughal empire in 1526 by defeating:	A. Daulat khan Lodhi B. Ibrahim Lodhi C. Rana Sangha D. Alauddin Khilji
37	Akbar assumed actual control over the administration of his empire in:	A. 1556 B. 1562 C. 1558 D. 1590
38	Revenue system during Akbar's reign was in the hand of:	A. Bairam Khan B. Todar Mal C. Birbal D. Man Singh
39	Who founded Din-i-Ilahi?	A. Shah jahan B. Akbar C. Aurangzeb D. Jehangir
40	The court language of Mughal was:	A. Arabic B. Persian C. Hindi D. Urdu
41	The two great Mughal rulers who wrote their own memories are:	A. Babur and Humayun B. Humayun and Akbar C. Babur and Jehangir D. Shah Jahan and Aurangzeb
42	When Akbar was young, his guardian was:	A. Hemu B. Faizi C. Bairam khan D. Abdul Fazal
43	The Mughal empire in India was founded by:	A. Akbar the Great B. Zahir-ud-Din Babur C. Shah Jahan D. Aurangzeb
44	The Sikh Guru who was fought Mughals was:	A. Guru Nanak B. Guru Gobind Singh C. Guru Arjun Dev D. Guru Teg Bahadur
45	The capital of the kingdom Maharaja Ranjit Singh was:	A. Patiala B. Lahore C. Amritsar D. Kapurthala