

CSS General Knowledge Online Entry Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Quaid-e-Azam was appointed as the Governor General of Pakistan by the:	A. Election B. King C. Referendum D. Senate
2	World War I came into an end in:	A. 1916 B. 1918 C. 1920 D. 1922
3	World War I was started in:	A. 1910 B. 1912 C. 1914 D. 1918
4	In which language Shah Waliullah translated the Holy Quran?	A. English B. Urdu C. Persian D. Punjabi
5	The date of Shah Waliullah's birth is:	A. February 21, 1703 B. June 25, 1702 C. April 20, 1700 D. May 20, 1705
6	The battle of Plassey was fought in:	A. 1750 B. 1752 C. 1757 D. 1762
7	War of Independence was fought in:	A. 1850 B. 1854 C. 1857 D. 1858
8	The third battle of Panipat was fought in:	A. 1758 B. 1759 C. 1761 D. 1765
9	Prithvi Raj was overthrown and killed in 1192 AD at Thanesar by:	A. Muhammad Ghauri B. Mahmood Ghaznavi C. Sher Shah D. Akbar
10	Sindh and Multan were conquered by Muhammad Bin Qasim during the reign of Caliph _____.	A. Sulaiman Bin Abdul Malik B. Walid Bin Abdul Malik C. Muhammad Ghauri D. Muhammad Bin Tughluq
11	Kashmir was included into the Mughal Empire of Delhi in:	A. October 1586 B. November 1580 C. December 1582 D. December 1588
12	At the time of Muslims invasion of 712 AD Daibal was protected by:	A. Brahmins and Rajputs B. Jats and Meds C. Pirates of Daibal D. None of these
13	Tuzk-e-Jehangiri was written by:	A. Akbar B. Jehangir C. Babar D. Abul Fazal
14	Taj Mahal was constructed by:	A. Jehangir B. Shah Jahan C. Akbar D. Abdul Fazal
15	Din-e-Ilahi and Mansabdari System were the innovation of _____.	A. Babur B. Humayun C. Akbar the Great D. Jehangir

16	Grand Trunk (G.T) Road was constructed by:	A. Babur B. Sher Shah Suri C. Akbar D. Humayun
17	Who was the founder of Mughal rule in India?	A. Zaheer-ud-Din Babur B. Daulat Khan C. Humayun D. Kamran
18	Price control system in India was associated with:	A. Akbar B. Alaudidin Khilji C. Zafar khan D. Abdullah
19	The title of Lakhbaksh earned by:	A. Muhammad Ghauri B. Qutub-ud-Din Aibak C. Mahmood Ghaznavi D. Hassan Nizami
20	Qutub-ud-Din Aibak was the first independent Muslim king crowned on ____ at Lahore.	A. 24 June 1206 AD B. 28 July 1207 AD C. 28 March 1205 AD D. 24 April 1208 AD
21	In which year, the first battle of Tarain was fought between Muhammad Ghauri and Rajputs under the command of Govind Rai brother of Prithvi Raj. Muhammad Ghauri defeated in this battle?	A. 1188 B. 1191 C. 1196 D. 1210
22	Mahmood set out on the expedition to Somnath on October 17 ____ .	A. 1024 B. 1028 C. 1030 D. 1032
23	The founder of Lodhi dynasty was:	A. Darya Khan B. Bahlul Lodhi C. Qutub Khan D. Malik Sultan
24	In 367 AH/777 AD, Subuktigin, a Turkish slave become the master of:	A. Lahore B. Multan C. Ghazni D. Depalpur
25	The Abbasids Governor ____ came to Sindh in 140 AH/757 AD.	A. Musa B. Hisham C. Walid D. Yasir
26	In 133 AH/750 AD the Abbasids overthrew the ____ .	A. Safavids B. Umayyads C. Walid D. Meds
27	Mahmood's first important battle was fought against ____ near Peshawar in Muharram 392 AH/25 November 1001 AD.	A. Sukhpal B. Jaipal C. Anandpal D. None of these
28	Muhammad Bin Qasim tortured to death in a prison in Iraq during the caliphate of ____.	A. Yazid B. Waleed C. Sulaiman D. None of these
29	Mohenjodaro is located in	A. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa B. Sindh C. Balochistan D. Punjab
30	Makli Hill a ____ is situated in the province of Sindh.	A. Graveyard B. Playground C. Ancient building D. Local dance
31	Raja Dahir was the ruler of:	A. Lahore B. Sindh C. Peshawar D. Delhi
32	Sindh was conquered by Muhammad Bin Qasim during the period of:	A. Umayyads B. Tulun C. Abbasids D. Khiljis
33	Which Province of Pakistan is called Bab-ul-Islam?	A. Punjab B. Sindh C. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

		C. Hajjaj Bin Yousaf D. Balochistan
34	Muhammad Bin Qasim was the nephew of:	A. Sulaimman bin Abdul Malik B. Walid Bin Abdul Malik C. Hajjaj Bin Yousaf D. Abdul Malik Bin Marwan
35	Raja Dahir was defeated by:	A. Muhammad Bin Qasim B. Tariq Bin Ziad C. Khalid Bin Waleed D. Abdul Malik
36	The provision for Separate electorate for Hindus and Muslims was made in:	A. Minto-Marley Reforms B. Mountbatton Plan C. Government of India Act D. Montague Chelmsford Reforms.
37	Khilafat movement resulted in:	A. Decrease in differences between Hindus and Muslims B. Partition of India C. Hindu-Muslim riot D. None of these
38	During whose viceroyalty the capital was shifted from Calcutta to Delhi?	A. Lord Harding B. Lord Clive C. Lord Canning D. lord Lytton
39	Indian civil services was introduced during the rule of:	A. Lord Curzon B. Lord Dalhousie C. Lord Minto D. Lord Mountbatton
40	The first movement launched against India was:	A. Khilafat Movemnt B. Swadeshi movement C. Non-Cooperation movement D. Quit India Movement
41	Who amongst the following is associated with the Local Self -Government Act?	A. Lord Rippon B. William Bentic C. Lord Cornwallis D. Lord Dalhousie
42	Montague reforms were aimed at:	A. Constitutional reforms B. Educational reforms C. Political reforms D. Social reforms
43	Which of the following was East India Company's most significant parliamentary act:	A. Regulation Act B. Charter Act, 1813 C. Rowlatt Act D. None of these
44	Who was viceroy when prime minister Attlee showed intention to transfer power to Indians?	A. Lord Wavell B. Lord Irwin C. Lord Curzon D. Lord Linlithgo
45	Who was the British Prime minister at the time of Second Round Table Conference?	A. Ramsay MacDonald B. Clement Attlee C. Chambalain D. Curzon