

CSS General Knowledge Online Entry Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | Which of the following is a universal blood donor? | A. A B. B C. O D. A- |
| 2 | The largest gland in the human body is: | A. Heart B. Kidney C. Liver D. Brain |
| 3 | The pH of human is: | A. 6.5-7 B. 7.5-8 C. 8-9 D. 4.5-5 |
| 4 | The numbers of factors required for blood clotting is: | A. 7 B. 11 C. 13 D. 17 |
| 5 | Red-Green color blindness in man is known as: | A. Protanopia B. Dueteranopia C. Both (a) and (b) D. None |
| 6 | During sleep, the man's blood pressure: | A. Decreases B. Fluctuates C. Increases D. None |
| 7 | Respiratory centre is situated in: | A. Cerebrum B. Medulla C. Cerebellum D. None |
| 8 | Which of the following hormones contains iodine? | A. Adrenaline B. Thyroxine C. Insulin D. Testosterone |
| 9 | If the father has blood group A and mother has blood group O, then which of the following blood groups may be found in their son | A. O B. B C. A D. AB+ |
| 10 | Lungs are situated in: | A. Thoracic cavity B. Buccal cavity C. Periodical cavity D. None of these |
| 11 | Estrogens are secreted by: | A. Ovary B. Stroma C. Follicle cells D. Thoracic cavity |
| 12 | Blood group of an individual is controlled by: | A. Shape of RBC B. Genes C. Shape of WBC D. Haemoglobin |
| 13 | Clotting of blood vessels is called: | A. Thrombosis B. Fibrosis C. Agglutination D. None |
| 14 | The normal temperature of human body on the Kelvin scale is: | A. 280 K B. 310 K C. 335 K D. 360 K |
| 15 | The pitch of the voice of the women is generally: | A. Same as that of men B. Higher than that of men C. Much lower than that of men D. None of these |

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| 16 | Biological death of a patient means death of tissues of the: | A. Brain B. Lungs C. Heart D. Kidney |
| 17 | Which of the following combination of chromosomes is present in male? | A. XX B. XXX C. XY D. YXX |
| 18 | Reflex action is the function of: | A. Cerebellum B. Autonomous nervous system C. Spinal cord D. Cerebrum |
| 19 | Which of the following glands is situated beneath the brain and whose over secretion produces giant-size children? | A. Pituitary B. Adrenal C. Thyroid D. Pancreas |
| 20 | What is the maximum limit of sound intensity in decibel units beyond which a person cannot hear? | A. 50 B. 70 C. 85 D. 95 |
| 21 | Reflex action in the body is controlled by: | A. Sensory nerves B. Motor nerves C. Central nerves system D. None of these |
| 22 | A color blind person has difficulty to distinguishing between which colors? | A. Green and Violet B. Green and Red C. White and Yellow D. Black and Blue |
| 23 | A gas first enters into the blood and then leaves it by the process of: | A. Osmosis B. Diffusion C. Transpiration D. Condensation |
| 24 | The largest cell in the human body is: | A. Liver cell B. Nerve cell C. Muscle cell D. Kidney cell |
| 25 | Which of the following is essential for blood clotting? | A. RBC B. WBC C. Blood platelets D. Lymph |
| 26 | Short-sightedness is due to the: | A. Shifting of the iris B. Elongation of eyeball C. Weakening of retina D. Weaker muscles |
| 27 | Wisdom teeth normally grow during the age of: | A. 17-30 years B. 12-15 years C. 30-40 years D. 40-45 years |
| 28 | Which of the following is not believed to be one of the gases present on the Primitive Earth? | A. Ylem B. Whey C. Cosmos D. Galaxy |
| 29 | Which era is known as the 'Golden Age of Reptiles', due to the dominance of dinosaurs over all possible habitats on earth? | A. Mesozoic B. Precambrian C. Cenozoic D. None of these |
| 30 | Who purposed the mutation theory of evolution? | A. Huxley B. Darwin C. Hugo D. Lamark |
| 31 | The age of reptile was: | A. Azoic era B. Mesozoic era C. Permian era D. Palaeozoic era |
| 32 | Pre-historic record shows that colored rock painting were first done by: | A. Java man B. Peking man C. Cro-Magnon man D. Neanderthal man |
| 33 | Evolution of human species occurred in: | A. Asia B. Africa C. Europe |

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| | | C. Euparchus; D. None of these |
| 34 | The earliest man like primate was: | A. Dryopithecus B. Ramapathicus C. Australopithecus D. Proconsul |
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| 36 | Who among the following first discarded the theory of spontaneous creation and gave that life originates from pre-existing life? | A. Louis Pasteur B. Stanley Miller C. Lamarck D. Charles Darwin |
| 37 | Life is absent on: | A. Cabon B. Hydrogen C. Water D. Nitrogen |
| 38 | The organs which are morphologically different but perform the same functions are called: | A. Homologous organs B. Analogous organs C. Vestigial organs D. None of these |
| 39 | The oldest evolution history was discovered in: | A. man B. Horse C. Frog D. Dinosaurs |
| 40 | The chromosomes number in man is 46. What is it in orangutan, chimpanzee and gorilla? | A. 40 B. 43 C. 45 D. 48 |
| 41 | The nearest relatives of man are: | A. New world monkeys B. Apes C. Old world monkeys D. Lemurs |
| 42 | Life appeared about: | A. 2.6 billion years ago B. 3.6 billion years ago C. 4.5 billion years ago D. 5.5 billion years ago |
| 43 | The immediate ancestor of modern man is: | A. java man B. Cro-Magnon man C. peking man D. Neanderthal man |
| 44 | The first organism on earth were; | A. Autotrophs B. Heterotrophs C. Saprotrophs D. None of these |
| 45 | The most accepted theory of origin of life is: | A. Theory of special creation B. Oparin-Haldane Theory of Chemosynthesis C. Catastrophe Theory D. None of these |