

## CSS General Knowledge Online Entry Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The lungs, nose, and trachea are part of which organ system?	A. Digestive B. Respiratory C. Muscular D. Circulatory
2	How many cranial nerves are there in the human brain?	A. 8 B. 10 C. 12 D. 14
3	The olfactory bulb is a key component of which of these human senses?	A. Hearing B. Touch C. Smelling D. Sight
4	Which of the following is not a component of the brainstem?	A. Medulla oblongata B. Midbrain C. Forebrain D. Pons
5	What is the most important stimulant in tea leaves?	A. Brucine B. Caffeine C. Phenylalanine D. Theine
6	What part of the cell makes proteins?	A. Ribosomes B. Mitochondria C. Lysosomes D. Vacuole
7	Which of the following is found in plant cells, but not animal cells?	A. Cell wall B. Vacuole C. Mitochondria D. Reticulum
8	Bacterial infections in humans can be treated with what?	A. Antibiotics B. Mycology C. Photosynthesis D. Extinction
9	Animals which eat both plants and other animals are known as what?	A. Omnivores B. Herbivores C. Carnivores D. None of these
10	Most highly intelligent mammals (excepts man) are:	A. Whales B. Dolphins C. Elephants D. Kangaroos
11	The longest bone in body of human being is:	A. Tibia B. Femur C. Fibula D. Stapes
12	An animal that consumes only meat or other animals, is called a what?	A. Omnivore B. Herbivore C. Carnivore D. Consumavore
13	A group of cells that work together to perform a function is called what?	A. Cell system B. Organ system C. Organ D. Tissue
14	Red Blood Cells (RBC) are also known as:	A. Erythrocytes B. Thrombocytes C. Leucocytes D. None of these
15	White Blood Cells are also known as:	A. Leucocytes B. Thrombocytes C. Erythrocytes D. None of these

16	What is the smallest unit of life?	A. Cell B. Atom C. Virus D. A & B
17	How many bones are there in the adult human body?	A. 206 B. 306 C. 250 D. 260
18	The smallest of all human cells are:	A. Nerve cells B. WBCs C. Epithelial cells D. RBCs
19	What is Celluloses?	A. Fats B. Carbohydrates C. Vitamins D. Protein
20	Which of the following the plant eat insects?	A. Urn plant B. Pitcher plant C. Cacti D. Ribbon plant
21	Nuclear membrane is absent in:	A. Prokaryotes B. Eukaryotes C. Protozoan D. All of them
22	The function of hemoglobin in the body is:	A. Transport of oxygen B. Destruction of bacteria C. Prevention of anemia D. Utilization of iron
23	What is meant by myopia?	A. Long-sightedness B. Short-sightedness C. Colour blindness D. Night blindness
24	Fat is a?	A. Lipid B. Protein C. Amino acid D. Ether
25	The "stones" formed in human kidney consist mostly of:	A. Calcium oxalate B. Magnesium sulphate C. Sodium chloride D. Sodium phosphate
26	Which part of a plant respire?	A. Root B. Leaf C. Seed D. All of these
27	Which type of cells has no nucleus?	A. Red Blood cells B. Nerve cells C. White blood cells D. None of these
28	The function of DNA in the body is	A. To help in the synthesis of proteins B. To control the heredity C. To assist in the release of energy D. None of these
29	Which of the following animals does not have nervous system?	A. Leech B. Amoeba C. Snail D. Tapeworm
30	Which one is a mammal?	A. Shark B. Squid C. Octopus D. Whale
31	Which of the following is the smallest bone in the human body?	A. Vomer B. Stapes C. Malleus D. Incus
32	Which one of the following is the sweetest natural sugar?	A. Glucose B. Fructose C. Lactose D. Sucrose
33	Which one of the following is a biennial plant?	A. Potato B. Cabbage

33	A vegetable containing sulphur is:	B. Cabbage <b>C. Brinjal</b> D. Pumpkin
34	Amino acids are the building blocks of:	A. Vitamins B. Starch <b>C. Proteins</b> D. Lipids
35	Which part of the body has greatest regeneration power?	<b>A. Liver</b> B. Kidney C. Pancreas D. Brain
36	Food is normally digested in the:	A. Liver B. Stomach <b>C. Small intestine</b> D. Large intestine
37	Gene is:	<b>A. A segment of DNA</b> B. A segment of DNA and histone C. A segment of DNA, RNA and histone D. All of the above
38	What is the normal systolic blood pressure in an average human being?	<b>A. 120-140 mm Hg</b> B. 75-90 mmHg C. 80-150 mmHg D. None of these
39	How many main blood groups do we have?	A. 3 <b>B. 4</b> C. 5 D. 6
40	The union of a sperm and an egg is called:	A. Reduction B. Meiosis <b>C. Fertilization</b> D. Germination
41	The word 'Prokaryotic cell' means a cell:	A. With many nuclei B. With one nuclei <b>C. With diffused nucleus</b> D. Without chloroplast
42	A person having which of the following blood group can receive blood of any group?	A. A <b>B. AB</b> C. B D. O
43	Activity of brain is recorded by:	A. ECG <b>B. EEG</b> C. MET D. CT
44	How many bones are there in a newly born infant?	A. 206 B. 230 C. 280 <b>D. 300</b>
45	Human blood contains _____percentage of plasma	A. 35% B. 40% C. 50% <b>D. 65%</b>