

Computer Science 9th Class English Medium Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which number system has base 2?	<p>A. Decimal</p> <p>B. Octal</p> <p>C. Binary</p> <p>D. Hexa decimal</p>
2	Which protocol is used to send emails over the internet?	<p>A. POP3 (Post Office Protocol 3)</p> <p>B. FTP (File Transfer Protocol)</p> <p>C. SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol)</p> <p>D. IMAP (Internet Message Access Protocol)</p>
3	What is the "3-2-1 backup rule?"	<p>A. 3 backups, 2 devices, 1 recovery option</p> <p>B. 3 types of backup, 2 administrations, 1 cloud service</p> <p>C. 2 copies of data, 2 different storage types 1 offsite copy</p> <p>D. 3 files, 2 backups, 1 test restore</p>
4	What is the key difference between natural and artificial systems?	<p>A. Natural systems are created by humans, while artificial systems exist naturally</p> <p>B. Natural systems exist naturally, while artificial systems are man-made</p> <p>C. Natural systems are always simple while artificial systems are complex.</p> <p>D. Natural systems require programming, while artificial systems do not.</p>
5	Which of the following is an example of a hybrid system (combination of natural and artificial system)?	<p>A. Human respiratory system</p> <p>B. A weather forecasting system</p> <p>C. A dam controlling river water flow</p> <p>D. A simple pendulum</p>
6	After implementing a solution what is the next step in the troubleshooting process?	<p>A. Document Findings, Actions, and outcomes</p> <p>B. Establish a plan of action to resolve the problem</p> <p>C. Verify full system functionality</p> <p>D. Test the theory to determine the cause.</p>
7	Which logic gate outputs true only if both inputs are true?	<p>A. OR gate</p> <p>B. AND gate</p> <p>C. XOR gate</p> <p>D. NOT gate</p>
8	In software system, modularity refers to	<p>A. Using external libraries in a project</p> <p>B. Breaking a system into smaller manageable parts</p> <p>C. Writing reusable code</p> <p>D. Testing individual components separately</p>
9	Which of the following describes the Von Neumann architecture's main characteristic?	<p>A. Separate memory for data and instructions</p> <p>B. Parallel execution of instructions</p> <p>C. Single memory store for both program instructions and data</p> <p>D. Multiple CPUs for different tasks</p>
10	UTF stands for?	<p>A. Unicode Transformation Formula</p> <p>B. United Transformation format</p> <p>C. Unicode Transformation Formation</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
11	Base of Octal Number system is.	<p>A. 2</p> <p>B. 8</p> <p>C. 10</p> <p>D. 16</p>

12	Single Precision use.....bits?	A. 30 B. 31 C. 32 D. None of these
13	The smallest amount of data to be stored in computer's memory is a 0 OR 1 is called	A. Byte B. Bit C. GB D. KB
14	What is a disadvantage of the Von Neumann architecture?	A. Complex design due to separate memory spaces B. Difficult to modify program stored in memory C. Bottleneck due to single memory space for instructions and data D. Lack of flexibility in executing instructions
15	Digital system depends on?	A. 10 B. 00 C. 11 D. None of these
16	Which protocol is responsible for assigning IP addresses to devices on a network?	A. DNS (Domain Name system) B. DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) C. TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) D. ARP (Address Resolution Protocol)
17	What does DAC represents?	A. Analog Digital Convenient B. Analog Digital Conversation C. Digital analog conversion D. All of these
18	CU stand for.....	A. Circuitry Unit B. Central Unit C. Control Unit D. None of these
19	What is the main disadvantage of the Von Neumann architecture.	A. High cost of components. B. Difficulty in executing machine language instructions C. Limited data storage capacity D. Bottleneck due to shared memory access for instructions and data
20	Which signals are in continuous form?	A. Digital B. Analog C. Both a and b D. None of these