

Civics Fa Part 1 Online MCQ's Test English Medium

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	There are..... kinds of law.	A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five
2	Which study is called the 'Laboratory of Civics'?	A. Political science B. Sociology C. History D. Economics
3	The famous Arab thinker Ibn-e- Khaldoon was convinced by which theory about the creation of state.	A. Theory of Divine origin B. Force theory C. Social contract D. Theory of patriarchy
4	If a person harms a state he would come under.	A. Administrative law B. Civil law C. Criminal law D. Common law
5	Which type of system of government is in England.	A. Presidential B. Federal C. Parliamentary D. One unit
6	In which constitution the process of making amendment is difficult and different from the approval of common law.	A. Un written B. Flexible C. Rigid D. written
7	In which Constitution clarification is made about the division of powers of Legislature, Executive and judiciary.	A. Rigid B. Writted C. Flexible D. Arranged
8	the right citizenship are obtained on the basis of.	A. Patriotism B. Political awareness C. Sense of responsibility D. Honesty
9	In which country the method of plebiscite is prevailed.	A. U.S.A. B. Britain C. India D. Switzerland
10	'One state, one party and one leader'. This is the slogan of form of government.	A. Democracy B. Dictatorship C. Monarchy D. Aristocracy
11	Which is the second important source of law.	A. Law-making B. Religion C. Judicial decisions D. Customs and tradition
12	According to which theory liberty and law are absolutely contrary to each other.	A. Pluralist B. Democratic C. Individualist D. Dictatorist
13	In which country the selection of Upper House is done by Indirect Elections.	A. Britain B. U.S.A. C. U.A.E. D. Russia
14	On which important document the king of Britain made signature in 1215.	A. Draft of rights B. Fundamental rights C. Magna Carta D. Universal Human
15	The voters have the right of referendum in.	A. Pakistan B. Saudi Arabia C. Iran D. China

16	If comes to an end. the State also abolishes.	A. Sovereignty B. Legislature C. Government D. Judiciary
17	The collection of superior principles and regulations through which a democratic system can be run is called.	A. Administrative law B. Common Law C. Constitution D. Criminal law
18	Which countries acknowledge both the principles of citizenship of ancestral citizenship and birth- place.	A. France and Britain B. Switzerland and Germany C. Britain and U.S.A. D. Norway and Denmark
19	Who first presented the concept of the regard of human rights.	A. Judaism B. Christianity C. Islam D. Buddhism
20	In which system of government unwritten constitution can never be proved successful.	A. Parliamentary B. Presidential C. Federal D. Unitary