

## 9th Class Chemistry English Medium Online Test For Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Composition of carbon in the diesel oil.	A. $C_7-C_{10}$ B. $C_{10}-C_{12}$ C. $C_{13}-C_{15}$ D. $C_{15}-C_{18}$
2	The major components of Atmosphere are:	A. Carbon and Nitrogen B. Nitrogen and Oxygen C. Oxygen and Chlorine D. None of these
3	Vibrious cholera causes.	A. Choleera B. Dysentery C. Fluorsis D. Hepatitis
4	Which disease causes bone and tooth damage?	A. Fluorosis B. Hepatits C. Cholera D. Jaundice
5	Mesosphere extend forms 50 km to:	A. 50 km B. 12 km C. 60 km D. 85 km
6	Methyl orange produces which colour in basic solution	A. Red B. Yellow C. Pink D. White
7	Which one of these hydrocarbon molecules would have no effect on an aqueous solution of bromine?	A. $CH_4$ B. $C_{10}H_{20}$ C. $C_2H_4$ D. $C_2H_2$
8	The body reactions are catalized by.	A. Amino acids B. Lipids C. Enzymes D. Fatty acids
9	Ethen is prepared by heating a mixture of ethanol and excess of concentrated sulphuric acid at:	A. 150°C B. 180°C C. 250°C - 300°C D. 400°C - 450°C
10	Catalytic converters convert.	A. CO to $CO_2$ B. $N_2$ to NO C. $CO_2$ to CO D. $N_2$ to $NO_2$
11	When the magnitude of Kc is very small in indicates.	A. Equilibrium will never establish B. All reactants will converted to products. C. Reaction will go to completion D. The amount of products is negligible
12	_____ is the king of chemicals.	A. Hydrochloric acid B. Nitric Acid C. Sulphuric acid D. Phosphoric acid
13	_____ acid cause acidity of stomach.	A. Oxalic acid B. Hydrochloric acid C. Sulphuric acid D. Nitric Acid
14	Which of the following is a poisonous gas.	A. Oxygen B. Ozone C. Nitrogen D. Carbon dioxide
15	When glucose and fructose combine they produce	A. Starch B. Cellulose C. Sucrose

		D. None of these
16	Thermosphere lies beyond.	A. Stratosphere B. Troposphere C. Mesosphere D. Biosphere
17	Chemical formula of amino group is	A. $\text{NH}_3$ B. $\text{NH}_2$ C. $\text{NH}_4$ D. COOH
18	Which one of the following is non- reducing in nature;	A. glucose B. fructose C. starch D. sucrose
19	Freezing point of water is:	A. $-4^\circ\text{C}$ B. $0^\circ\text{C}$ C. $-36^\circ\text{C}$ D. $-58^\circ\text{C}$
20	The water of crystallization is responsible for the.	A. Melting points of crystals B. Boiling points of crystals C. Shapes of crystals D. Transition point of crystals