

9th Class Chemistry English Medium Online Test For Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which disease cause liver inflammation?	A. Typhoid B. Jaundice C. cholera D. Hepatitis
2	Imperial chemical industries was established in.	A. 1942 B. 1944 C. 1950 D. 1990
3	RNA consists of	A. Ribos B. Pentose C. Hexose D. Trioses
4	Coal is blackish complex mixture of compounds of	A. Carbon B. Hydrogen C. oxygen D. All
5	Enzymes are chemically;	A. lipids B. carbohydrates C. proteins D. vitamins
6	Which one contains triple covalent bond?	A. Pentane B. Ethylene C. Acetylene D. All
7	Which one of the following is a fat soluble vitamin?	A. A B. E C. K D. All of these
8	Matte is a mixture of:	A. FeS and CuS B. Cu ₂ O and FeO C. Cu₂S and FeS D. CuS and FeO
9	Which is not a reducing sugar?	A. Glucose B. Fructose C. Cellulose D. All of them
10	Acidic solutions have pH value.	A. Less than 7 B. Greater than 7 C. equal to 7 D. None of these
11	Which acid is found in sour milk?	A. Formic acid B. Lactic acid C. Citric acid D. Butric acid
12	The order of reactivity of hydrogen halides with alkenes is.	A. HCl/Br B. HBr > HCl C. HCl > HBr D. HBr > HCl
13	A disease is caused by excess of bile pigments in the blood is.	A. Typhoid B. Jaundice C. Cholera D. Dysentery
14	Concentration is a .	A. Mixing technique B. Separating technique C. Boiling technique D. cooling technique
15	In laboratory urea was prepared by	A. Wohler B. Rutherford C. Berzelius D. Dalton

16	When crude oil is heated in the fractionating tower:	A. Vapour of higher boiling point fraction condense first in the lower part of the tower. B. Vapours of lower boiling point fraction condense first in the lower part of tower. C. Vapour of higher boiling point condense latter in the upper part of tower. D. Vapours of higher boiling point never condense.
17	Acids turn	A. Blue litmus red B. Red litmus blue C. Blue litmus green D. Blue litmus blue
18	Jabir Bin Haiyan prepared.	A. Nitric Acid B. Hydrochloric acid C. Sulphuric Acid D. All of these
19	The product of any Lewis acid-base reaction is a single species called:	A. free radical B. adduct C. molecular ion D. conjugate
20	Dehalogenation of tetrahalides produces acetylene. This reaction takes place in the presence of	A. Sodium metal B. Zinc metal C. Magnesium metal D. Potassium metal
