

Biology FSC Part 2 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The most concentrated external environment is termed as.	A. Hypotonic B. Hypertonic C. Osmotic D. Isotonic
2	The supracoracoid muscles provide power for the	A. Upward stroke B. Downward stroke C. Recovery Stroke D. Neutral stroke
3	According to endosymbiont hypothesis, the aerobic bacteria developed into.	A. Ribosome B. Lysosome C. Mitochondria D. Golgi apparatus
4	The protective coat which surrounds the embryo is known as:	A. Amnion B. Chorion C. Allantosis D. Chorio Allantoic
5	Karyb. Mullis developed the polymerase chain reaction in.	A. 1963 B. 1973 C. 1983 D. 1993
6	Osteomalacia includes a number of disorders in which bones receive inadequate	A. Water B. Oxygen C. Mineral D. Blood
7	the active uptake of sodium in the loop of Henle is provided by the action of hormone	A. Cortisone B. Testosterone C. Aldosterone D. Progesterone
8	High level of circulating calcium in the blood is called.	A. Hypercalcemia B. Osteomalacia C. Hypogycemia D. Hyperoxaluria
9	The individuals have additional sex chromosome in	A. Klinefelter's syndrome B. Turner's syndrome C. Down's syndrome D. Sach's syndrome
10	In juxtamedullary nephrons additional capillaries extend down to form at.	A. Vasa deferontia B. Vasa efferetia C. Vasa recta D. Vasa hecta
11	The random loss of alleles in a population is called:	A. Mutation B. Selection C. Gene flow D. Genetic drift
12	The plant hormone that inhibit the growth lateral shoots.	A. Cytokine B. Auxin C. Gibberellin D. Ethene
13	The position of gene on chromosome is called. its.	A. Allele B. Phenotype C. Locus D. Genotype
14	The organic portion of bone matrix is important in providing all but:	A. Tensile strength B. Hardness C. To resist stretch D. Flexibility
15	Which hormone is chemically steroid .	A. ADH B. Corticosterone C. Insulin D. Thyroxine

16	In addition to auxin which hormone also play important role in apical domince	A. Abcesic acid B. Gibberellins C. 2,4-D D. Cytokinins
17	The children with "SCID" lack an enzyme.	A. a galactosidase B. Phenylalanine hydroxylase C. Adenosine deaminase D. Succinic dehydrogenase
18	The bacteria in the root nodules fix nitrogen and convert it into	A. Nitrate B. Nitrite C. Amino Acid D. Ammonia
19	Every gene starts with initiation codon AUG which encodes for the amino acid.	A. Lysine B. Serine C. Proline D. Methionine
20	Muscle present in the gut wall are	A. Smooth B. Skeletal C. Cardiac D. Voluntry