

Biology Fsc Part 1 Online Test

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Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Many bacterial can survive extended periods of harsh conditions by forming specialized cells cailed.	A. Exospores B. Endospores C. megaspores D. Microspores
2	The process of priamry growth occurs inphases.	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
3	The pathway in which water and minerals mvoe via interconnected protoplasts of root cells, is called.	A. Symplast B. Apoplast C. Vacuolar D. Reticular
4	Ability to distinguish between two points are close together on an object is.	A. Staining B. Resolution C. Magnification D. Division
5	Oxygen inside alveoli is absorbed by blood via.	A. Diffusion B. Phagocytosis C. Facilitated transport D. Active transport
6	Through which strutcuture does most of transpiration occurs.	A. Stomata B. Phloem C. Root hairs D. Xylem
7	Actin filaments are made of proteins.	A. Actin, tropomyosin and troponin B. Myosin andiroponin C. Acin and myosin D. Myosin and troponin
8	Followign animals are exclusively marine	A. Echinoderms B. Molluscs C. Arthropods D. Annelids
9	In chlorophyii-a , the second pyrrole ring has	A. CH3 group B. CHO group C. NH2 Group D. COOH group
10	Which of the following kingdom includes organisms that are mostly unicellular, eukaryotic, and can be autotrophic or heterotrophic.	A. Protoctista B. Fungi C. Animalila D. Plantae
11	Nematodes are pseudocollomates because they	A. Lack a body vavity B. Have a false body caity not lined by mesoderm C. Have a true coelom D. Exhibit radial symmetry
12	Which group of amino acid sresponsiblefor its identity and unique chemicla properties.	A. R-group B. COOH group C. NH2 group D. All of above
13	Light independent reactions occur in.	A. Stroma B. Granum C. Thylakoid D. Matrix
14	Which statemetn chaacterizestension in TACT theory	A. Negativepressr ecreated by pulling force for continous flow of water B. Attractive force betwen water and xylem walls C. attractive force between water molecules D. Both a and c

15	The concentrtion of water in differente organisms, varies from	A. 65 to 89% B. 40- 89% C. 80- 90% D. 50- 60%
16	Non -polar molecules tend to cluster together in aqueous environments to minimize contact with water molecules. This phenomenon is termed as.	A. Hydrophobic internation B. Hydrogen bonding C. Hydrophiclic interaction D. Condensation
17	In an adult abotu 8000 litres of blood moveof blood vessels daily,	A. 96 km B. 960 km C. 96000 km D. 9600 km
18	Bohr effect shows effectof which factor on haemoglobins affinity for oxygen.	A. N2 B. O2 C. pH D. Temperature
19	Sites for cellular respiration are	A. Lungs B. Mitochondria C. Polysome D. Ribosomes
20	Cocklebur is an example of.	A. SDPs B. LDPs C. DNPs D. FDPs