

10th Class Biology English Medium Online Test For Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Interior of bone is soft and porous which is called:	A. Compact bone B. Spongy bone C. Bone marrow D. Cartilage
2	Cartilage is absent in:	A. larynx B. trachea C. bronchi D. bronchioles
3	the actual location of gene on chromosome is:	A. Locus B. Karyotype C. Chromatids D. Centromere
4	The two main functions of sweat are.	A. To keep the body cool and to remove excess proteins. B. To keep the body warm and to filter the blood C. To filter the blood and the remove waste product D. To remove waste products and to cool the body.
5	Organisms in the ecosystem that are responsible for recycling of plant and animal wastes are:	A. Producers B. Consumers C. Decomposers D. Competitors
6	The alternate forms of a gene are called as:	A. Genome B. Genotype C. Karyotype D. None of these
7	Gene contain instructions for the synthesis of.	A. Fats B. Carbohydrates C. Vitamins D. Proteins
8	The movement of gases like oxygen and carbon dioxide across the cell membranes in plants primarily occurs by the process of:	A. Active transport B. Osmosis C. Diffusion D. Facilitated diffusion
9	The method used for the cultivation of sugar cane is:	A. Cutting B. Grafting C. Layering D. Spores
10	When did scientists become able to cut and unite DNA?	A. 1945 B. 1924 C. 1944 D. 1970
11	The primary chemical stimulus for breathing is the concentration of.	A. Carbon dioxide in blood. B. Oxygen in blood C. Carbon oxide in muscles D. Oxygen in muscles.
12	The example mucilage excreting plant is:	A. keekar B. rubber C. conifers D. lady finger
13	After fertilization in plant the fruit develops from:	A. Wall of ovule B. Petals C. Wall of ovary D. Anther
14	Number of bones of sternum is:	A. 1 B. 8 C. 14 D. 22

15	Glottis is a narrow opening at the floor of:	A. Nasal cavity B. Nostril C. Pharynx D. Antibiotics
16	The respiratory disease that is the destruction of the walls of Alveoli is;	A. Asthma B. Pneumonia C. Emphysema D. Bronchitis
17	Inflammation of membrane at joints is called.	A. Osteoarthritis B. Rheumatoid arthritis C. Arthritis D. Gout
18	Which one of the following have exoskeleton?	A. Arthropods B. Birds C. Mammals D. Reptiles
19	What is the primary definition of homeostasis in living organisms?	A. The process of maintaining a stable internal environment despite external changes. B. The breakdown of complex food molecules into simpler ones. C. The process of growth and development in an organism. D. The movement of substances from an area of high concentration to low concentration.
20	Which method of propagation is also called micro-propagation?	A. Cuttings B. Tissue culture C. Grafting D. Suckers